

DECISIVE BATTLE OF WAR

EDITOR TRIAL RESUMED TODAY TURKS AND BULGARIANS IN STRUGGLE

Detective Bencorda Was Cross-
Examined by Counsel for
the Defense

SALEM, Oct. 30.—The trial of Joseph J. Editor, Arturo Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso, charged with the murder of Anna Lopizzo during the strike riots in Lawrence last January, was resumed in the superior court today. The trial had been postponed because of the illness of Judge Quinn but it was resumed when Carter's physicians sent word to Judge Quinn that the jurymen was in a fit physical condition to resume his duties.

Eugene Bencorda, an Italian detective who was called as the first witness of the day, Attorney Peters, counsel for Giovannitti resuming cross examination of Bencorda.

Bencorda testified that he went to Lawrence with his brother Charles in January last and that he worked on the strike until the arrest of Editor and Giovannitti. "The detective said he did not work in connection with the arrest of Caruso. The witness denied that he had been detailed particularly to watch Editor or Giovannitti.

"We were not told to watch anybody

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a tonic, a regular tonic. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic. Ask your doctor all about this.

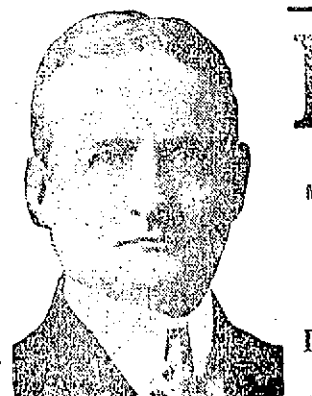
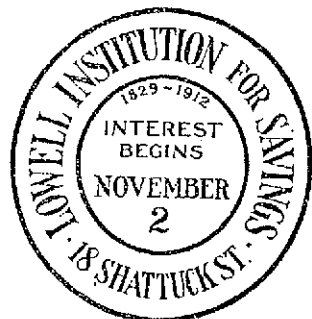
DEPOSITS BEGIN
INTEREST
SATURDAY
NOV. 2nd

AT THE
MERRIMACK RIVER
SAVINGS BANK
417 MIDDLESEX ST.

Deposits Made Now
GO ON

Interest Nov. 9

Washington Savings Institution
267 CENTRAL STREET



ELCHO
10 CENT CIGAR
Mayor Fitzgerald says:
"The Elcho Cigar is the best 10 cent cigar in New England because it is made of a very fine choice growth of Havana, wrapped in a mild aromatic Samatra leaf."

Driscoll & Fitzgerald
MANUFACTURERS

BETWEEN CONSTANTINOPLE AND ADRIANOPLE

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A big battle, perhaps the decisive one of the war, is proceeding somewhere to the east of the line from Constantinople to Adrianople between the Turkish and Bulgarian armies and heavy fighting also is taking place around Adrianople itself.

Beyond the fact that a clash has come, however, the general staffs of the Turkish and Bulgarian armies are keeping the outside world ignorant as to how things are going with them. Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander in chief, has sent a despatch saying:

"The position is favorable to the Turks."

While admitting that they have to depend on mere rumors, military critics here are inclined to believe that the Turkish army is at last ready to take the offensive and has a chance of retrieving itself.

The Bulgarian troops have obviously suffered a check near Adrianople as despatches from Sofia report the arrival there of many wounded from the front, and it is announced that the Bulgarian plan of storming the great fortress has been delayed until reinforcements arrive.

The Turkish commander's plan is not clear but it is believed he will attempt to relieve Adrianople and its garrison of 50,000 men while at the same time holding the Bulgarians on his left flank. He seems to take calmly the cutting of the railroad between his army and Constantinople. This might indicate that he is obtaining supplies and reinforcements by way of Rodosto or some other port on the sea of Marmora.

The rumors that Bulgarian troops had reached the sea are unconfirmed and it is more likely that only roving bands have gone so far south.

Zeki Pasha is gathering the remnants of his army in the western sphere of operations at Monastir to meet the advancing Serbians and the allied Bulgarian column. It is thought he may make another stand at Monastir and prepare himself there for a long siege.

The failure of the ex-sultan, Abdul Hamid, to arrive at Constantinople whether he was being removed from Saloniki seems to confirm the report that the railroad between those two cities also has been interrupted.

From Belgrade comes reports that the Serbian victory over the Turks at Veleas was accomplished by the cavalry, which divided the Turkish force while the Serbian artillery drove them from their positions. The Turkish troops were compelled to retreat so quickly that they were unable to do much damage to the railroad.

The Turkish troops defeated by the Serbians and Montenegrins in the district of Novipazar are arriving in hundreds in Bosnia, having crossed the frontier.

TURKEY WILL SUE FOR PEACE IN EVENT OF A DECISIVE BATTLE

LONDON, Oct. 30.—In the event of a decisive battle at Adrianople, Turkey is sure to sue for peace, according to George H. Moses, former United States minister to Greece. In the course of an interview today he said:

"The terms of peace will be dictated absolutely by the Balkan allies without hindrance from the powers. The terms will agree with those laid down in the identical note sent by the Balkan nations to the Porte after the declaration of war with the important exceptions that the Balkan allies will hold all the territory conquered by them and

will exercise suzerainty over the other Christian districts of European Turkey.

"The Balkan alliance is not a formal confederation, but a permanent agreement with more points of cohesion than are contained in the triple alliance.

"The Balkan allies are probably making every effort to capture all the Turkish provinces of Macedonia and Albania so that they may be in a position to enforce their demands for the annexation of those districts."

CENTER COLUMN OF MONTENEGRO TROOPS JOINS SOUTH-ERN ARMY

BEIKA, Montenegro, Oct. 30.—The center column of Montenegrin troops commanded by Crown Prince Danilo, today effected a junction with the southern Montenegrin army under Gen. Martinovich to the east of Scutari.

THE GREEKS TODAY OCCUPIED THE TURKISH TOWN OF VERRIA

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Greeks today occupied the Turkish town of Verria without resistance according to a news agency despatch from Athens. The Greek army is now within fifty miles of Saloniki and it is believed the railroad from Verria to that city is still intact.

SISTERS OF CHARITY PERISH

Gave Up Their Lives to Rescue Little Children From Burning Hospital

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Oct. 30.—Six Sisters of Charity sacrificed their lives in an attempt to save 57 children in a fire that destroyed St. John's orphanage today. They succeeded in rescuing all but two children before they were trapped by flames. Another sister was burned so seriously that she cannot survive. Two sisters escaped.

The dead sisters are:

MOTHER MARY OF THE CROSS, mother superior of the asylum. She was Mary Rositter, native of Wexford, Ireland.

MOTHER FRANCES PASTEUR, native of France.

SISTER PETER CLAYTON STEVIN, teacher in San Fernando school, native of Dublin, Ireland.

SISTER LEACADIA NOLAN, teacher in San Fernando school, native of Dublin, Ireland.

SISTER MONICA MONTEZ, native of Mexico.

The injured nun is Sister Kostka Farrell, native of Galway, Ireland. Physicians say she cannot survive.

The other injured are:

Miss A. De Temple and Miss E. Standish, employees of the orphanage. The origin of the fire is not yet known. Eighty-seven orphan children and nuns were in the building when the flames broke out. Marshalling their charges to hurry them to safety the Sisters of Charity remained in the

blazing orphanage until the building began to crumble and fall.

The death of the mother superior, Mary of the Cross, was the sequel to a demonstration of remarkable courage. She returned to the burning dormitory when she heard the cry of a child who had been overlooked in the hurry and excitement. A few moments later she appeared at a window in the front of the building with the babe in her arms. A ladder was placed against the unsteady wall and Fire Chief Wright scaled it but before he reached her the mother superior with the child fell back into the flames.

The three nuns who escaped were marching the children across the yard when the walls began to fall.

Sister Kostka in jumping from the fourth floor window to reach a life net evidently lost her balance. Her body struck the railing on the second story. Her back was broken and she had been severely burned.

One baby fell to its death with Mother Mary of the Cross, the superior of the institution, who left her place of safety in a vain effort to save the child. Another child is missing.

Three sisters escaped.

Many of the orphans would have been surely cremated in the dormitories if the nuns had not braved the first outburst of fire and piloted them to safety.

LIEUT. BECKER IS SENTENCED

Justice Goff Orders That He be Electrocuted During the Week of Dec. 9

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Lieut. Chas. E. Becker, convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal was today sentenced by Justice Goff to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of Dec. 9.

J. E. McIntyre, Becker's chief counsel, who suffered a nervous collapse after the close of the trial was unable to be in court today. His condition is serious, though not critical.

Becker made his appearance in court shortly before 10.30. He walked slowly to the bar and catching the eye of acquaintances among the newspapermen nodded to them with a faint smile.

"Charles Becker, have you any legal cause to show why judgment of death should not be pronounced against you?" asked the clerk.

Becker opened his mouth as if to speak, but before he could reply John W. Hart, his attorney of record, rose to make the usual motions to set aside the verdict and to arrest judgment.

Justice Goff denied the motions and then pronounced the sentence.

Becker heard himself condemned without any show of emotion, other than the closing of his eyes and the compression of his lips.

Mrs. Becker was not in the courtroom proper but was waiting in an ante room to accompany him to Ossining where she purposes to take up her residence during his confinement.

The prisoner and his wife, accompanied by the sheriff and deputies, left the Grand Central station for Ossining at 11.55. Mrs. Becker bore up bravely. Few persons recognized them.

"I want to say that sentence was pronounced on an innocent man," said Mrs. Becker. "My husband is innocent and the whole trial and conviction was a frame-up on the part of the gamblers. He was unfairly tried and the charge of Justice Goff was not the charge of a fair judge, but was a summing up for the prosecution. My husband has not lost heart."

She denied the rumors that Mr. McIntyre was to be supplanted as the chief counsel. He will represent Becker, she said in all proceedings hereafter.

Ten in "Murderers' Row"

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 30.—When the doors of Sing Sing closed on Police Lt. Becker, convicted for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, his will be the 15th case awaiting determination by the court of appeals. Of the ten men in "murderers' row" at Sing Sing the case of only one has been decided by the court, that of Matteo Del Omo, whose conviction for the murder of three members of his family in New York was upheld by the court for action yesterday. There are four condemned men in Auburn prison and one in Clinton.

The case of Gregorio Pettino, a Westchester county murderer, now pending, is an illustration of the delays in the disposition of murder cases. Pettino was convicted of shooting a

body of Edmunds

The body of Edward Edmunds who was found dead in a bed where he lived in Appleton street on Monday morning, is still at the morgue of Undertaker J. A. Webb, in Market street. No one has as yet claimed the body and the undertaker states that if this is not done before long it will be buried.

Trades & Labor Council

Special meeting Thursday evening, Oct. 31st. All delegates requested to attend.

TIMOTHY F. ROBBINS, Pres.
CHAS. E. ANDERSON, Sec.

EYE GLASSES AND SPECTACLES

SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION
J. A. McEVOY, Optician

ESTABLISHED 1882

J. F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Complete equipment for city or out-of-town funerals.

A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired. Advice and information given.

Telephones: Office, 439-3; residence, 439-5.

318-324 MARKET STREET, CORNER WORTHEN.

INTEREST BEGINS SATURDAY

NOVEMBER 2

Lowell Electric Light Corp.
50 Central Street

LOWELL MAN MAY DIE

He Was Run Over by a Train

Edward Lovett, aged 31 years, residing in Irving street, was run over by a railroad train in South Framingham this morning and both legs were taken off. He was hurried to the hospital where everything possible was done to save the man's life, but little hope is entertained for his recovery. The details of the accident are meagre and it is not known whether he fell from the train or was crossing the tracks when struck.

SUPERIOR CIVIL COURT

Jury Charged in the Deering Case

The opening of this morning's session of the superior court saw a continuance of the case of Deering vs. the town of Concord, an action to recover for injuries received while passing in the vicinity of a bridge in the process of construction, in which the plaintiff, Mary Deering, alleges that she was using due care.

After a long conference of the attorneys and court, the defense began the summing up after which the counsel for the plaintiff delivered his concluding arguments. The judge then began his charge to the jury about 12 o'clock.

Body of Edmunds

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INTEREST BEGINS SATURDAY

NOVEMBER 2

The Central Savings Bank
58 Central Street

TUNNEL TO COST \$50,000,000

What McNary Plans to Have Built Beneath the City of Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Plans for a tunnel beneath the city and harbor for the purpose of co-ordinating all the railroads and railroad terminals with the steamship terminals, at an estimated cost of \$50,000,000, have been made and submitted by William S. McNary, chairman of the harbor and land commission and a port director, to the different railroad corporations, the directors of the port of Boston, and the Boston chamber of commerce.

"The primary object of the tunnel," says Mr. McNary, "is to do away with or cut down materially, the present great expense of transfer between such terminals and provide for a speedy and efficient handling of freight and passengers by avoiding, removing, or greatly reducing the switching or terminal charges. That would remove one of the main obstacles to the development of Boston as a port."

"The secondary purpose, and almost as important as the first would be the use of the tunnel as a feeder for industrial establishments by means of side tracks in South Boston, Dorchester, Roxbury, East Boston, Chelsea, Everett and Malden, so that such establishments might be located directly on or convenient to the water front. Thus they could cheaply receive supplies of raw material and fuel and its cheaply ship the manufactured products away in any direction."

Argues for His Plan

In such a manner Mr. McNary argued in favor of his plan yesterday before a committee of the chamber of commerce, comprised of W. C. Brewer, chairman of the committee on maritime affairs; John Lowell, chairman of the committee on transportation; J. Randolph Coddige, Jr., vice president of the chamber; W. Rodman Peabody and Charles T. Main.

He declared, while explaining the working details of his scheme, that only by such a tunnel could Boston be properly developed. Commenting on the proposed tunnel connecting the South and North stations, Mr. McNary asserted that such a connection, with all the work attendant upon it, would cost \$100,000,000, and would be used almost solely for passenger service.

"That would be the primary object of such a tunnel," he said, "and the railroad would benefit most directly. The primary object of such a tunnel as my plan outlines, is for freight. It could be brought down on any railroad from the north and delivered to points on the south or west and vice versa without the necessity of stopping at terminals or expending time and switching from one railroad to another."

Plans for Portals

Mr. McNary's plans are elaborate. They propose a tunnel with one portal at Clarendon street and Columbus avenue for New Haven and Boston & Albany trains from the west; two portals by Southhampton street for New Haven trains from the south; two portals by the Boston & Maine yards near the Somerville, Cambridge and Chelsea town lines for Boston & Maine trains from the north.

From the portals in the Boston & Maine yards the tunnel would pass through Charlestown, Everett and Chelsea. There is a portal at Breed's Island, but the main tunnel passes under East Boston, leaving the land to the harbor between the land to the ferry slips of the Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn railroad and Simpson's dry dock. It enters South Boston under the Commonwealth pier and proceeds to a point beneath D and Bullock streets. At that place there is a junction and the tunnel diverges, one of the tubes proceeding in a westerly direction to the portal at Columbus avenue and Clarendon street.

There are connections planned for in the tunnel which make it possible for trains entering by one portal to proceed so they may leave by any of the other portals. The plan makes arrangements for other portals allowing freight to enter the tunnel at different places along the water front.

The tunnel also provides for the carrying of water pipes. Mr. McNary told the chamber of commerce committee that one of the drawbacks to Boston was the cost of water for industrial and commercial purposes. He said that pumping stations could be established and water taken from the Charles and Neponset rivers, and other sources and distributed by pipes running through the tunnel to East and South Boston.

Harbor Tunnel

"The stem of this proposition is the harbor tunnel between the commonwealth lands in South Boston and East Boston," Mr. McNary told the committee. "All the other connections and approaches to it are subsidiary and may be aligned or changed as the engineer of the port directors and the engineers of the railroads find desirable or necessary."

It may be more convenient and desirable to use the Grand Junction railroad and eliminate grade crossings than to build a tunnel or a new surface railroad through Chelsea and Everett.

face railroad through Chelsea and Everett.

"This plan does not necessarily contemplate the doing away with the existing rail line now being surveyed from approximately Readville up to Watertown."

"Combined with this railroad tunnel is the plan of furnishing cheap water for industrial purposes. The cost of water is a great element in many industries. The city of Niagara Falls gets water for manufacturing at two cents a 1000 gallons. The city of Buffalo at three and a half cents a 1000 gallons. In Boston, owing to the fact that all the water furnished is pure enough for potable or drinking purposes, the lowest cost is about eight cents a 1000 gallons, and frequently runs to 10 cents. By carrying water mains from the Charles river to both South and East Boston and utilizing also the unused supplies of the Mystic lakes and the Neponset river, water may be furnished by the port directors to industrial establishments along the water front at approximately one-quarter of its present cost. This would prove to be a tremendous item in helping to uphold the future industries of Boston."

Would Have State Pay

Mr. McNary was asked many questions by the committee. He spoke of the Hamburg-American line using the Commonwealth pier, and upon being asked if the White Star line would submit to being kept in its present quarters, he replied that the port directors could take the Grand Junction piers and further develop them. He also suggested that piers might be built on the Commonwealth flats, just inside the harbor. This plan shows portals for the tunnel on those flats.

The committee gave Mr. McNary assurance that the chamber would carefully consider his plans, and Mr. McNary stated after the hearing that it was very likely part of his plan would be incorporated in the report which the port directors would make to the incoming legislature. He declared the money for the building of such a tunnel as he proposes would be paid by the state.

GOV. FOSS IS WILLING

To Call Special Session of Legislature

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Gov. Foss, in a letter sent to Mr. Charles S. Walker, his republican opponent, says that he will call a session of the legislature for the enactment of a senatorial primary bill if Mr. Walker can secure pledges from the republican members of the present general court in favor of a senatorial primary and the republican executive council consents to calling the special session.

Questions Walker

The governor's letter is the result of the Walker letter to Charles S. Walker, the progressive candidate. The governor asks Mr. Walker if he has gone over to the progressives and abandoned Senator Lodge and Senator Crane.

He also says that Mr. Walker and Senator Crane have been inconspicuous in the movement toward a popular senatorial preference primary.

The letter in full follows: "My Dear Mr. Walker: I am informed that you have joined Mr. Lawson in the proposal that the Massachusetts legislature should be called in special session for the purpose of providing a method by which the people of Massachusetts may express their preference upon the question of the senatorial primary."

"You do not state whether, like Mr. Lawson, you are prepared to pay the whole expense of the session, or willing to join him in meeting such expense, but this point is immaterial. Cause sessions of the Massachusetts legislature have always been public affairs, rather than private, and the expense thereof will doubtless be defrayed in the future, as in the past, out of the treasury of the commonwealth."

Greater Importance

"Your declaration in favor of calling such a session is of greater importance, however, than the declaration of Mr. Lawson, or Mr. Bird, because, as the representative of the republican party in this campaign, you perhaps have the power to commit the republican members of the legislature to the support of the presidential primary proposal."

"By the way, I am wondering where you do stand in regard to the republican party. Are the conservative leaders, Senator Lodge, Senator Crane, Congressman Weeks and ex-Governor Dwyer, back for a special session to pass upon the question of senatorial succession? The people would be very glad to hear from these other leaders of the conservative republican party on this issue."

Or have you gone over to the so-called progressives and abandoned Senator Lodge and Senator Crane?

"The people of the whole state are interested in this very point. They would like to know where you stand."

"Will you get Senator Lodge and Senator Crane to write me that they heartily endorse your proposition for a special session of the legislature?"

"I have been unwilling to call such a special session because the republican members of this present legislature have repeatedly refused to enact the law you now say that you want."

"You and Senator Lodge and Senator Crane have been remarkably intransigent in connection with the movement toward a popular senatorial preference primary."

"How do your former colleagues now stand on this question?"

"I am very glad to assure you that if you can secure pledges from the public members of the present general court in favor of a senatorial primary, I will promptly call a special session of the legislature—that is to say if the republican council consents—and I shall feel that the people of the



EXTR

NEWS OF LOWELL'S GREATEST MONEY SAVING EVENT

A Clothing Sale Without a Parallel
An Event of the Greatest Economy
A Marvelous Opportunity to Save Money

Gigantic Money Raising Sale

When we open our doors for business on THURSDAY Morning, OCTOBER 31, what is destined to be the greatest clothing sale Lowell has ever known, will have been inaugurated. We say greatest without hesitation for when we look over the preparations which have been made for this event, the clothing offered, the sacrifices made, the superiority of the values, the wide extent of goods, the low prices, all combine to form but one result—the greatest value giving Lowell has ever seen and consequently the biggest volume of business.

This Money Raising Money Saving Sale Commences Thursday, Oct. 31st.

Limitation of Advertising Space Prevent Us Detailing All of the Great Values.

"Necessity knows no law." \$20,000.00 must be raised by King's Clothing House in the next 30 days—an unfortunate thing for us but very fortunate for the men of Lowell. Just at the time of year when we should be getting "top prices" for clothing, the open hand of Necessity is thrust out: "GIVE ME \$20,000.00 IN THE NEXT 30 DAYS," we hear, and so we forego profits, and make big clothing sacrifices in an endeavor to satisfy this appeal.

You'll buy Clothing at this sale at lower than January prices. You'll save 24 to 33 per cent. on the best offerings quoted elsewhere in the city. And to the men who must weigh the purchasing power of their money, news of this Sale will be the most welcome words they have heard in many months.

Let no one fail to benefit by our needs. The Money Raising Sale with its saving economies, will prove a benefit in thousands of homes in Lowell. Come to it.

Men's and Youths' Suits Sacrificed

When you consider that the prices below are quoted just as the buying season opens, the immensity of the savings must be apparent to you. All the season's newest models are shown in all the desirable patterns, no old stock to be foisted off—it's all new.

7.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	5.00	10.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	8.00
8.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	6.00	13.50, 15 SUITS MARKED AT.....	10
9.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	7.00	15, 18 SUITS MARKED AT.....	12.50
20.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	15.00		

Men's and Youths' Overcoats

AT A BIG SAVING

The time to buy your Winter Overcoat is now when you can make such savings as you can here. It's only such an event as a "Money Raising" Sale that would impel any merchant to share his profit on his Overcoats and mark the goods at the following prices:

7.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	5.00	10.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	8.00
8.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	6.00	13.50, 15 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	10
9.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	7.00	15, 18 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	12.50
20.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	15.00		

29c

For Fleece Lined Shirts & Drawers

Sizes 32 to 41

This is one of the greatest offerings you have ever had. Grasp it.

39c

For 50c Shirts

Here is another value no one should miss.

Mothers Save on Children's Clothes

Ordinarily it is a problem to clothe your children economically, but it is easily solved here at King's during this great Money Raising Sale. Children's Suits and Clothing has been shorn of profit—our need is your gain.

1.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	1.25	3.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	2.50
2.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	2.00	5.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	4.00

And So On Proportionately

15c

For Boys' 25c, 35c Bloomers

Every offering in these two lots was worth its first marking, so you can see the saving you make.

39c

For Children's 50c and 75c Knickerbocker Pants

Hundreds of mothers will take advantage of this great offering.

Men's Merino Socks..... 9c

Men's 10c Cotton Hose.... 6c

Men's \$1 Flannel Shirts 89c

TO THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL

King's is not going out of business. We are simply compelled to raise \$20,000 in 30 days. When this sale is over we will be right here to buy anything back which in the rush of selling, has not pleased you, just as though you had paid regular prices.

We want your continued good will and the quality of the goods advertised here should further our reputation for reliability. The values are simply without an equal.

Children's 10c Stockings... 7c

Boys' 50c, 75c Sweaters 39c

Boys' 25c Underwear... 17c

MEN'S \$5.00 SWEATERS

\$3.00

IN ALL COLORS

This is one of the best values we ever offered at any time. It's very special even during this sale.

FOR A BIG DOLLAR'S WORTH

King's CLOTHING FURNISHINGS SHOES

31 TO 39 MERRIMACK ST.

MORE FOR SAME MONEY

SAVE ON SHOES

\$4.00 Shoes..... \$2.98
\$3.00 Shoes..... \$1.98
A Magnificent Work Shoe in tan or black
\$2.00 Shoes..... \$1.48
\$1.50 Shoes..... \$1.19

PLACE PATRIOTISM ABOVE PARTY

ELECT ROOSEVELT & JOHNSON BIRD & GOSGROVE

And the other Progressive Party Candidates.

This is A People's Fight — A Battle For Human Rights. The People Can't Afford Laviish Bill Board, Street Car and Newspaper advertising. The People will Triumph In This Contest, however, In Spite Of The Odds.

E. WARE, Jr., 49 Banner St., Boston

commonwealth will not grudge the expenditure of \$50,000, or be obliged to fall back on Mr. Lawson or yourself for the necessary funds.

"Yours very truly,"

(Signed) "Eugene N. Foss."

Boys Animal Shelter

BROCKTON, Oct. 30.—At the annual meeting of the Brockton Humane society last evening the following officers were elected: Miss Susan M. Deane, president; Mrs. Harry C. Briggs and Mrs. Frank Coleman, vice presidents; Miss Clara J. Waterhouse, secretary; Miss Harriett G. Gardner, treasurer.

The society last week purchased an estate at Brockton Heights, the building to be used as an animal shelter. Applications for membership were received from 23 persons, the largest number at any one meeting in the history of the club.

AN IMMENSE CROWD

Heard Bourke Cockran Speak in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The progressive party rally at Symphony hall last evening with Bourke Cockran of New York as the star speaker, was the largest and most enthusiastic rally that has been held by any party in this city during the present campaign. It was estimated that between 4000 and 5000 people were crowded into the hall and that between 2000 and 3000 attended an overflow meeting at 200 Huntington

avenue. People evidently came from far and near to hear Mr. Cockran.

There was singing of the progressive hymns led by an enthusiast for as much as a half-hour before the speaker began, and this singing had the vast audience pretty well worked up when Charles S. Bird, progressive candidate for governor, walked on the platform arm-in-arm with James P. Magenis, chairman of the city committee, and got an ovation. Daniel Cosgrove, candidate for lieutenant governor, had already arrived and was seated with about 100 prominent progressives on the platform. Bourke Cockran did not arrive until about 9 o'clock and he spoke for more than two hours.

Mr. Bird was the opening speaker, and he said he would not waste any time on the republican party as he considered that party dead, but would devote his attention to the democratic party—because it was alive—and some of his time to a consideration of "the

subsidized press," which refused to print progressive news or else distorted it when it did print the news.

His strongest plea, however, was made for the progressive party on the ground that it was the party which stood for social reform, for the future liberties and citizenship of the country; for a chance to make a living under proper conditions and for justice and liberty for rich and poor alike.

He said the progressive party was not a mere offshoot from one party, but appealed to the progressive men and women of all parties who were interested in human rights. Gov. Foss, he said, would yet find it expedient to jump from the democratic party to the progressive party as he had from the republican party to the democratic, but he would not be permitted to come into the progressive party.

On leaving the hall Mr. Bird was given another ovation.

Daniel Cosgrove explained why he

was a Bull Moose—because he found in the progressive platform the things he had been looking for for years in the other platforms and could not find; the things which he believed made up real democracy. Bourke Cockran entered while Mr. Cosgrove was speaking and was given an ovation and Mr. Cosgrove brought his remarks to a close.

Col. Thomas F. Doherty then read a telegram of congratulation to Col. Roosevelt, which was approved by a rising vote of the audience and much enthusiasm, after which some young women took up a collection for the progressive cause.

Dance, Vesper Boat House, tonight.

Hallowe'en Sweet Elder, Boyce Bros.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LIVES OF AMERICANS

Are Said to be in Jeopardy

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Increasing disorder in San Domingo and desperate street fighting in the outskirts of Puerto Plata, threatening American lives and property, caused the navy department today to order the immediate dispatch of two warships, the cruiser Baltimore and the tender Yankton, to Dominican waters.

PRES. CODMAN

Says New York, New Haven & Hartford Road is Controlled by Hostile Interests

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Charges that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad is controlled by interests hostile to New England were made today by Edward D. Codman, former president of the Pittsburgh railroad. Mr. Codman, who made his charges at a hearing held by the interstate commerce commission in complaint of New England shippers against the road, alleges discrimination in contracts for the purchase of railroad supplies.

Mr. Codman's statements were denied by Edward G. Buckland, vice president of the New Haven railroad. Mr.

Buckland said that the road was not controlled by interests outside of New England and declared that the charges of preferred contracts had been investigated and disproved.

Charles A. Prouty, chairman of the commission, stated that he had been under the impression that great financial interests in New York were of the highest potentiality in the control of the railroad. He said that while he believed there had been no graft he felt that as a matter of principle the directors should not be interested in the sale of supplies to the railroad.

ATTENTION

Voters of Draught

THERE WILL BE A SMOKE TALK AND RALLY AT HARMONY HALL, COLLINSVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 31ST, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

To which you are all cordially invited. All speakers will be present to discuss the anti-vital question, why Humphrey O'Sullivan should be elected to represent the fifth district in congress. All persons who believe that a change in the present administration is essential at the present time, should be present to hear the speakers, including Humphrey O'Sullivan's candidates.

Draught Democratic Town Committee, Jas. J. McManis.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

MERRIMACK STREET STORE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

BARGAINS

The Greatest Values Ever Offered—Our Store Filled to Overflowing

Here Are Your Prices

50 Ladies' Extra Large Tailored Made Suits for stout ladies, sizes up to 54, warranted satin lining, plain and mixtures, sold up to \$25, each.....\$10.98

100 Ladies' and Misses' Pretty Pure Wool Broadcloth Suits, satin lined, sizes 14 to 44, many blue, black and brown, value \$15, each.....\$8.98

Odd Lot Growing Girls' Wool Suits, ages 13, 15 and 17, sold up to \$6.50, each.....98c

About 78 Ladies' Choice Velvet Corduroy and Cloth Suits, mostly drummers' samples, 1-3 off regular prices, value \$30, Thursday.....\$16.98

Ladies' Heavy Caracul Coats, from \$10 to \$6.98

Ladies' Satin Quilted Lined Caracul Coats, from \$18 to \$10.98

Children's Caracul Coats, from \$6.50 to \$3.98

Ladies' Fancy Trimmed Cloth Coats, Black, value \$9.....\$5.98

Children's Good Cloth Coats, from \$3 to \$1.85

300 Children's Cloth Coats, sold up to \$7, Thursday, each.....\$2.98

Ladies' Silk Seal Plush Coats, value \$20.....\$12.98

Ladies' Heavy Chinchilla Cloth Coats, gray, navy and black, from \$15 to \$9.98

Best Slip-on Raincoats, all sizes, value \$3.50, \$1.49

Ladies' Fine Pure Wool Serge Dresses, value \$7.50, \$3.98

Children's Warranted Fast Colors and Waterproof Rain Capes, value \$3, \$1.85

Children's Bearskin Coats, all colors, quilted lining, value \$3.50.....\$1.98

A Very Choice Line of Children's High Grade Plush (Caracul and Corduroy Coats, all colors. Special items Thursday only.

Ladies' Heavy Flannel-ette Robes, from 65c to 39c

Ladies' Fine \$1 Night Gowns, hamburger or lace trimmed, finest muslin, each.....49c

100 Dozen Pretty Corset Covers, hamburger or lace trimmed, from 25c to 15c

100 Dozen Children's Aviation Caps, value 50c, each.....25c

100 Dozen Princess Aprons, percale and gingham, extra large sizes, from 65c to 39c

Tea Aprons, from 10c to 5c

Tea Aprons from 25c to 10c

Ladies' Crochet Shawls, very large, from \$1.25 to 79c

7 Cases Ladies' Extra Heavy Jersey Vests and Pants, all sizes, a piece 25c

Ladies' Pure Wool Cashmere Hose, value 19c, a pair.....12 1-2c

Children's Heavy Jersey Vests, from 25c to 15c

Children's Heavy School Hose, were 19c, a pair.....12 1-2c

Children's Heavy Wool Dresses.....98c up

Our 69c Kid Gloves as good as any we have seen for \$1.00.

Ladies' Heavy Cashmere Gloves, all colors, lined, sold everywhere for 50c, a pair.....25c

500 Dozen Black Mercantile Petticoats, 39c, 49c, 69c and 98c

Just half off regular price Sash Curtains, from 19c to 10c

Gray Wool Blankets, from \$1.25 to 89c

Bed Comforters at rock-bottom prices.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am Beet Sugar	69 1/2	68	68 1/2
Am Can	41 1/2	41	41 1/2
Am Copper	84 1/2	84	84 1/2
Am Car & Fm	59	58 1/2	58 3/4
Am Car & Fm pf	119	118	119
Am Col Oil	57 1/2	56 1/2	56 3/4
Am Lumber	42 1/2	41	41 1/2
Am Lumber pf	106	105	106
Am Sugar	82 1/2	81	82
Am Sugar R	107 1/2	107	107 1/2
Am Sugar R pf	122 1/2	122	122 1/2
Amex	42 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2
Atchafalca	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Balt & Ohio	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Br Top Trans	89 1/2	88	89
Canadian Pac	261 1/2	259	261 1/2
Cent Leather	194 1/2	194	194 1/2
Chas & Ohio	30 1/2	30	30 1/2
COC & S	12 1/2	12	12 1/2
COC & S pf	15 1/2	15	15 1/2
Col Fuel	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Del & Hud	167 1/2	167 1/2	167 1/2
Eliz Secur Co	27	26 1/2	27
Eliz Secur Co pf	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Eliz Secur Co pf	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Gen Elec	180 1/2	180 1/2	180 1/2
Gen Elec pf	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Gen No Ore	45 1/2	45	45 1/2
Illinois Cen	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Int Met com	20 1/2	20	20 1/2
Int Met pf	65 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2
Int Paper	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Kan City So	28 1/2	27 1/2	28 1/2
Kan City So pf	62	62	62
Kan & Texas	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Louis & Nash	157 1/2	157 1/2	157 1/2
Missouri Pa	42 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2
Nat Lead	64 1/2	62	63
N Y Central	114 1/2	113	114 1/2
Nor & West	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
North Pac	124 1/2	123	124 1/2
Pen & West	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
People's Gas	123 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/2
Penn Steel	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Pullman Co	168 1/2	168 1/2	168 1/2
Ry St Sp Co	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Reading	171 1/2	168 1/2	169 1/2
Rep Iron & So	31 1/2	31	31 1/2
Rep Iron & So pf	92	92	92
Rock Is	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Rock Is pf	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
St L & So	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
St Paul	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
St Paul pf	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Southern Ry	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Southern Ry pf	81 1/2	81	81 1/2
Tenn Copper	43 1/2	40	40 1/2
Third Ave	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Union Pac	169 1/2	168 1/2	169 1/2
Union Pac pf	80	80	80
U S Rub	51 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
U S Rub pf	107 1/2	107	107 1/2
U S Steel	75 1/2	75	75 1/2
U S Steel pf	114 1/2	113 1/2	114 1/2
U S Steel pf	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Utah Copper	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Wabash R R	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Wab R R pf	14 1/2	13 1/2	14 1/2
Westinghouse	82 1/2	82	82 1/2
Western Un	79 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
W & L E 2d pf	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2

CLOSED STRONG

SLOW BUT STEADY IMPROVEMENT OCCURRED IN FINAL HOUR

Shorts Were the Principal Buyers But the Related Support Also Encouraged Some Long Buying

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Improvement in the foreign markets resulted in a sharp rebound in prices today. Can. Pac. rose over three points with one point gains in the copper, Smelting, U. P. and N. P., Lehigh Valley, Rock Island pf., Reading and Steel. Initial dealings in Reading and Steel were fairly large with indications of urgent short covering throughout the active list.

Initial prices were highest for the first hour, prices falling steadily soon after the opening. Reading, Lehigh Valley, Can. Pac. and Amal. receded a point and some other gains were offset.

London advises to the effect that Austria and Hungary had reported an agreement concerning the Balkan situation caused a violent uprising of prices at the opening here today. Can. Pac. rose over three points, with numerous one point gains elsewhere. The advance was met by heavy selling, however, which soon reduced gains to nominal proportions. Later the selling gathered greater force, canceling virtually all the rises, sending some issues notably Steel, Smelting and St. Paul under yesterday's lowest. Public interest was more negligible than usual, a fact attributed to the approaching elections.

Lower prices were touched in the noon hour, Readings losing three points, an extreme weakness being shown by Steel, Amalgamated and other leaders. The decline was gradual with few signs of support.

Short covering checked the decline, but the recovery was extremely moderate and trading fell off on the rally. The market closed strong. Slow but steady improvement occurred in the final hour with most stocks ruling on a parity with or above yesterday's closing. Shorts were the principal buyers, but the related support also encouraged some long buying.

Boston Market

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The tone of the copper shares was improved at the opening of the market today. Trading was moderately active.

Stock Exchange To Close

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The Boston stock exchange will be closed on Nov. 5, election day.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Allouez	39	38	39
Am Al Chem Com	37	37	37
Am Iron pf	20	19 1/2	19 1/2
Am T & T	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am Woolen pf	83	82 1/2	83
American Zinc	29 1/2	29	29 1/2
Armadillo	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Arizona Com	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Boston & Albany	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Boston Elevated	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Boston & Maine	98	98	98
Cal & Arizona	76 1/2	75	75 1/2
Cal & Hecla	50	50	50
Copper Range	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Daily West	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Franklin	10 1/2	10	10 1/2
Giroux	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Granby	61 1/2	60	61 1/2
Greene-Cannara	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Indiana	14 1/2	14	14 1/2
Isle Royale	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Lake Copper	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Gass Gas	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Miami Copper	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Mohawk	59	59	59
Nevada	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
N. & N. H.	137	136	136
North Atlantic	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Old Dominion	58 1/2	57 1/2	58 1/2
Osceola	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Quincy	81	81	81
Shannon	14 1/2	14	14 1/2
Superior Copper	39 1/2	39	39 1/2
Swift & Co	106 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
Tamarack	40	38 1/2	38 1/2
Trinity	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
United Fruit	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2
United Sh m	52 1/2	52	52 1/2
U S Smelting	45	44 1/2	44 1/2
U S Smelting pf	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Utah Cons	11 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2
Winona	4	4	4
Wolverine	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2

BOSTON CURRENCY MARKET

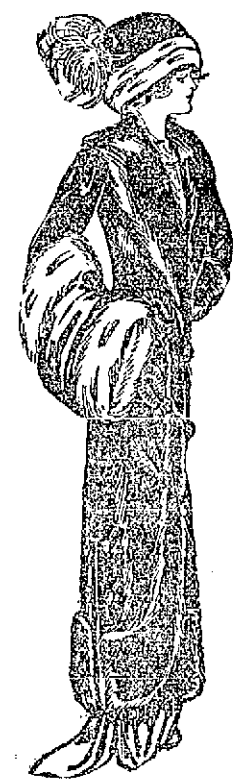
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Nev	23c	21c	21c
Boston Ely	1	1	1
Davis	2	2	2
First National	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
La Rose	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Majestic	42c	41c	41c
Nev Douglas	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Ohio Copper	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Raven	30c	30c	30c

Money Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Prime mercantile paper 6. Sterling exchange steady at 48 1/2 for 60 day bills and at 48 1/2 for 30 day bills. Commercial bills 48 1/2. Bank silver 42. Mexican dollars 48 1/2. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds heavy. Money on call strong at 5 1/2 per cent; ruling rate 5 1/2, last loan 5 1/2, closing bid 5 1/2, offered at 5 1/2. Time loans strong, 60 days 5 1/2, 90 days 5 1/2, six months 5 1/2 @.

ROUSING O'SULLIVAN RALLIES

Candidate Made Logical Speech at Boot Mill Gate Today—Last Night's Rallies



FURS

REMODELED REPAIRED REDYED AT REASONABLE PRICES. WORKMANSHIP AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Weiner's Fur Store 151 Central St., Lowell 512 Essex St., Lawrence 135 Merrimack St., Haverhill Established 1900 Tel. Con.

At a big mill gate rally held at the Boot mills at the noon hour today Humphrey O'Sullivan said that if elected to congress, and he added he was sure that he would be elected, he would work for the best interests of cotton mill operatives and every other man and woman in the fifth congressional district. He said that the cotton mill workers in the fifth district are as good as the mills can afford to pay he will find out where the trouble is. He allowed that there was probably some deadwood around and he thought the Lowell mills should be able to compete with other mills in the country and pay better wages than are being paid at the present time.

Mr. O'Sullivan was listened to by a large crowd of men and women, and it was a very attentive and very enthusiastic crowd, too. He was introduced by William F. Curtin, Esq., who said that Humphrey O'Sullivan, candidate for congress in the fifth district, is a man who sprung from the ranks of the common people; that he is familiar with the shop and bench and that he knows what it means to earn his daily bread by the sweat of his brow. "He is a man," said Mr. Curtin, "who is really capable of doing the office he seeks, and he is the man who will fight for the best interests of the great majority. I am sure he is going to be elected and he will be one of the ablest and most influential business men in congress."

Mr. O'Sullivan was given a rousing reception as he doffed his hat and

bared his head to the wind and sun. There was a strong wind blowing at the time, but the big crowd advanced as near as possible to the automobile and Mr. O'Sullivan was in good voice. In part he said:

"This is the first time that I have ever sought office and I am seeking it now because I feel I have arrived at that point in my life where I ought to be of as great assistance as possible to my fellow man. I may be pardoned for remarking that I have made a success of every project I have tackled. I am going to be elected to congress on Tuesday next and I am going to do something for you when I get there. I have the confidence that comes naturally to the man who has climbed the rugged steep to the heights of success, and I feel I am the kind of man you want to represent you in congress."

"It is my personal opinion that a man of courage, ability and determination is needed. There is ninety-two millions of dollars' worth of capital represented in the manufacturing interests of this district and when I am elected to represent the district in congress I will labor unselfishly and determinedly to bring about more satisfactory conditions to this district and this city in which I am so deeply interested."

"I am not opposed to any corporation or any industry of any kind; rather am I their friend, but it has been my experience that a lot of deadwood is liable to drift into a concern and when it does it acts as a barnacle on the wheels of progress. There isn't any reason why the average wage should be low in this city and if it is due to mismanagement I am going to see what I can do about it when I go to congress. There are 30,000 shoe operatives in this state, the sum total of whose wages amounts to more than the sum total of the 116,000 cotton mill operatives and you can take it from me that the shoe workers are not being overpaid. The wages have not kept pace with the high cost of living and I want to make it possible for the poor man and the poor woman, the men and the women who toil, to buy the food that goes to your table at a less cost than you are paying at the present time."

"One does not question the technical skill or executive ability of our great textile managers, but one may fairly judge from their results that they have not yet learned to operate their industries in accordance with the fundamental laws of human nature. They cry for high protection and they pay the lowest wages in the land. That shows that their own argument in favor of high protection is wrong."

"There is but one avenue of relief open to you and that is to vote the democratic ticket from top to bottom. Last year we had a democratic congress and they produced measures to solve the problem of cotton mill operatives and you can take it from me that the shoe workers are not being overpaid. The wages have not kept pace with the high cost of living and I want to make it possible for the poor man and the poor woman, the men and the women who toil, to buy the food that goes to your table at a less cost than you are paying at the present time."

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BOOTH'S HYOMEL

Breathe it for Catarrh Physicians Prescribe it and Pharmacists Recommend it.

Stops Snuffing and Hawking Quickly Clears Stuffed-up Head and

In the morning, shortly after you awake, Dear Reader, do you have to hawk and strain to get that stubborn piece of mucus out of your throat? Get rid of catarrh now; it will grow worse as you grow older. One day of breathing pleasant, healthy HYOMEL (pronounced H-I-G-H-o-m-e) the guaranteed catarrh remedy, will give you such wonderful relief that you will wonder why you doubted the statement that Booth's HYOMEL would cure the most aggravating case of catarrh. A hard rubber pocket inhaler and a bottle of HYOMEL and simple instructions for use is \$1. This is called the HYOMEL OUTLET. If one bottle does not banish your catarrh, you can get another for only 50 cents. Thousands use it for coughs, colds and croup. Sold by Carrier & Sherrin and druggists everywhere.

Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

The Woman Makes the Home

She makes it best who, looking after the culinary department, turns her back resolutely upon unhealthful, or even suspicious, food accessories. She is economical; she knows that true economy does not consist in the use of inferior meat, flour, or baking powder. She is an earnest advocate of home made, home baked food, and has proved the truth of the statements of the experts that the best cooking in the world today is done with Royal Baking Powder.

Mrs. The speakers included Mr. O'Sullivan, Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., and James F. Miskella. The speakers were given a fine reception and Mr. O'Sullivan was cheered to the echo. He spoke for 30 minutes. He told of his own career in Lowell and complimented the French people on their good citizenship and on the progress that they have made in Lowell. It was an enthusiastic rally and Mr. O'Sullivan was very much pleased with the reception.

Rally in Methuen The German voters of Methuen held an O'Sullivan rally last night and were addressed by Mr. O'Sullivan, Rep. Schlappe and Rep. Sanderson of Lawrence and William F. Curtin of this city.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Lowell Opera House

For the second visit to this city this season Paul Marcel will present the three act comedy drama "L'Abbe Constantin" when he and his artists are seen at the Opera House tonight in this drama.

BLANCHE RING

THE RING PIANO CLUB

Now Forming a Great Co-operative Club of Two Hundred Members
in the Greatest Piano Event Ever Held in Lowell

JOIN NOW

ACT AT ONCE

We have inaugurated the greatest event ever recorded in the history of piano selling in Lowell or elsewhere. A gigantic club of 200 members co-operating as one individual to purchase 200 new pianos—worth \$275 each—for \$162.50 each, or an actual saving of \$112.50. There are no extras of any kind, no interest, nothing to be added for stool to match and beautiful seat, cartage, or the privilege of paying at the rate of \$1.00 per week, and club members enjoy privileges and advantages enumerated below, which are not a part of the usual buying and selling of pianos.

\$162.50

These 200 pianos will be sold, \$1 cash, then 1 dollar a week. The dollar hardly covers the opening of the account—yet the dollar payment made when you join the club is credited to your account.

The piano will be delivered immediately. You do not have to wait until the club is filled. You get your piano when you join.

The remainder is payable every week.

JUST 200 MEMBERS CAN BE ACCEPTED

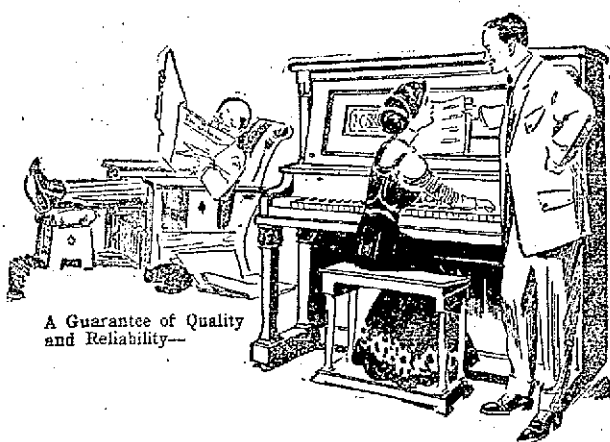
That's our entire present allotment of pianos—and the limit of membership will be speedily reached, so Join Now—ACT AT ONCE.

If after 30 days' trial the piano does not prove entirely satisfactory, we will give you your money back.

We give a 25 Years' Guarantee with every Club Piano sold, which insures you from taking any risk.

PIANOS

We carry in stock the largest and finest lot of pianos to be found in New England, including Emerson, Sterling, Ring, Huntington, Milton, Palmer and others.



A Guarantee of Quality and Reliability—

These pianos are manufactured by an old established, reputable and reliable New York concern, who have been building artistic pianos since 1879. This particular piano which we are selling on club terms is the actual model that has been selling heretofore for \$275.

OUR PRICE ON CLUB TERMS IS ONLY

\$162.50

AND IS SOLD ON EASY TERMS OF

\$1 DOWN
No Interest

\$1 A WEEK
No Extras

A WORD CONCERNING THE RING PIANO CLUB NOW FORMING

Most pianos are sold on partial payment—\$5 per cent. of them—and partial payments add a bit to the cost. But in the Ring Piano Club it is different—instead of paying more than the usual all-cash price, you pay less, and not a penny for interest or any sort of extras. And yet the payments extend over a period of three years—so easy that anybody can care for them.

Is \$112.50 in real money worth saving? The value of each of these Club Pianos is \$275. The Club Terms:

\$1 CASH
No Interest

\$1 A WEEK
No Extras

ACT NOW

Pay \$1, which makes you a member of the club and the piano is delivered to your home AT ONCE.

THE CLUB SAVING IS JUST THIS

Club Piano, Worth.....\$275.00
Price to Club Members.....\$162.50

Actual Saving to Club Members.....\$112.50

The saving of \$112.50 by each club member will pay for the musical education of one child for 2 years and 11 months at 75c a lesson.

PAY \$1 at joining—and get the piano into your home at once. Then pay \$1 a week as you agree on at the time of joining club. The club is positively limited to Two Hundred Members. Be in time.

THE CLUB BOOKS ARE OPEN NOW FOR MEMBERSHIP. The pianos are on display in our salesrooms, where you can see and hear them, and select one if you wish, and the piano of your choice will be delivered on your initial payment of \$1, which only covers the opening of the account, and which dollar is deducted from the amount you are to pay.
IF YOU CANNOT COME TO STORE, SIMPLY SEND CHECK OR POST OFFICE ORDER FOR \$1.00 AND SAY, "I WANT TO JOIN THE CLUB."

RING'S, LARGEST, MOST RELIABLE PIANO HOUSE
AT THE BIG CLOCK 110-112 Merrimack St., Lowell

GOVERNOR WILSON IS OPPOSED

Says That He Does Not Believe
in Free Trade—Great Crowds
Heard Him Speak

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 30.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, in three speeches filled with satirical attacks on his opponents, emphasized in North Jersey last night that he was not a believer in free trade, and that the democratic party, if put into power, did not intend to disturb the legitimate business or the prosperity of the country.

The democratic nominee declared that those of his opponents who constantly asked him to define his position on the tariff "could not read the English language." He said he had repeated time and again in his speech merely the special privileges lodged in it. "No thoughtful democrat," he said, "has advocated free trade."

To President Taft's statements published yesterday with regard to the panic of the early '90s Governor Wilson made an extended reply, first at Montclair, where he addressed a big audience, and again at Newark, where several thousand persons crowded the First Regiment Armory. The governor said it was wrong to attribute that panic to the tariff legislation, "because the panic started before the tariff bill was enacted."

He attributed the panic to republican currency legislation.

"I find I am invited to return to my old occupation," said the governor at Newark. "I used to be a teacher of history, and I find it necessary to teach in facing the necessity of teaching it to the president of the United States."

"And when the president of the United States makes himself responsible for the statement that the panic of 1893 was due to a tariff bill that

came a year afterward, and came because of Mr. Cleveland's administration, I can only express my deep regret that the president of the United States has not read the history of the United States."

"Any statement that Mr. Taft makes I believe to be made in honesty, but this statement, if he has made it, has made in ignorance, because the panic of 1893 can be shown to have arisen out of currency legislation absolutely controlled by the republican party. The panic of 1893 was on its way before Mr. Cleveland became president and it matured merely in the first part of his administration and would have been stopped if the senate of the United States had yielded more promptly to the advice of the administration."

"One of the evidences of the weakness of the regular republican party," he said, "is its misstatements and manifestations of desecration on the billboards. They say Governor Wilson does not sufficiently define his position on the tariff. All we have to do to know Governor Wilson's position on the tariff is to be able to read the English language. In almost every speech I have defined my exact position. I made it clear in a speech in Philadelphia last night and yet one of the papers this morning in Philadelphia announced that I had declared for free trade. Only this evening I had a telegram from a man in Wisconsin saying that the Detroit Free Press had announced that I had declared for free trade. It is awkward to characterize in my reply the management of the Detroit Free Press for I have confined myself to polite language in this campaign."

"In the first place I have not heard

a single thoughtful democrat declare for free trade. I have heard every democrat declaring for a policy of going to the limit all the schedules of the tariff and finding all the legitimate concealed privileges and cutting every one of them out, leaving absolutely safe every sound and healthy fibre of American business."

AFTER PRISON LABOR
Five Firms Offer Bids to
Rhode Island

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 30.—Prison labor has entered somewhat into the issues of the political campaign in this state. While it is being denounced by labor union speakers, by progressive women campaigners and by State Senator Addison P. Munroe of this city, bids for the labor of the 400 prisoners at Cranston were made public today. It is said, however, that no awards will be made until after the election.

There were five bidders. The contract for prison labor was recently negotiated by the board after the Rhode Island Sterling Company had been having shirts made at the prison for six years.

The bidders today were Crescent Garment company of Trenton, makers of shirts; Glover Manufacturing Company of Providence; New York, trousers; G. L. Shauer & Bro., overalls, shirts and jackets, Chicago, and Western Fibre Reed Company, Chicago. The bid of the latter was thrown out because there was no certificate check submitted.

In a campaign speech today Senator Munroe said: "The system of prison contract labor which prevails in our state prison is the most damnable system in the state."

Dancing, Armory, Wed. eve., Co. C.

ANTHONY COMSTOCK
Addressed the National
Reform Association

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Anthony Comstock addressed 25 persons in Pilgrim hall yesterday before the National Reform association, which met in annual session.

In his address on "The Ultimate of Christian Citizenship," Rev. J. M. Foster expressed his indignation that patient and fraternal Christians are denied citizenship when so many other races are welcomed. He further said that he could not conscientiously vote for any presidential candidate whose name is before the people, since no one of them "has any Christian tendencies."

Rev. W. H. Dyke of Waltham said in his address on "Civil Government Ordained of God for Moral and Religious Ends," that when this nation fails to recognize the equality of every man, it should be executed by man and broken to pieces by God. Rev. George F. Stanton's frame was the subject of religious instruction in the schools.

Mr. Comstock delivered his stereotyped speech, which is always a part of this "convention." The same mad bloodhound, the same gun which went "bang, bang," the same little grocery store among the dear old hills of New England were in it, also the "moral cancer-plaster," a phrase which he has evolved and which punctuates every other sentence. His address told of infamous books, pamphlets and pictures which are being spread broadcast over the land to the degradation of boys and girls. These he said, are much more deadly than the mad dog which he killed when a lad.

The afternoon was taken up with talks on a variety of themes, including: "Why Christian Citizens Cannot Vote or Take Office Under the United States Constitution Without Sin," by Rev. S. G. Shaw, Ph. D., pastor R. P. church, West Newton, N. Y. The Rev. James L. Tryon spoke for the peace movement.

Hallowe'en Sweet Cider, Boyle Bros.

Women's Alliance

"James Freeman Clarke" was the topic of an address by Mrs. Christopher E. Eliot of Boston at the meeting of the Lowell branch, Women's Alliance, yesterday afternoon, and a large number was present to enjoy the discourse. She told of his education, his public and private life, and ended with a number of delightful anecdotes, followed by a personal tribute to Rev. Phillips Brooks on the occasion of the death of Dr. Clarke.

At the close of the meeting tea was

served by the hospitality committee. At a brief business session, the members of the alliance pledged themselves, in response to appeals, to assist a number of worthy movements. Miss Harriet E. Johnson will speak at the November meeting on "What a well-trained woman can do in church."

Hallowe'en Sweet Cider, Boyle Bros.

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You are not limited to a few styles. You will find here Fall and Winter suits and overcoats in a great variety of styles and fabrics to please the most fastidious dresser. Single and double breasted suits ready to put on, but cut and made with custom-tailor expertise. Overcoats that make you exclaim: "How can they do it at the price?" It costs nothing to LOOK. We will not "tease" you to buy. Use your own judgment about that. But LOOK HERE before you pay out a dollar for Fall and Winter Clothing. Courteous attention whenever you care to call.

Just Two Prices | **P. & Q. SHOP** | Two Just Prices
48 Central St.

IMPORTERS

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WHOLESALE

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The United Wall Paper Stores of America Located in Nelson's Dept. Store Will Sell on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of This Week

5000 Rolls Best 50c Fadeless Duplex 30-inch imported German Oatmeals (all colors) at 19c. 12,000 Rolls Best 25c Dining Room and Parlor Papers at 11c, and 7500 Rolls Best 10c Papers at 4c. These specials taken here and there from our big 250,000 stock of new fall wall papers, "Biggest Distributors of Wall Papers in New England. Stores everywhere.

Y.M.C.I. BOWLING TEAM

Won an Exciting Game
From Nashua Quintet

The Y. M. C. I. bowling team had as opponents last evening a team from Nashua, and the local boys won out, taking all points from their visitors. The contest took place on the Institute alleys, and was witnessed by a large number of members of the society. The local boys piled up the fine total of 1412, while the Nashua rollers had for their three stinks a total of 1355. McQuiston of the Nashua team was high man, his total for the three stinks being 317. Whalen of the winners was a close second, having a total of 313. McQuiston also made the high single of the evening, putting up 123 in his first string. The score:

Y. M. C. I.	2	3	Totals
Curry	96	106	202
Clark	90	80	170
Marlin	122	111	233
Whalen	106	104	210
McKelley	84	86	170
Totals	492	487	979

NASHUA	2	3	Totals
Marshall	88	78	166
Lemery	87	101	188
Marlin	74	73	147
McQuiston	123	90	213
Perry	75	86	161
Totals	457	438	895

Maples Defeated Elms

The Maples and the Elms, six men teams, met on the Moody bridge alleys last night, and the former sextet won the three stinks and the total. A total of 268. P. Perry of the Maples was a close second with a score of 267. The other scores were a little below and showed little divergence. The game, in detail, was as follows:

ELMS	2	3	Totals
Joyal	62	74	136
P. Jodoin	82	93	175
E. Page	83	72	155
Burgen	83	77	160
St. George	70	81	151
Besse	60	62	122
Totals	441	471	912

MAPLES	2	3	Totals
Fadden	74	88	162
A. Perry	87	87	174
Dorais	70	77	147
P. Perry	97	86	183
P. Jodoin	80	81	161
A. Dupont	62	77	139
Totals	447	489	936

FOOTBALL NOTES

Freshmen eleven are kept pretty well in the background by the dollops of the varsity teams, but it is from the former that the latter are recruited and their progress is carefully noted by the coaches. The Harvard, Yale and Princeton freshmen eleven all look pretty strong this fall, and Johnny Mack, the Yale trainer, remarked the other day that he wished he had two or three of the freshmen backs on the varsity. The Yale freshmen back, E. J. Dwyer, is a star, and the Harvard youngsters defeated the same team, 10 to 0. That makes the Crimson and Blue youngsters look even. The Dartmouth freshmen won from Exeter by a score of 12 to 0.

The Tiger Cubs, like the young Pills and young Cambridgeites, haven't been beaten, but on scores against a common foe as the Princeton freshmen don't loom up as formidably as those of Harvard. The Tiger Cubs beat Hotchkiss 6 to 0, but Hotchkiss was worsted by Harvard's freshmen eleven 31 to 0. Ned Mahan,

WILLIAMS' KIDNEY PILLS

Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, and under the eyes? If so, Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you. For sale by all druggists. Price 50c.

WILLIAMS' KIDNEY PILLS, Dr. J. C. Williams, Lowell, Ohio.

For sale by Halls & Burkinshaw.

Dr. L. Blanchard

Very Renowned Surgeon

CHIROPODIST

Specialist in Corns, Bunions, In-growths, Ingrown Nails, and Scalds. Location: 15 Central St., room 222, New Bradley Building.

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Dance, Vesper Boat House, tonight.

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There are 35,000,000 people of all races and colors in the United States at present who are over the voting age of 21, but there are 3,728,537 of these who are foreign born and cannot vote because of non-citizenship. This leaves 31,271,463 native born males of voting age, who if some restriction does not stand in their way, will cast themselves of the right of franchise. Census figures show, however, that only 65 per cent. of "potential voters," as they are called, actually cast their ballots.

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DIAMOND NOTES

Connie Mack makes it plain that the Athletics will not play another post season series with the Philadelphia Nationals for many years to come unless, of course, both teams happen to win pennants the same season. Mack offers as proof that such games are unpopular in Quakertown, the fact that after the recent series in that city each member of the Athletics received \$80, while each of the Philadelphia players got \$54.

It is probable that the Athletics and Phillies will play a spring series next year in which the players will have no share, for those games, as a rule, afford excellent practice. The lack of interest in the post season series this year was ascribed to the failure of the Athletics to finish ahead of the Red Sox. Philadelphia fans having been educated to world's championship baseball when the Athletics defeated the Giants a year ago, refused to patronize a series of secondary importance and returned away from St. Louis's ball park.

In Philadelphia, by the way, the opinion prevails that the Athletics could have won the American league pennant this year if several star players had behaved themselves. Quakers fans say they will not forget nor forgive Chief Bender for his recent falls from grace, which finally resulted in his suspension. Oldring and several other members of the former world's champions will not be retained by Mack, it is said. Mack isn't disclosing his plans, but it is firmly believed that he will make several important trades during the coming winter.

Stories are in circulation that Eddie Collins, the Athletics' second baseman, has become unpopular with other members of the team and is personally so because Mack did not appoint him captain. But there isn't a chance for a trade in which Collins would be a factor. Mack privately has expressed the opinion that the Athletics will be stronger next year and will make another determined battle for the American league pennant.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb isn't a bit bashful. He admits that he is the best ball player in the major leagues and that he is far and away the greatest drawing card in Ban Johnson's circuit. Cobb has notified President Navin of the Detroit club that he is ready to sign a three years contract at the salary of \$15,000 a year.

It is said that Cobb will not give this request he will retire from baseball and go into business. Cobb's value as a player is not questioned, but many baseball men believe that when he is suspended for assaulting a fan in his city and the Tigers went on strike in sympathy, the Detroit club received a knockout blow which cost many thousands of dollars. Navin built an expensive plant in Detroit with the idea that the Tigers would remain high in the pennant race. The slump of the team after the Cobb incident caused a big falling off in attendance at which time the club suffered a heavy loss in revenue which was entirely unexpected. Under the circumstances Cobb's demand for a three year contract calling for a total of \$45,000 is pronounced entirely out of order.

"I shall not bother my head with baseball next year," says President James E. Gaffney of the Boston Nationals. "Manager Stallings will have absolute authority to run the team as he may see fit and it will be up to him to obtain results. The team has been a blunderer for several years, so that if Stallings cannot get the team into the first five or better I shall be well satisfied. He has a contract for three years, which will give him ample time to build up a winner. Boston fans must not expect too much at the outset. It is going to be an uphill fight all the way."

Bradley O'Brien, Carrigan and Wagner of the new world's champions have gone into vaudeville billed as the "Red Sox Quartet."

President T. J. Lynch of the National league received yesterday a reply from Horace Fogel of the Philadelphia club to the charges brought against him, growing out of Fogel's alleged statements reflecting upon the integrity of Lynch and the umpires under the latter's control. In his reply Fogel denies that he made the various assertions attributed to him and also declares that the National league has no jurisdiction in the matter, but that seven club owners cannot legally discipline him for making criticisms of any kind.

While Lynch refused to discuss Fogel's reply, it was said last night that before the end of the week there will be sensational developments at present entirely unexpected. It is expected that the league at the special meeting on November 25 would not take action against the Philadelphia club as a corporate member, but that a resolution would be unanimously adopted instructing President Lynch to sever all business relations with the president of the Philadelphia club, who also would be legislated out of business councils of the league. Fogel's friends intimated yesterday that he might apply to the courts for injunctions restraining each club owner from depriving him of his property rights.

In Philadelphia yesterday Fogel announced that he had called off all deals for the purchase of his club and had made arrangements to proceed with his business affairs in the usual way. It is evident that Fogel is fortifying himself for a hard battle with his fellow magnates.

Hallowe'en Sweet Cider, Boyle Bros. 630,000 WOMEN

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MERGER PUT UP TO WALKER

Foss Says Republican Candidate
Worked for Bill Favorable
to the New Haven

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Governor Foss charged in his speeches last night that Mr. Walker had framed legislation favorable to the New Haven-Boston & Maine merger. The governor spoke in the rink at New Bedford, at Pavilion ball at Dartmouth and in Fairhaven. He also said that Mr. Walker had voted against the bill aimed to curb the shoe trust.

Letters as Proof

The governor said in part: "I have no grudge against Mr. Walker. I should think he would rest satisfied with the exposure of his railroad record that I have already made. But apparently such is not the case."

"Now, if Mr. Walker wants more proof, for the information of the people of Massachusetts let us take up the matter of correspondence."

"In 1905 the Massachusetts public was stirred by the aggressions of the New Haven system. Governor Guild had sent a warning message to the legislature, urging them to take immediate action to bring the transportation interests of Massachusetts within the control of the people and to deplore the ownership of trolleys by the New Haven road."

Letter from Choate

"The New Haven management recognized that public sentiment was absolutely against it, and by the order of Mr. Mellen, the president of the road, Charles P. Choate, Jr., counsel for the New Haven system, sent the following letter to Mr. Walker, who was then a member of the railroad committee."

"June 27, 1906."

"Representative Joseph Walker, Esq."

"My dear Mr. Walker:—I have communicated with Mr. Mellen by telephone and got from him the following:

"Mr. Mellen authorized Mr. Choate to state to the legislature that they will not enter upon further acquisitions in Massachusetts, other than those already contracted for, or build any trolley lines excepting such as are now under actual construction until such times as the merger question has been settled. Mr. Mellen is willing if the committee desires it to furnish a list of properties already contracted for or under construction, to avoid any further misunderstanding."

"Yours truly,"

(Signed) "Charles P. Choate, Jr."

MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND

To Become the Wife of Prof. Preston

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 30.—Mrs. Grover Cleveland announces the announcement of her engagement to Thomas J. Preston, professor of archeology and history of art at Wells college, Mrs. Cleveland's alma mater, and of which she is a trustee. The date of the marriage is not yet determined, but will be announced later.

Mrs. Cleveland is a graduate of Wells college and has been a trustee of that institution since 1881. Her wedding to President Grover Cleveland, which took place in the executive mansion during his first administration, was one of the notable events in the history of the White House. Her father, Oscar Folson, was a law partner of Mr. Cleveland, who upon Mr. Folson's death, in 1875, became Frances Folson's guardian.

After his retirement from the presidency Mr. Cleveland made his permanent home in Princeton, and Mrs. Cleveland has continued to reside here since the former president died in 1908. Her two daughters, Esther and Marion, and her son, Richard F., are living with her.

The announcement of the engagement was made last night by President John Oberlin of Princeton university, who said:

SPECIAL POLICEMAN WAS KILLED

Detective Stabbed During Riot Today in Front of Mill at Little Falls, N. Y.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Michael Haley of this city, a special policeman, was shot and Detective John Kennedy of Albany was stabbed this morning during a riot in front of the Phoenix mill. Trouble started when Chief Long attempted to break up the massed picketing at the mill entrance. He had an altercation with one of the strikers. A crowd soon gathered and special policemen surrounded him and others were soon flying in all directions. The women strikers were in the front of the massed picketing. Kennedy was stabbed from behind as he was going through the

crowd to help Chief Long. He saw a woman pulled the knife on him. He was slashed in the ear and neck. Michael Haley was shot as he went through the crowd. The police claim they have the man who fired the shot. The strike leaders are being arrested. Neither of the injured men is believed to be fatally hurt. Strikers place the blame on the police and the police blame the massed picketing for the trouble. Sheriff Moon arrived at 3 o'clock to take charge of the situation as great excitement prevailed in the foreign section during the arrest of strike leaders.

A MILITARY AVIATOR HIS ANKLE FRACTURED

Was Killed When His Biplane Collapsed

MUNICH, Oct. 30.—A military aviator belonging to the Bavarian army named Lieut. Horitz Hamburger was killed today on the aviation ground at Oberriesenfeld. Lieut. Hamburger, who had only recently been assigned to the aviation corps, was making a flight around the aerodrome in his biplane when it suddenly collapsed and fell from a height of over 200 feet. He was dead when picked up and his machine was shattered. The cause of the accident is unknown.

Mr. James McPhail Fell From a Staging

James McPhail, residing at 232 Brooks street, suffered a compound fracture of the right ankle as a result of falling from a staging on a house near the corner of Keene and Chapel streets shortly before noon today. McPhail is a carpenter by trade and in some unaccountable manner fell from the staging to the ground, 20 feet below. The ambulance was summoned and the injured man was taken to St. John's hospital.

PRESIDENT TAFT

Had a Conference With Prominent Republicans Early This Morning at Breakfast

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Before going to the Brooklyn navy yard for the launching of the dreadnought New York President Taft had an early morning conference with a number of republican leaders at breakfast. Among the friends and supporters at the breakfast were Andrew Carnegie, Otto Bannard, William Nelson Cromwell, John Hays Hammond, Samuel Koenig, former Rep. Herbert Parsons, C. D. Norton, the president's former private secretary, and Chairman Hill of the republican national committee.

BOYS ARRESTED

They Admitted That They Stole Two Bicycles in Nashua—Returned Home This Morning

Ellsworth Frye of 325 Main street, Nashua, and Leon Hebert of 10 Lincoln avenue, Nashua, each aged 15 years, were arrested on suspicion about 12:30 o'clock this morning by Lieut. Freeman and Patrolman John H. Clark, while attempting to hire a room at the St. Charles hotel. When brought to the police station the boys confessed to the larceny of two bicycles, the property of Norman Rogers and George Campbell of Nashua. They rode the bicycles to Wilmington, where they disposed of them, and with the proceeds of the sale the boys said they each purchased new pairs of trousers, shirts and neckties, and then took the train to Lowell. They intended to stop in this city over night and go to Lowell today, where they had heard they would have a good chance to secure employment. The matter was reported to the Nashua police and the two boys were taken back to the New Hampshire city this morning.

YOUR HAIR IS FLUFFY, BEAUTIFUL AND LUSTROUS IN A FEW MOMENTS

Girls, Get a 25 cent bottle of "Danderine" and try this. Also stops falling hair

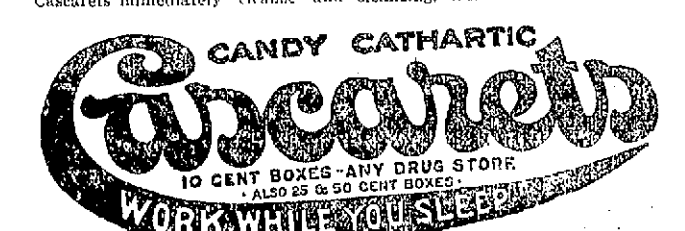
Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. Besides beautifying the hair at once,

Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair. But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, get a bottle of Danderine. It costs only 25 cents. It surely is a 25 cent bottle of knowledge. Danderine from any drugist or toilet counter, and just try it.

FEEL BULLY! HEAD CLEAR, STOMACH SWEET, BOWELS RIGHT—"CASCARETS"

You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, and are all worn out. Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets—our merely dosing yourself every few days with salts, cathartic pills, castor oil and other harsh irritants? Cascarets immediately cleanse and

sweeten the stomach, remove the sour undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the bowels. A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out tomorrow—10 cent box will keep your head clear, your stomach sweet, liver and bowels regular and make your feel cheerful and bully for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.



BABY RESCUED BY BOY

Murphy Dashed Into a Blazing Kitchen

WORCESTER, Oct. 30.—Johnny Murphy, aged 14, son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Murphy of 8 Edgeworth street, got into the hero class yesterday by dashing up two flights of stairs to a smoke-filled tenement on the top floor of a three-decker and rescuing from her cradle in a blazing kitchen, the 8-month-old baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bates. The rushing back again and taking out two pet canaries, one of which had already been suffocated when it reached the street. Mrs. Bates, who lived on the top floor of the house at 23 Edgeworth street, went to a store, leaving her baby girl sleeping in the kitchen, with a fire burning in the kitchen range. The range became overheated and set fire to the adjacent woodwork. In a few minutes smoke was pouring through the windows of the tenement and flames were spouting through the shutters on the roof. Neighbors gathered to await the arrival of the firemen in response to an alarm sent in from box 191. While the firemen were on their way, one of the women in the crowd remembered she had seen Mrs. Bates in a store, and that she had left the baby asleep in the kitchen. She shouted that there was a baby in the burning tenement. Without waiting to consider her personal danger, Murphy boy dashed up the two flights of stairs leading to the Bates tenement, and after groping his way around in the smoke-filled kitchen, he located the cradle and took the baby to the street in his arms. Somebody else remembered that the Bates family had a couple of pet canary birds that they thought a great deal of. Johnny gave the baby to one of the women in the crowd, made a second trip to the Bates tenement and returned with a bird cage in each hand, but the inmate of one of the cages had been suffocated. Firemen were busy for half an hour with three fires before the blaze was extinguished with a loss of \$390.

Industrial school: Miss Hilda Noonan, Nora Sheehan and Mary Carney, teachers of dressmaking; Miss Elsie Cragin, teacher of housekeeping; Michael Donahue, machine shop practice. Edison evening school: Misses Ann Bolton and Mildred Locke. Colburn evening school: Miss Elizabeth Welch, Mr. James Gilligan. Mana evening school: Misses Alice Akers and Esther Owens. Evening drawing school: C. Frank Dupue, mechanical drawing class. John Gallagher was chosen as teacher in the electrical course at the Industrial school, and Dr. O'Connor gave notice of the temporary appointment of Miss Mary Quirbach to the high school. Miss Agnes G. Phelps, a permanent substitute teacher, was granted a leave of absence for one year to pursue her studies further at the Boston Normal school. Miss Mary Snow of the New Moody school had her leave of absence extended until January 1, and the same with Miss Grace M. Thurber until after the Thanksgiving vacation. Mrs. M. J. Cassidy Cunningham tendered her resignation and the same was accepted with a vote of thanks for faithful and efficient service. A letter from Cardinal O'Connell's secretary, expressing thanks in behalf of his eminence, for the beautifully furnished copy of the resolutions in his honor, adopted by the school board, early in the year, was read by the superintendent. The revised rules as recently arranged by the committee on rules were presented and adopted and the secretary was authorized to have the same printed. Before the meeting came to a close Supt. Molloy reported certain provisional transfers of grammar school pupils for reasonable cause, and the same were approved. The superintendent also called attention to a certain newspaper criticism in regard to the action of the board in electing a master for the Riverside school in the person of Patrick Reynolds. He said the criticism was unjustified inasmuch as it was made on the ground that the attendance at that school was small and in order to show that the act was just, he compared the attendance at the Riverside school with that at the Washington school for a corresponding period of time. The figures were as follows showing attendance at the Washington and Riverside schools: From Sept. 1909 to June 1910, 157 pupils. From Sept. 1910 to June 1911, 173 pupils. From Sept. 1911 to June 1912, 199 pupils. The Riverside school opened this year with 198 pupils in September and 194 during the present month. Mr. Molloy also said he felt that something should be done to provide some kind of continuation classes for the boys and girls who leave the day high school at the end of two years as the work of evening high is elementary in character. He also said that he hoped in the future to take up in a comprehensive form the work in sewing, and in penmanship. Referring to the substitute teachers recently appointed Supt. Molloy reported as follows: All the substitutes have been doing full teachers' work since the beginning of the school year either as substitutes or teachers of overcrowded classes or of backward pupils in the various districts. "The appointment of these teachers," said Supt. Molloy, "offers an opportunity for the first time of attacking the problem of backward pupils in the Lowell schools, a problem which confronts the Lowell school situation to an exceptional degree." Another matter upon which the superintendent reported was the selection of officers of the Girls' battalion at the high school. He spoke as follows: "Rules for the selection of officers for the Girls' battalion of the High school having been adopted at the last meeting, the selection was made since that time by competitive drill. Since this selection Mr. Irish gave the superintendent the assurance that no one outside himself had any means whatever of knowing what list of officers might have been previously selected by the former instructor in calisthenics."

BIG SUPERDREADNOUGHT

Greatest of World's Sea Fighters Launched

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The super-dreadnought New York, the greatest of the world's sea fighters, was launched today in the Brooklyn navy yard in the presence of 40,000 spectators. The ship, named after the late President Theodore Roosevelt, was launched by Miss Elsie Calder, daughter of Rep. William Calder of Brooklyn, christened the ship. To Miss Calder's great confusion and chagrin she failed to break the champagne bottle on the vessel's bow. She had practised for several days past but for some reason or another failed to burst it today. Instead she struck the vessel with it, times but not with sufficient force to break the glass. As the vessel was sliding down the ways, however, a man grasped the bottle, which was attached to a gay piece of rope, and swung it with such force that it cleared the New York's prow and burst with a great report on its side. Miss Calder was assisted by little Miss Kathleen Fitzgerald, daughter of Rep. Fitzgerald. The little miss acted as flower girl. The day was ideal for the launching and the great ship took the water of the channel without mishap. President Taft sat with Secretary Meyer, Governor Dix, Rear-Admiral Oysterhaus and others on a platform just off the starboard bow of the dreadnought. There were no speeches but a marine band quickened the pulses of the assembled thousands with a program of martial music. A shooting match was played as the ship left the ways. J. P. Morgan was one of the honorary guests on the platform. After the launching was over President Taft attended a luncheon at the naval Y. M. C. A.

Gov. Johnson Will in All Probability Wind Up His Campaign in Providence, Rhode Island. NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Governor Johnson arrived here from Connecticut early today and set to work with his stenographers to finish his speech to be delivered at Madison square garden tonight and to catch up with his correspondence. Later in the day the governor was to arrange his itinerary up to election day. It is probable that instead of delivering his last speech in the city of New York on Monday night the governor will close his campaign in Providence, R. I., a state which he has not visited on his tour.

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Bryan Scores Roosevelt OKLAHOMA CITY, Oct. 30.—W. I. Bryan wound up the first of a few days' speaking tour in Oklahoma here last night. In his address in Oklahoma City Mr. Bryan scored the progressive party and Theodore Roosevelt. "If I were a member of the progressive party I would be ashamed to say I was an anti-corruption man, when J. P. Morgan invested five times as much money in Roosevelt's campaign as in Taft's," he declared. Mr. Bryan will campaign today in the southwestern part of the state.

Shortage of Coal Cars

The officials of the New Haven road have sent out a request to all receivers of freight cars. The following is the request: "There is a serious shortage of coal car equipment. All of our connections are demanding of us a large number of our coal cars to assist them in handling the tonnage destined to ports on our line. They are unable to properly supply the coal cars for the shipment of structural iron and other commodities requiring this class of car, and as the supply depends upon the prompt releasing of such cars by our customers, we earnestly request your co-operation in the immediate unloading of such equipment on arrival, giving them preference over all other equipment, thereby making it possible to furnish a better supply of cars. "Our interests are mutual in this respect, and we are endeavoring to move and place all such cars promptly, and with your help we should be able to handle the commodities referred to promptly, thereby reducing the serious complaints which we are now receiving."

THE EVENING SCHOOL TEACHERS

Several Were Elected at Meeting of the School Board Held Last Evening

The members of the school board held a regular meeting last night, but for some reason or other they did not convene until 10 o'clock, and a half hour later they adjourned. In the course of the meeting Supt. Hugh Molloy reported on conditions in the schools, and he quoted figures in support of the school board on its action in placing a grammar master at the Riverside school. A number of evening school teachers were elected and revised rules were adopted. Chairman Farrington occupied the chair and Supt. Molloy read the minutes of the last meeting. The following evening school teachers were elected: Industrial school: Miss Hilda Noonan, Nora Sheehan and Mary Carney, teachers of dressmaking; Miss Elsie Cragin, teacher of housekeeping; Michael Donahue, machine shop practice. Edison evening school: Misses Ann Bolton and Mildred Locke. Colburn evening school: Miss Elizabeth Welch, Mr. James Gilligan. Mana evening school: Misses Alice Akers and Esther Owens. Evening drawing school: C. Frank Dupue, mechanical drawing class. John Gallagher was chosen as teacher in the electrical course at the Industrial school, and Dr. O'Connor gave notice of the temporary appointment of Miss Mary Quirbach to the high school. Miss Agnes G. Phelps, a permanent substitute teacher, was granted a leave of absence for one year to pursue her studies further at the Boston Normal school. Miss Mary Snow of the New Moody school had her leave of absence extended until January 1, and the same with Miss Grace M. Thurber until after the Thanksgiving vacation. Mrs. M. J. Cassidy Cunningham tendered her resignation and the same was accepted with a vote of thanks for faithful and efficient service. A letter from Cardinal O'Connell's secretary, expressing thanks in behalf of his eminence, for the beautifully furnished copy of the resolutions in his honor, adopted by the school board, early in the year, was read by the superintendent. The revised rules as recently arranged by the committee on rules were presented and adopted and the secretary was authorized to have the same printed. Before the meeting came to a close Supt. Molloy reported certain provisional transfers of grammar school pupils

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office by assuming that the people of this community are fools and can be imposed upon, and that he can make careless and untrue statements concerning those whom he is liable to meet in the streets in the future, and hold his head erect." If that method is necessary to secure public office, he may employ it. I do not care to adopt it. I have given you, Mr. Rogers, ample time to explain the expressions I have alluded to and shall expect an answer containing the reasons for your making the same before the end of the week. If you had no ground for making these statements, retract your words like a gentleman who would not intentionally bear false witness against a brother. I await your explanation. In conclusion, Mr. Osgood repudiated the insinuation that he is the assessor of another candidate. He stands, he said, for a principle and his opponent who criticizes him probably realizes what that principle is. It is not special privilege for the few at the expense of the many.

WILLIAM N. OSGOOD

Addressed Large Crowd This Noon

Mr. William N. Osgood, progressive candidate for congress, spoke this noon to a large crowd at the corner of Hall and Allen streets. The following is Mr. Osgood's speech: "I am one of my opponents in this contest are suggesting the proper way to reduce the high cost of living. That can be effected only by curbing the power of special privilege to dominate legislation in Washington and in the state capitals. Special privilege in the mind of Roosevelt 'must be driven out of politics.' It must not control the prices. It must not monopolize transportation facilities and collect exorbitant compensation from the consumers for getting the products of farmers and others to market. It must not exploit the struggling men, women and children in our factories, mines and shops. The humanities which have been introduced into political parties by the progressive party will stay until they have been applied. No politician or speaker in any of the old parties dares to attack special privilege in our platform. The only reason that can be advanced for this, is that they are right. A national party is necessary for concerted action to effect in the various states its enactment of uniform laws which shall guard the physical, social and economic welfare of our people. The generations that are to follow. Duties which belong to the state to perform, if neglected by them, such as abolishing child labor in some southern states, which is in some instances carried on by modern corporations having interests in our own city, must be forced to be performed by such states by the public opinion of a nation expressed in a national party and through its efforts. A Word to Mr. Rogers. Now I have a word or two to say about a certain assessor of another candidate of mine named Rogers, who seems to be so deluded by his notions or by notions instilled into him by his kitchen cabinet of political castaways, that the fifth congressional district of Massachusetts has been set apart by a beneficent act of Providence for his special benefit. He is so elated by this perverted view of the real fact that he can hardly imagine that any other citizen would dare to be a candidate against him for congress. Having the temerity to be a candidate I want to ask this man Rogers what seems to me to be a just question. What must be his answer? He must be the gentleman and the soldier that he is at least reputed to be. In public he has used the following expressions: "He," meaning me, "is but a lay figure for the democratic candidate, and there is this alliance." What does he mean by these words? What does he mean to insinuate? Are they the words of a careful and courteous gentleman, or those of a misinformed or unscrupulous person bent upon securing an office at any cost? Does he expect to sneak into

office by assuming that the people of this community are fools and can be imposed upon, and that he can make careless and untrue statements concerning those whom he is liable to meet in the streets in the future, and hold his head erect." If that method is necessary to secure public office, he may employ it. I do not care to adopt it. I have given you, Mr. Rogers, ample time to explain the expressions I have alluded to and shall expect an answer containing the reasons for your making the same before the end of the week. If you had no ground for making these statements, retract your words like a gentleman who would not intentionally bear false witness against a brother. I await your explanation. In conclusion, Mr. Osgood repudiated the insinuation that he is the assessor of another candidate. He stands, he said, for a principle and his opponent who criticizes him probably realizes what that principle is. It is not special privilege for the few at the expense of the many.

37,000 PEOPLE

To Witness the Harvard-Princeton Game at Cambridge Saturday—First Visit of Tigers in 15 Years

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 30.—Harvard preparations for the first visit of the Tiger football team in 15 years were practically completed today. Temporary seats have been erected in the big stadium for 37,000 people, new football songs are being rehearsed by the undergraduates and tradesmen's windows are blossoming out in Crimson and Orange and Black. Tickets for Saturday's game were in great demand. Harvard came through the fray with Brown last Saturday, practically unscathed although Captain Wendell walks with a limp and some of the other players are recovering from slight bruises. The Crimson's strong line of offense and defense will go into the game with Felton doing the punting, Brinkley the snap-kicking and Lindwily and Wendell as the halfbacks. The team has not worked hard during the three days following the Brown game but it was expected that the men would be sent through a stiff practice this afternoon.

AUTO ON FIRE

Engine Back-Fired While the Owner Was Cranking the Machine—Slight Damage Done

An alarm from box 218 at 8:38 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to extinguish a fire in an automobile belonging to Curtis W. Johnson at the junction of Parker, Plain and Houghton streets. Mr. Johnson was in the act of cranking his machine when the engine back-fired and in a few seconds the wood-work of the car was aflame. The department was soon on the scene and extinguished the blaze before much damage was done. LOWELL LODGE, A. O. U. W.

Has Received Many Favorable Replies to Letters Sent to Candidates for Senators and Representatives

Recently a committee of ten of the Lowell lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, sent inquiries to the candidates for senators and representatives regarding their attitude toward the new federal bill of 1911, known as the Mullin bill, and placing a high standard of solvency upon the social and beneficial organizations. The committee is directing its efforts toward having this entire bill reported and if this cannot be accomplished they will endeavor to have section 23 stricken

OLD AS THE HILLS

Gum drops, the real old-fashioned drugist drop, we have always sold, more especially as a throat relief than otherwise. In reality it is a delicious and healthful confection when fresh. We now have freshly packed, and wrapped in neat 10c boxes the "Acachu" gum drop, assorted flavors, and we promise you a delightful surprise if you try them. Howard, the drugist, 137 Central street.

NEW YORK Cloak and Suit Co.

YOU MAKE A BIG MISTAKE

If you miss looking at our superb stock of

Suits and Coats BEFORE YOU BUY.

Better styles at less prices. Service that no other store can boast of. We have special values in Suits today at \$12.75 and \$18.75. We want your opinion and comparison with suits shown elsewhere at \$5 more.

Expert fitters do the alterations. If you value the fit and style we can please you.

My, But the Coats Are Nobby This Fall

250 Swell Coats added to our immense stock today. If your mind is on a coat—step right down here. Special values this week at

\$10 and \$14.75

You will wonder at all the coats we can show you.

A Word About DRESSES

This is the Dress Store of Lowell

Our entire second floor is given over to Dresses. Everything from the House Dress at 98c to the elaborate Gown at \$100.

Special sale of Serge \$5.00 Dresses

Special sale of Silk \$10 Dresses

See our Skirts. See our Waists. See our Bath Robes. See the Children's Coats. See our Marabouts. See the Swell Fur Coats.

New York CLOAK and SUIT CO. Cherry & Webb 12-18 JOHN ST.

out, for it affects nearly all fraternal and beneficial organizations. Favorable replies in regard to this measure have been received from the following candidates: Senator Erson H. Barlow, Henry J. Draper, Robert William Drawbridge, Rep. Edward Fisher, Alonzo G. Walsh, Rep. Otis W. Tudor, Michael H. Brady, Rep. Henry Achin, Jr., Victor Francis Jewett, Rep. Joseph Craig, Thomas S. Cuff, William Kennedy and Charles H. Williams of Billerica.

BETTER THAN COFFEE Both tea and coffee contain caffeine, a drug possessing stimulating properties, but which when steadily used has an injurious effect on the nervous system. Why not choose a drink which helps to restore the vital powers rather than one which tends to weaken them?

BORDEN'S Malted Milk

IN THE SQUARE PACKAGE

consisting of rich creamy milk, with extracts of wheat and barley malt (in powder form), is a delicious and nourishing beverage. Now used by thousands in place of tea or coffee; it's more tasty, more beneficial and costs less. You will remember the pleasant taste.

Get Free Trial Package and Unusual Recipe Book from Your Druggist, or Malted Milk Department BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO. New York

BORDEN'S Malted Milk HAS NO EQUAL

Prepared by Borden's Condensed Milk Co. NEW YORK, U.S.A.

COAL QUESTION WAS DISCUSSED

At Largely Attended Meeting in the Board of Trade Rooms Last Night

The rooms of the Lowell Board of Trade in the Central block were taxed to their capacity last evening, when members of the board, coal dealers and others interested in the prevailing coal conditions met and discussed the high prices of the "black diamonds."

Many members of the Lowell Terminal Co., with offices in Boston, were present, but none made reference to the purpose of the organization. Many speakers were heard and the meeting proved interesting and exciting. W. A. Clark, president of the New England Retail Dealers Coal association, was the principal speaker, and he discussed at length the high cost of coal to the retail dealers, and the reasons for the prices. Charles C. Allen, treasurer of the Lowell Terminal Co., with offices in Boston, was invited to attend the meeting, was unable to be present.

The question was asked as to why the Lowell Gas Light company has raised the price of coke, when the company is not required to pay a higher price for coal. It was suggested that while an investigation of the coal question is going on that the coke matter be also looked into.

Mr. Clark proved well informed on the coal question, and imparted considerable information relative to

is my faith in the people of our nation.

500,000,000 Tons

There is mined in this country upwards of 500,000,000 tons of coal; of this some 80,000,000 is anthracite, or hard coal; the balance is known as bituminous; semi-bituminous, semi-anthracite, lignite, etc.

"It is anthracite, as you call it hard coal. I will tell you about it."

"First, practically all there is in the country is in Pennsylvania in a region covering less than 200 square miles. The coal veins lie in three separate fields, yet close together, running in a general way from northeast toward the southwest. The upper field is where the coal known to the trade as free burning comes from; middle and part of the southern as Lehigh; while to the extreme south end of the deposits there is very pure free coal known to the trade as Lykens Valley. There is little reason to believe that the present time. Formerly considerable was used in New England and known as Franklin.

Originally the country known as the anthracite coal fields was a farming region, and descendants of the original farmers still own some property in the region. In many cases receiving a royalty on coal mined. Many of the immense fortunes, for which the trade is famous or infamous, came from these royalties paid through all these years past.

I noticed in the financial news lately that one of the larger companies, 100 10 cents per ton into a sinking fund to retire bonds. This was covering their own property. I have heard of 50 cents per ton being paid, but it is hearsay.

You know where a ton of coal is mined and gone to market that much coal property has left the owner, and it cannot be replaced. "This gone forever."

"Up to about 20 years ago the concerns producing coal mined and sold coal recklessly, with little apparent thought for the future of the mines, or of the public. Back in those days the retailer with capital was able to go into the market and buy coal with his money, driving his own bargains and making his own contracts for delivery. Today, and during the past 10 years, anyway, all this has been changed.

"Nowadays the retail distributor has mighty little to say about it. He buys on a contract that is not his side—not his side, as you call it, he can get and is thankful to be allowed to exist. Let me read you a sample sale agreement or contract issued by one of the larger originating mining companies.

"Orders for coal are accepted only for shipment within the month in which same is coal. For an advance such order, or any portion of same, is not shipped within the month, the coal will be forwarded at the current price prevailing at the time of shipment, unless you request prior to such shipment cancellation of same.

"Your order is solicited subject to the terms and conditions printed on both sides of this blank."

"These prices subject to change in freight rates."

Conditions of Sale

"Terms cash on receipt of invoice. Remittance to be made by New York draft (made payable to order of) or currency, (charges prepaid).

"No contract will be considered binding until orders have been duly received and duly accepted."

"Price of coal will be rates as fixed by circular from time to time and will be charged at rates of circulars at time of shipment, regardless of date of orders."

"Orders for coal when accepted will be filled as nearly as possible in the regular order of their receipt. All shipments will be subject, in all respects, to the usual regulations of the railroad companies."

"All coal will be carefully weighed by competent weighers at time of shipment, and bills of lading and invoices made in conformity therewith, and no claims will be allowed for short weight. Bills of lading or other regular testimony of shipment to be proof thereof, both as regards time and quantity, and coal shall be settled for without the same has not arrived at its destination or not."

"If at any time the operations or business of the company, at the mines, or on the roads by which coal is to be transported in place of consignment, are interrupted by floods, breaks, strikes, combinations, or by any other cause, the obligation of the company to deliver coal under its contracts or agreements may, at its option, be cancelled; and no liability shall accrue to the company for damages by reason of such non-shipment or delivery."

Now, what does this mean in plain English? Just this, in a normal year, one like 1911, no shutdown on account of labor troubles, some time in March a coal dealer enters an order with the mining companies for, say, 5000 tons to be shipped after spring prices are made. April 1. He doesn't know what the price will be when he places the order. April 1st he gets an acceptance on a blank form, backed with one of these contracts, and during April they will possibly ship him a thousand tons of coal on his order of five. In May another thousand tons, but not at the same price. In June he will get another thousand, or possibly 1500 tons, at a still higher price. In July he will probably get the balance of his order filled, and at a still higher price, or 20 cents per ton more than he paid in April.

Summer Prices

Now, somehow, about the middle of April, the public has become accustomed to hearing so-called summer prices announced, and for all summer's time the dealer makes? He doesn't know what coal is to cost him, and must do some guessing. He should strike an average that he has learned from experience is fair.

Now comes the question of cost of doing business, to be added to the cost of the coal.

One of the peculiar things in the retail coal trade is that very few dealers really know what it costs them per ton to do business. I will go into that at length a little later on.

Increasingly, years the cost of coal increases again and again, and at last advanced 50 cents per ton over the April price above referred to; so that the dealer receiving coal shipped in September pays 50 cents per ton more for it than what he had shipped him in April.

After that, the larger companies do not change prices again until the following April. That, at least, has been the proceeding for the last 10 years. They did jump out coal 25 cents a few years ago, however, between these dates.

During the past 10 years there have been many changes in the trade, making for a higher cost to the consumer. Increase in wages, at the mines to the miners and all other employees. Increase all along the line between the coal 600 and 800 feet underground away over the road route to your coal bins, and, finally, the fellow who cleans out ash pits, the fellow who

increased is the railroad freight rate. Included railroad freight rate, and the only reason that hasn't come up with the other things is that the interstate commerce commission at Washington won't let it.

Let us come down to this year and present conditions. April 1, last, all the miners stopped work—not on strike, as a new agreement. They wouldn't stay and work and allow negotiations to go on, but just quit. Last winter, you will remember, was a cold, hard season. The severe weather lasted an unusually long time. The demand for coal was unprecedented, with the result that all mines worked full time right up to the shut down. Generally coal mined between March 10 and April 1, is stored, and there is coal to begin the season with. But this year the call for coal was so great right up to April 1 that the storage coal was small account.

The shut down lasted until May 22. During this period the working forces in many cases left the regions in large numbers, and some have not returned. There is a great scarcity of labor all through the coal regions today.

There have been shut downs since for trivial reasons. One colliery shut

\$8.50, the freight rate being \$2.55. This means the dealer gets \$6.15, and \$5.60, Fall River, \$5 for coal. It is not fair to say that the price of coal is not fair to the consumer, because they receive their coal by vessel, and boat rates are much cheaper than rail. This would apply to Portland, Bangor, Portsmouth and Hartford.

There are other costs, however, to dealers securing coal by water that help to equalize costs. Their rates are the same as Lowell; Holyoke has a less rail rate than Lowell, and Hartford a very much lower rate. Woonsocket's price, \$9.57½, seems an odd figure for coal, but using it I will give you the comparative figures.

It is plain to me that these figures furnish absolute proof that dealers through New England are trying to be fair, and are charging the public in accordance with costs. In many cases the figures show a loss to the dealers on present costs.

There is an element that is lost sight of by some of you, I imagine, and that is the cost of your coal. I have had a Lowell dealer at \$7.50 per ton in June, that he will all your order, no matter what it costs him. That is the custom of the trade.

Comparison of Prices

A careful comparison of prices in various cities shows that the figures at which coal is sold less the freight paid, are not as widely different as newspapers would have us think:

Lowell—\$9 and \$9.50; freight rate, \$2.35 and \$2.40; coal, \$6.15 and \$5.60.

Haverhill—\$9.50 and \$9.75; rate, \$2.25 and \$2.35; coal, \$6.10 and \$6.15.

Manchester—\$10; rate, \$3.55; coal, \$6.45.

Concord—\$10; rate, \$3.60; coal, \$6.40.

Hillsdale—\$10; rate, \$3.60; coal, \$6.40.

Nashua—\$9 and \$9.25; rate, \$2.55; coal, \$5.60.

Waterbury—\$8.50, rate \$3.05; coal, \$5.45. Differential supposed to exist on this.

New Haven—\$7.50, tide water point near New York.

Bridgeport, Conn.—\$7.50.

Worcester—\$8.50; rate, \$2.35; coal, \$5.75. B. & A. point where cars are returned quickly to Albany.

Fall River, \$8. New Bedford, Bangor, Portsmouth, Hartford, all tide points. Hartford, for instance, has a rate \$2.40, while New Britain, next nearer the mine, \$2.35.

And so on all over New England prices vary from \$7.75 to \$10 and \$11 per ton for coal that you order from retailers today, because the retailer is paying retailers' prices to get the goods.

While we are looking into this, suppose we take the regular circular prices that we would have to pay under normal conditions, \$1 to \$4.40 at the mines, say \$4.25 per ton, freight is \$3.35, cost on car at Lowell \$7.60 gross ton \$7.75—car weights—or practically \$7 per net ton.

The normal selling price on this would be what? Cost per ton of doing business in Lowell is about \$1.35 per ton, according to figures gathered from other places. I believe careful investigation would show them to be more.

Most people forget what goes to make up the cost of doing business. That the difference between cost of goods and the selling price must pay all expenses and profits.

Here are some, if not all the items that a coal dealer pays out money for, and some that show shrinkage in goods.

Salaries of office force and manager. Labor, including teamsters and all yard employees.

Office sundries: telephones, postage, etc.

Insurance of all kinds. State of Massachusetts has recently doubled the cost of our liability insurance.

Interest on borrowed money and on capital invested.

Feed for horses.

Extra team hire in rush season. Shrinkage in weight.

Shoeing and repairing. Depreciation and bad bills.

Labor increase in Lowell last 10 years 40 per cent.

Every one who buys goods from coal, groceries, meats, or dry goods, has expenses like these, and some must pay the merchant for the outgo, or he will go bankrupt.

A grocer recently told me that it cost him \$12000 per year to run a delivery team, not counting the loss of a horse now and then.

I might go on for an hour or more along these lines, but would only be going more into detail of what has been covered in this little talk, trying to show you somewhat the difficulties confronting the coal dealers of today.

When you go home from here and from now on I ask you to forget the price you pay, the dirt and ashes you clean up. Remember only the pleasure and comfort you and yours derive from the anthracite you are using in your house.

Questions Asked

At the completion of Mr. Clark's address, the president announced that the speaker would answer questions relative to the topic of discussion.

Capt. White, inquired about a letter received by Mr. Clark stating that there is plenty of coal to be shipped, and wanted to know why, with the product so plentiful, the high prices prevailed. Mr. C. said that the letter referred to a news item mine, which was very productive, but that western dealers were receiving the preference in orders.

The speaker was asked as to the cost of production and the cost to consumer.

BREAKS A COLD IN A FEW HOURS—PAPE'S

First dose Pape's Cold Compound Relieves Grippe

After the very first dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" you distinctly feel the cold breaking and all the disagreeable grippe symptoms leaving.

It is a positive fact that a dose of Pape's Cold Compound taken every three hours until three consecutive doses are taken will cure Grippe or break up the most severe cold, either in the head, chest, back, stomach or limbs.

It promptly ends the most miserable headache, dullness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, running of the nose, mucous nasal discharge, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges.

Take this wonderful compound with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance or after-effects as a 25-cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply. Contains no quinine—be sure you get what you ask for—accept no substitute—belongs in every home. Tastes nice—acts gently.



ARTHUR L. GRAY
Who Presided at the Meeting

down because so many men went to a ball game they couldn't get that ball game the country 1200 tons of coal when she badly needed it. The miners are supposed to work on open shop basis, yet one concern was shut down, and failed to mine 200,000 tons, last several thousand refused to join the union. By the way, a very large portion of this amount would have come to New England, because the way is favorable for this particular concern.

A peculiar thing about retail coal business is that everyone knows how to conduct it. Like a city fire department, the outsider knows more than the chief, always.

"Presently I am going to tell you how much it costs to do business; that is a coal business from the mines to your coal bin, reminding you, however, that you may have increased butter and lard, but not calling for an investigation. How many of you know that the average family of five pays more for butter in a year than they do for coal. My barber bill me up the other day on the increased cost of coal, and I agreed that my shaving bills had increased more in the last 10 years than his coal bills. I am sorry to say that one of the evils of the coal trade is that very few dealers keep an accurate cost sheet, and know exactly how and where expenses accrue. As a class they forget to add shrinkage in weight for one thing. Coal is almost always short weight in our lots, and the dealer has no redress. I was told recently of an inland dealer who was short 13 1/2 tons on a lot of 800 tons bought at Mystic. Now 13 tons of coal at \$9 a ton is about a hundred dollars. All these go to make up the cost.

My rambling talk to you is to show you somewhat the difficulties of doing business from the coal merchants' standpoint. Of course, if it was only getting a car of coal once a year, and then going out of business, it would be a very different business to carry on.

Gets Down to Figures

To get down to figures, I find the following to be accepted as reasonably accurate:

There was shipped from the anthracite region in 1911, 59,954,299 tons. Somewhere about 9,900,000 tons came to New England.

Ordinary years there is something over 2,000,000 tons in the hands of the operators April 1. This year there was practically nothing.

The mines turned out during the period from April to October:

	1911	1912
April	5,504,915	256,625
May	6,317,352	1,429,252
June	6,109,428	1,109,428
July	4,804,065	6,285,153
August	5,531,796	6,576,591
September	5,720,935	6,576,496

This year's September tonnage was 4,952,529, sizes from pea up, with 923,967, smaller sizes. These figures, taking into consideration that householders and retailers were unusually well stocked on April 1st, show a shortage—taking the country as a whole—of between six and seven million tons, or 10 per cent of the tonnage shipped during the year 1911.

This tonnage is mined by eight large interests who are strongly competitive in the sales of their business. Then there are a lot of independent coal producing companies, who in normal years produce perhaps eight to ten million tons. These concerns generally sell their coal wherever the best market price is paid, and just now have no difficulty in getting a handsome increase over their usual figures. Sales made recently at Mystic wharf were \$8.15 to \$8.50 per ton on cars, and \$5.25 to \$5.50 at mines for rail cars.

Year local paper published a list of cities Oct. 15th and gave prices of coal in the several places mentioned. In addition to these I have taken a number of other typical places and will give the present selling price, freight rates and coal costs.

Before going into this I will ask some of you business men what you consider a fair net profit on a ton of coal. That is, in your opinion, what should a retail coal dealer have for profit after all expenses are paid, including interest on investment, and all depreciations are deducted, net to him to save or expend as he chooses.

Your local paper mentioned: Worcester at \$8; Haverhill at \$9; Bangor, \$8.15; Hartford, \$8; Fall River, \$8; Holyoke, \$8.50; Portsmouth, \$7.50; Lowell, \$8.50; Portland, \$8.75; Woonsocket, \$9.87½.

At Worcester coal sells at \$8 and at

er, and he said, that while he could not say exactly, he thought about \$1 to \$1.40 a ton to retail.

John P. Quinn asked where the speculators got their coal, and when informed that they received it from the independents, he said that there was something wrong.

Commissioner Cummings inquired as to the pre-arrangement of prices. Mr. Clark answered by saying that the organization to which he belongs never discusses prices with the idea of controlling them.

Secretary Coffin Spoke

Robert S. Coffin, first assistant secretary of the Boston Chamber of Commerce said that the price of coal at present warrants an investigation. He said anthracite coal is now the richest man's fuel, and if people are obliged to pay \$9 and \$9.50 a ton for the coal, it is time that the problem received consideration.

"A substitute for anthracite coal should be found," said the speaker. "I am told that in Italy they have instituted heating stations to convey heat to private houses, and the scheme is working satisfactorily."

Many of the other men present asked questions relative to the coal problem.

Hallowell Sweet Cider. Boyle Bros.

American Horse Won

NEWMARKET, Eng., Oct. 30.—An American-owned horse today won the Cambridge Stakes Handicap which resulted as follows: Louis Vismans, Adam Bede, third; LaBonne, second; and Drinnore, third. Twenty horses ran.

Swamp-Root is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.

Dancing, Armory, Wed. eve., Co. C.

A WARNING TO MANY

Some Interesting Facts Regarding Health Statistics

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot be brought back to health and strength.

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. According to health statistics, Bright's disease which is really an advanced form of kidney trouble, caused nearly ten thousand deaths in 1910, in the state of New York alone. Therefore, it behooves us to pay more attention to the health of these most important organs.

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

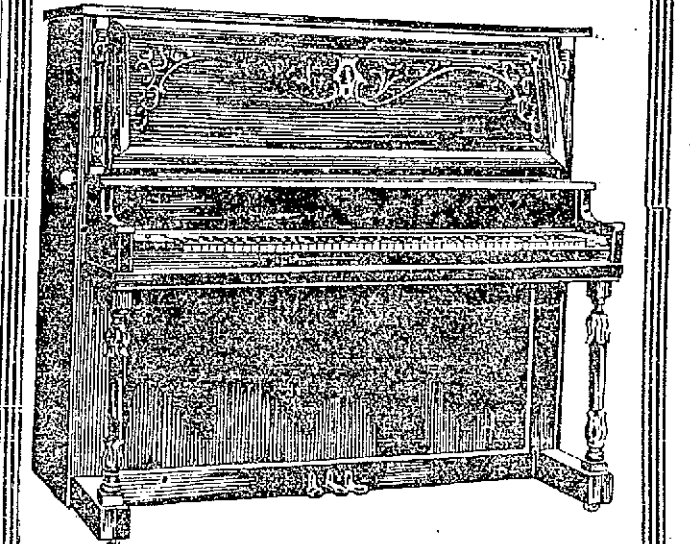
The mild and healing influence of this preparation is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of cures.

If you feel that your kidneys require attention, and wish a sample bottle, write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Mention this paper and they will gladly forward it to you absolutely free, by mail.

Swamp-Root is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.

Slaughter SALE OF PIANOS

At the Storage Salesrooms



Must be sold this week. 300 new and little-used Pianos from dealers whose names we cannot mention for business reasons, who want cash quickly, and they know they can get it at our Sacrifice Storage Salesrooms. Our cut price tag is put on them, and they go for a song. They are neither marked higher nor lower—they are sacrificed. Sometimes a Piano with an exquisite case, hand-carved with the skill of an artist, goes for a price that is really an insult to its artistic worth. Our Storage Salesroom sacrifice tag tells nothing of art—it tells only the cold fact that the Piano must be sold—sold quickly, and, of course, at a price that carries joy only to the buyer. If you want a piano bargain, see what the Roxbury Storage Salesrooms' sacrifice tag can do for you. Come quick.

YOUR OWN TERMS

New and Little Used Pianos—All Makes

Kimball Upright	\$125	Kranich & Bach Upright	\$90
Steinway Upright	\$115	H. F. Miller Upright	\$85
McPhail Upright	\$65	Hallet & Davis Upright	\$90
Chickering Upright	\$65	Haynes Upright	\$165
Chickering Upright	\$55	McPhail Upright	\$80
Emerson Upright	\$75	Shuman Upright	\$175
Vose Piano	\$50	Doll & Sons Upright	\$250
Ivers & Pond Upright	\$80	Behning Upright	\$50

SPECIAL—Some of the NEW 88-Note PLAYER PIANOS, also some fine ones slightly used, are on our selling floors at very lowest prices.

Three years allowed to test the pianos. If not satisfied, same amount allowed on any of our 300 new pianos in stock.

\$5 DOWN—\$1 A WEEK

DELIVERED FREE ANYWHERE IN UNMARKED WAGONS

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms

Lowell Branch, 227 CENTRAL STREET, Lowell, Mass.

Open Daily and Monday and Saturday Evenings Till 9 O'Clock.

Lowell Opera House

JULIUS CARR, Prop. and Mgr.

TONIGHT

P. Paul Marcel Co.

Presenting

L'ABBE CONSTANTIN

Prize: 250, 500, 750, 1000 francs

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5

Coming With Another Hit!

FREDERICK Bickley Presents

BLANCHE RING

In Her Most Successful Success

The Wall Street Girl

First Sale Wednesday, Oct. 30

Prizes: 250, 500, 750, \$1, \$150, \$2

One Night—Friday, Nov. 8

Aborn English

GRAND OPERA CO.

PRESENTING

By Special Request

Puccini's Charming

Madame Butterfly

75 In the Double Cast,

Chorus & Orchestra

Splendid and Artistic Scenery, Costumes and Effects.

Prizes: Orch., \$200, \$150, \$100, \$50, \$25, \$10, \$5, \$2.50, \$1.00, \$0.50, \$0.25, \$0.10, \$0.05, \$0.02, \$0.01.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

On the Way to Boston

for a Run

Read the Book.

See the Play.

Grab Night, Tonight

A Real Live Baby Given Away FREE

Feature Picture

Gerardo's Last Raid—Two Reels

Grab Night, Tonight

A Real Live Baby Given Away FREE

Feature Picture

Gerardo's Last Raid—Two Reels

Grab Night, Tonight

A Real Live Baby Given Away FREE

Feature Picture

Gerardo's Last Raid—Two Reels

Grab Night, Tonight

A Real Live Baby Given Away FREE

Feature Picture

Gerardo's Last Raid—Two Reels

Harry Grant and Le Cain Were Stars at the Rockingham Meet Yesterday Afternoon



JACK LECAIN AND HARRY GRANT

Harry Grant, twice winner of the Vanderbilt cup race, and Jack Le Cain, driving Stutz cars, and Harry Cobb piloting a Jackson car, were the star performers at the meet held at Rockingham park in Salem, N. H., yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of a committee of Boston and Lowell automobile dealers. Grant captured the special 30-mile match race and established a track record for one mile; Cobb romped in a winner in the 10-mile event for the Rockingham park association, and Jack Le Cain won the 20-mile event. Three track records were shattered in the five events. There were about three thousand enthusiasts present, the weather was ideal, and there was no accident to mar the success of the affair.

The first number on the program was the one-mile trials, which was won by Harry Grant in the Grand Prix Stutz in 57 3-5 seconds, establishing a new mile record for the track. Grant reeled off the first half in 27 1-5 seconds and the second half in 30 2-5 seconds. This mark was untouched by his opponents during the afternoon. The former record of 1 minute 3 2-5 seconds was held by Charley Basie.

Albert T. Hart in the National negotiated the mile in 1 minute 1 2-5 seconds, Charley Basie in the Jackson 59 2-5 seconds, and Harry Cobb in the Jackson 60 made the half in 31 seconds flat and the mile in 1 minute 2 2-5 seconds.

Grant then went out in the Stutz 30 and circled the track in 1 minute 1 1-5 seconds. Dan Higgins of Worcester, in

the Studebaker 20, made the mile in 1 minute 7 1-5 seconds.

Rockingham Park Trophy

Six cars lined up for the time for the Rockingham park trophy. Le Cain was at the wheel of the Grand Prix Stutz, and Harry Grant was in the Stutz 50. Basie and Cobb drove Jacksons, Higgins was in the stripped Studebaker, and Hart was seated in the National.

At the gun Cobb jumped into the lead with Basie a close second and the two were never headed, crossing the finish line in that order. Le Cain was compelled to withdraw on the first lap when his gear shifting lever stuck and he couldn't get into second speed. The trouble was easily remedied, however, and the machine did excellent work in the other events. Grant was the last

DOLLAR WISDOM

is the saving of a part of each dollar by spending it right.

OUR CASH SYSTEM

helps you spend it right by giving you the most for it.

Our advertisements in the BOSTON SUNDAY PAPERS bring the opportunities to you weekly. Read them and

ORDER BY MAIL

Houghton & Dutton Co.

"New England's Great Cash Store" BOSTON, MASS.

man to get away in this event and was in last position for two miles but in the third he went into fourth position and on the next mile took third place and held it until the finish. Cobb's time for the five miles was a new record, and for the full distance 10 minutes 54 4-5 seconds.

Twenty-five Mile Professional

The 25-mile professional race brought out the same entries, with the exception of Higgins, the limitation of piston displacement, made his small car ineligible. Cobb jumped into the lead at the gun with Le Cain second, Hart third, Grant fourth and Basie fifth. By the end of the second mile Le Cain had taken the lead from Cobb and Grant and Basie had each moved up a point. At five miles Le Cain led by about 15 yards in 5 minutes 20 2-5 seconds. Positions were the same at the end of the 10th mile, Le Cain leading by about a quarter of a mile, the time being 10 minutes 32 seconds. Grant and Cobb then began a battle royal for second position and interest centered in this fight for it was a foregone conclusion that Le Cain would be an easy winner unless he met with an accident. At the turn Grant would gain on his opponent, but in the stretches Cobb showed great speed and would make up for the distance he lost on the turns.

Le Cain crossed the tape a winner with Cobb second and Grant third. The times for each five miles follow: Five miles, 5 m 20 2-5 sec; ten miles, 10 m 32 sec; 15 miles, 15 m 40 sec; 20 miles, 20 m 52 sec; 25 miles, 26 m 48 sec.

Established New Record

George W. Downs drove over the road from Providence in his National and before he had been at the park five minutes went after a new amateur record for the mile. He covered the distance in 1 m 5 sec.

Grant Wins Special Race

Grant in the Grand Prix Stutz, Le Cain in the Stutz 50 and Basie in the Jackson 60 lined up for the special 20-mile match race. Cobb was to have driven the Jackson, but was compelled to withdraw owing to illness and Basie was substituted. Grant took the lead at the start closely followed by Le Cain and Basie was trailing behind. Basie caught Le Cain at the start of the fourth mile and held second place until the 13th mile when Le Cain passed him. On the 14th mile Basie had considerable difficulty with his machine and Grant lapped him. And Le Cain lapped Basie in the 16th mile. Grant lapped Basie for the second time in the 19th mile and crossed the tape a winner in 21 m 33 3-5 sec. Le Cain was a good second.

The summary:

One-mile time-trial to establish track record—Won by Harry Grant, Grand Prix Stutz, Harry Grant, Stutz 50, second; Harry Cobb, Jackson, third. Time—57 3-5 sec. (New record.)

Ten-mile, professional non-stock free-for-all, for Rockingham park trophy—Won by Harry Cobb, Jackson; Charles Basie, Jackson, second; Harry Grant, Stutz, third. Time—10m, 54 4-5 sec.

Twenty-five mile professional non-stock, 301-500 cubic inches piston displacement—Won by Jack Le Cain, Stutz; Harry Cobb, Jackson, second; Harry Grant, Stutz, third. Time—26m, 48 sec.

One-mile amateur time trial for track record—George W. Downs, National. Time—1m, 5 sec. (New amateur record.)

Twenty-mile match race, professional—Won by Harry Grant, Stutz; Jack Le Cain, Stutz, second; Charles Basie, Jackson, third. Time—21m, 33 3-5 sec. (New record.)

SHE COMMITTED SUICIDE

Woman Ended Life By Taking Gas

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 30.—Lying between her two pet cats, which had been asphyxiated by the illuminating gas fumes the body of Mrs. Adelaide E. Ingraham, 59 years old, was found at her home here yesterday.

Mrs. Ingraham, who came here from Portland, Me., some years ago, had notified her attorney of her suicidal intentions, and had made every provision for the distribution of her property. At one time she was well-to-do, but it is said that her possessions had dwindled lately.

Mrs. Ingraham's attorney, upon receipt of the letter saying she was to commit suicide, hastened to her house with a police officer. After breaking down the doors, they found the woman's body in a room between the two cats which had been her only companions.

LIVELY BLAZE

Broke Out in the Bobbin Baking House of the Lowell Shuttle Company

A lively blaze broke out in the bobbin baking house of the Lowell Shuttle Co. at the corner of Tanner and St. Hyacinth streets shortly after ten o'clock last night, this being the second fire at this place within a week. The fire was discovered before it had gained much headway and was extinguished by the firemen, who responded to an alarm from box 163, before much damage was done.

The fire started in the oven in which the enamel is baked on the hard wood bobbins. Several hundred bobbins which were in the oven were destroyed and some damage was done by smoke and water.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1912

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

ON SALE THURSDAY

LINEN DEPARTMENT

3500 YARDS

Linen Finish Curtain Scrim

38 to 40 inches wide, fine even mesh, in pure white, cream or Arab; very desirable for living room or chamber curtains. Regular 10c quality

ONLY 8c YARD

PALMER STREET

LINEN DEPT.

News from the Upstairs Bargain Table

\$3.98 Colored Wash Dresses	49c
\$2.98 White Wash Skirts	98c
\$7.50 White Lingerie Dresses	\$2.98
\$7.50 Children's Winter Coats (3 only)	\$2.98
\$1.98 Children's Colored Dresses	98c
\$2.98 Children's Dresses	\$1.98

"Handie" Dresses 89c for Thursday Only

We will offer Thursday morning 25 Dozen Handie Dresses at 89c each. This is for one day only, and prices will be restored Friday.

\$1.98 Middy Blouses 98c

Made in Norfolk style with striped flannel or plain colored collar and cuffs. Regular \$1.98 Middy. Thursday... 98c

\$1.50 Golf Vests 98c

Made of extra heavy yarn, colors white, red, oxford and black. Regular price \$1.50... 98c

\$1.98 Sweaters 98c

Extra fine sweaters, colors oxford and maroon only. Specially priced for Thursday... 98c

CLOAK DEPT.

SECOND FLOOR

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

Thursday Specials

GINGHAM—Two cases of fine gingham remnants, stripes and checks, 10c value.

Thursday Special 5c Yard

BLEACHED DOMET—Remnants of fine bleached domet flannel; good, warm quality for undergarments; 10c value.

Thursday Special 6 1/4c Yard

KIMONA FLANNEL—Kimona flannel, large assortment of patterns in all new fall coloring, 12 1-2c value.

Thursday Special 6 1/4c Yard

BLEACHED COTTON—One case of remnants of good bleached cotton, full yard wide, 8c value.

Thursday Special 5c Yard

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' UNDERWEAR—Misses' and children's fleeced underwear, good and heavy garment, 25c value.

Thursday Special 15c Each

BOYS' HOSE—Boys' heavy ribbed hose, 12 1-2c value.

Thursday Special 7c Pair

INDIAN BLANKETS—Indian blankets, large variety of patterns and colorings, \$1.50 value.

Thursday Special \$1.00 Each

MEN'S FLEECE UNDERWEAR—75 dozen men's heavy fleeced lined underwear, 50c value.

Thursday Special 25c Each

BLACK SATEEN SKIRTS—Skirts made of fine black cloth, nicely made, \$1.00 value.

Thursday Special 59c Each

WAS SENTENCED TO JAIL RETURN OF A LETTER THE LIQUOR LICENSES

For Assault on Prison Officer

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Found guilty of assaulting Deputy Warden Nathan D. Allen of the state prison with a piece of sidewalk brick, after a lengthy hearing in the Charlestown court, yesterday, Timothy Golding alias James J. Gallagher, the ex-convict, who was recently paroled from the state prison by the prison commissioners for his good behavior, was sentenced to serve six months in the house of correction by Judge Bragg.

Golding conducted his own case and questioned the witnesses. Golding stated that he was looking for a relative in the vicinity of the prison and that he did not throw the brick which struck Deputy Warden Allen.

Golding was captured by Deputy Allen after a lively chase and a rough and tumble battle in a doorway on Chapman street.

When placed under arrest Monday night Golding was charged with drunkenness. This charge was placed on file yesterday and he was sentenced on a charge of assault and battery. Golding appealed and was held in \$500 for the superior court.

Brings the News of Son's Death

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The return of a registered letter from Sacramento, Cal., a few days ago was the sole messenger that told of the death of Thomas F. Stack, Jr., whose parents reside at 197 Eastern avenue, Malden. Mr. Stack, who was 33 years of age, had been in California for some few years, where he was striving to build up his health. Some two weeks ago his mother mailed a registered letter to her son, but was shocked to have the missive returned marked that the addressee was dead. She immediately got into communication with the chief of police of that place and the coroner and found that her son had died from an old ailment. He occupied a small house on the outskirts of the city and was a dog fancier. He was in moderate circumstances.

He was formerly well known in Malden and Boston as an electrician. His remains are to be shipped east.

Found Dead

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Richard E. Connell, democratic representative in congress and candidate for re-election, was found dead in his bed at his home here this morning.

Two Granted by License Board Today

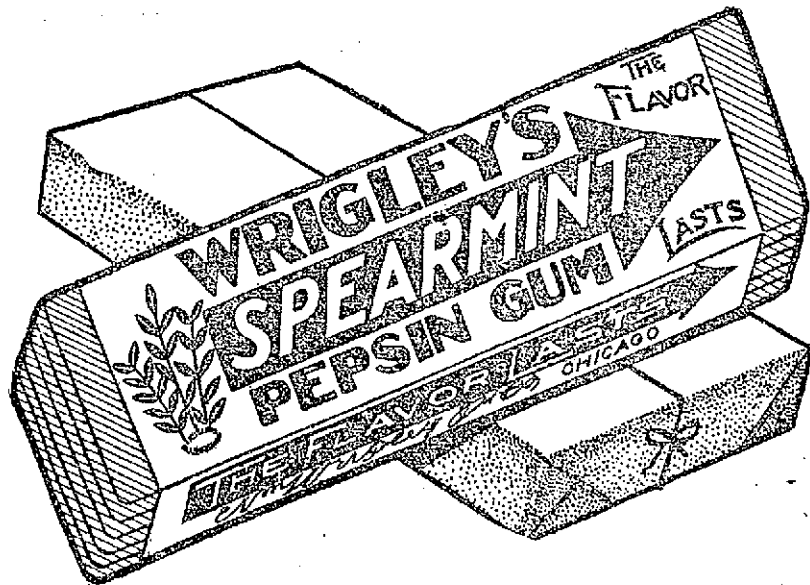
The license commissioners, at a special meeting this morning, voted to accept the surrender of the first class common victualler and fourth class dealer's license of the Joyce Company of which John Joyce is president and Charles H. Joyce is treasurer. It was also voted to refund \$1250 of the license money paid by the Joyce Co. for the benefit of its creditors.

The board granted a first class common victualler's license at 35-35 Middle street to John J. Regan and Elizabeth Regan and a fourth class dealer's license at 27-31 Middle street to Daniel E. McQuade.

Mr. Regan has been with Thomas H. Boyle in Merrimack square for a number of years and Mr. McQuade is the son of Elias A. McQuade.

To Fight Gypsy Moth

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Various interests are represented today at a hearing before the federal horticultural board on a proposed crusade against the gypsy brown-tail moth, which have caused immense loss in New England. The board is to determine the necessity of a quarantine against certain parts of New England to prevent the spread of the pest.



Buy it. Try it. Enjoy it. You'll buy this smallest-cost, longest-last pastime again.

BUY IT BY THE BOX

—of any dealer. It costs little by the package but less by the box.

10A

Look for the spear

The flavor lasts

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY AND BUSINESS STABILITY

The campaign, now in the last week, is waxing quite warm locally. The congressional contest especially engaging attention. While we do not care to follow the absurd statements of some candidates on the republican side, we would caution the people against being imposed upon by appeals for support of any candidate other than democratic.

The republican party cannot break its alliance with the trusts which it brought into being and simply refuses to reduce the tariff which shelters the trusts.

The republican candidate for congress favors federal regulation of the trusts, but we have had sufficient tampering with all such methods. The chief trouble is, that the republican party in dealing with the trusts is not sincere and it is useless to hope for any remedy from that party. It is equally useless to look to the Bull Moose party for a remedy, for Cal. Roosevelt while president fostered the trusts so that at the close of his administration they were eight times as powerful as when he took up the reins of office.

The democratic party would reduce the tariff wall that shelters the trusts; it would impose a tariff where necessary to prevent unfair foreign competition; but for revenue purposes only. The contention of the democratic party is, that the present high tariff that in many cases is prohibitive is unconstitutional when not required for the purpose of revenue. There is free trade in labor as there is no barrier to the influx of foreigners to this country with the result that in many cases, conditions such as we find in Lawrence are brought about.

But so long have the trusts and combines been accustomed to this special privilege protection, that they hate to have it reduced in any form, but as soon as they see any prospect of a reduction of the tariff they raise the cadaverity howl and try to scare the voters by predicting that the mills will shut down and grass will be growing upon the streets of Lowell if the tariff be reduced. Why should the mill operative pay more for what he eats, what he wears, and everything else he buys, just to fatten the pockets of his employer?

It may be of interest to those who are open to conviction upon these matters to read what Mr. E. A. Filene, a merchant prince of Boston, says upon the prospective election of Wilson and its effect upon business. He says:

"In my opinion, one thing is due to prevent the setting in of such a period of prosperity would be the re-election of President Taft, and the one thing that would make prosperity most certain would be the election of Governor Wilson. This opinion is based upon my belief that for the business world, nothing else is so important as stability. Stability is impossible with Mr. Taft as president."

On the cadaverity howl or the charge that a democratic victory would mean a return of hard times, it may be stated that the panic of 1891-92 and that of 1907 were republican panics. Mr. Filene on the panic question has this to say:

"Now, according to facts, the panic which was commonly known as that of 1892 might very properly have been known as that of 1891 and 1892, because it was under the McKinley tariff bill, which became a law Oct. 6, 1890, that the first sign of this disturbance appeared."

"Nor is this all. We have experienced in the past few years a thoroughly republican panic—that of 1907—which came upon us during a republican administration, under republican tariff laws, and continued well into the succeeding administration, also republican, and under republican tariff laws."

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST

Despite the assertions of the advertising bureau of Mr. Rogers, it is an undeniable fact that Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan is not now in the rubber heel business nor in any other that would deter him from giving his most energetic and devoted service to the people of this district. This talk about the company which purchased the rubber heel business from Mr. O'Sullivan does not or should not affect him. It is not true that he is in control of the new company and dividing its profits.

Mr. O'Sullivan is now prepared to devote to the interests of the fifth district the energy, the business acumen, tact and experience that brought him such success as the inventor and promoter of rubber heels.

It should be remembered that his success was the result of his own inventive genius properly handled and directed. Thousands of other men perfected inventions quite as good and as useful as his, but they did not have the business tact and judgment to put their inventions properly upon the market. In other words they lacked the business instinct necessary to attain success. As to having the rubber heels manufactured outside Lowell Mr. O'Sullivan could not afford to establish a rubber factory of his own to do this special work. The demand was not sufficient to warrant the outlay.

The question for the voters to decide in this congressional contest is to elect first a man who belongs to the democratic party, to which alone the nation can now look for relief; second, a man who is absolutely free to serve the district; and third, a man whose record of business success proves that he has the ability necessary to promote the best interests of the district. The successful congressman is not necessarily a polished public speaker. Senator Crane has made very few public speeches but he is acknowledged to be one of a power in congress than Senator Lodge. Mr. O'Sullivan being a national figure owing to his reputation as the inventor of rubber heels could exert a strong influence in support of legislation favoring this district. He has already planned to secure an appropriation for developing the Merrimack river, one of the most important projects now under consideration in the Merrimack valley. These things, we believe, should convince the voters that he is the right man to represent the fifth district in congress.

GOVERNOR FOSS WILL BE ELECTED

The conviction is growing all over the state that Governor Foss will be elected by a sweeping plurality. The republican vote, it is expected, will be split about even and Foss as a result will carry the state. Governor Foss deserves election on his record of achievement. During his administration a great number of reforms were carried, among them some of the more important reforms advocated for years, such as the regulation of injunctions, the Workmen's Compensation act, the eight-hour day for public employees and many others. The governor has a program of reforms which were blocked by the republican legislature and which he will probably have a chance to carry through next year with the aid of a democratic legislature. Governor Foss while in office did not follow a strictly partisan course. The republicans helped elect him and we believe they will do so again as Hon. Joseph Walker has made no impression in this campaign and Mr. Bird, the Bull Moose candidate, is not likely to be taken seriously.

Governor Foss is one of the ablest business men ever elected to the position and the best interest of the state demand his re-election.

WALSH OPPOSED TO THE LUCE LAW

The address of Hon. David L. Walsh at associate hall on Monday evening was a strong statement of his position on state issues. He is strongly opposed to the Luce law in its present form, especially the provision requiring the voters to declare their party affiliations and the obstacles preventing a citizen from voting secretly for the man of his choice. At the primaries he would have each voter served with the ballot of each party so that he could use whichever he wished and tear up the others. The idea is gaining ground that the new law serves no good purpose except to give political bosses and others a line on the party affiliations of the voters. Mr. Walsh if elected will make a valuable public servant.

Anybody who listened to the outwearing speech by Judge Parker must realize that the man who votes for the republican party is voting for special interests and against the interests of the people.



CRUMBLING

Seen and Heard

Some day, perhaps, that Market street bridge will be finished.

Those little American flags given out at O'Sullivan's headquarters are very neat, are perfectly gotten up and are making a great hit.

"We want the city today," remarked the sage of Southfield street, "but he is not been for the city the whole course of history might have been changed."

"As to how?" "History states that the flies were so pestiferous in Philadelphia in 1776 that the delegates hurriedly signed the declaration of independence and adjourned. But for the flies they might have deserted and fled westward."

"Well, what would it matter if independence came in November?" "It would matter a heap. We can't afford to lose any holiday out of the baseball season."

Veterans and non-veterans were fighting all the old battles over again on the street car. The flying escapade and blood-curdling adventures had been related by the dozen when the train came to a little old man with a long beard.

Striking this adornment carefully, the old man said: "Well, boys, the war cost me just \$200 in cash each. I didn't want to go, so I paid a substitute. The money to serve for me. Do you know that fellow went all through the war without getting a scratch? I could have done the same thing and saved my money. I tell you war is a calamity."

THOUGHT FOR TODAY

"You know of someone, do you not, whose presence serves to make you glad?" "Where could strengthens you somewhat?" "And soothes the bruises you have had?"

"Is there not one of whom you say: 'The world would be a poorer place if we might never from to-day, again behold her kindly face?'"

"Experience has a very poor memory and true charity none at all."

"Doing nothing is the most slavish trait ever imposed on any one."

"Friendship calls out our utmost strength and endeavor; therefore have."

CLOTHES SAVING

Properly pressed and kept in repair your suit will wear longer and will certainly look much better. Phone 3269 today for our auto delivery.



Phone 3269 Free Auto Delivery 41 Merrimack Street

Industrial Courses

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS
CIVIL SERVICE COURSE
SECRETARIAL COURSE
BOOKKEEPING COURSE
SHORTHAND COURSE
TYPEWRITING COURSE
Graduates Are Placed in Office and Government Situations
A Free Catalog Tells How. Begin Any Day.

LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
7 MERRIMACK SQUARE

AFTER GETTING OTHER FIGURES
On shingling your house, try Taylor-Rodden Co. Do you want a few rods of Rutenor Road? Tel. 959, 119, Humphrey st.

Petition Denied

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—George W. Pfeiffer and 40 other petitioners of Hyde Park, who seek a writ of mandamus to compel Judge Pierce of the superior court to order an investigation of the purchase by Hyde Park of the Hyde Park Water company, were denied it by Judge Sheldon yesterday.

The petitioners claimed some thing more than the price paid was excessive and they maintained that Judge Pierce should have ordered an investigation. Judge Sheldon declared the petition "absurd and grotesque," as a petition for mandamus cannot be brought against a single justice.

Will Lose His Leg

WESTER, Oct. 30.—Henry Champagne, 13 years old, the son of Henry Champagne of Cross street, fell under the wheels of a locomotive while playing in the Boston & Albany yard in Jericho yesterday and received injuries that will necessitate amputation of the right leg below the knee.

The boy was treated by Dr. Joseph M. Roy, who ordered his removal to St. Vincent's hospital in Worcester. He was placed on a train and taken to Worcester by the same locomotive that injured him while it was heading to couple cars when the accident occurred. Henry is the oldest of nine children.

Verdict of \$6000 Against Elevated

BOSTON, Oct. 30. Hector D. McKinnon, administrator of the estate of Andrew H. McKinnon, received a verdict of \$6000 against the Boston Elevated railway company yesterday in the superior court. The interstate war run over by a car at the corner of Tremont and Hursey streets, June 21, 1910.

FITS St. Vitus Dance, Falling Sickness
repond immediately to the remarkable medicine that has for over 50 years been a standard treatment for these troubles—Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Remedy. Especially for these diseases, it is not a cure, it is a relief. Its beneficial effects are immediate. Druggists everywhere sell it. To prove its wonderful virtues, we will cheerfully send a Full \$2.00 Supply without charge. 15 East 26th Street, New York City.

Carroll Bros.
Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers
36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

ELLER'S
Perfect Steel Ceilings
SELLING AGENTS
LOWELL METAL CEILING CO.
255 DUTTON STREET
KITCHEN AND BATHROOM CEILINGS A SPECIALTY
It is not necessary to remove old plastering. Write or phone for estimate.
Open Evenings Tel. 2171

HEAD OF THE TEMPLARS

Frank L. Nagle Chosen

to the Position

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Right Eminent Frank L. Nagle of Newton was elected as the first grand commander of the grand commandery, K. T., of Massachusetts and Rhode Island yesterday afternoon in the Masonic Temple at the 107th annual convolve of that body. He entered Masonry through the portals of Dabholle Lodge of Newton and is enrolled in Newton R. A. Chapter, Gethsemane Commandery and is a member of Massachusetts Consistory, A. A. S. R. S. M. J. 22d degree.

When the grand commandery assembled at 10:45 yesterday morning the chair was taken by Deputy Grand Commander Nagle, who announced that he did so owing to the severe illness of Grand Commander Lafayette G. Bluff. The other grand officers present were William W. Johnson, G. G.; Walter E. Medding, G. T. G.; Frederick L. Dana, G. S. W.; Samuel D. Sherwood, G. J. W.; Rev. Dr. S. Perry Bush, G. P.; Rev. Dr. Frederick W. Hamilton, A. G. P.; Right Eminent E. Bentley Young, acting G. T.; Benjamin W. Russell, G. R.; William H. Emerson, G. Sd. R.; William J. Holton, G. Sd. R.; Charles E. Pierce, G. W.; Everett C. Benton, G. C. of G.; Harry G. Pollard, Isaac Chase, Frank T. Pearce, Albert W. Fay, Charles E. Hunt and E. Percy Davis, G. L.; William E. Wilcox, G. S. The past grand commanders in attendance were Right Eminent George H. Allen, John P. Sauerborn, Freeman C. Huxsey, Dana J. Flinders, Edwin A. Blodgett, Charles L. Hinchfield, Walter W. Burnham and J. Albert Blake.

It was announced that Right Eminent Arthur MacArthur, deputy grand master of the Grand Encampment of the United States, and Right Eminent Clayton L. Farrington, past grand commander of Maine, were in waiting, and a committee of past grand commanders with Generalissimo Johnson was designated to escort the noted Templars to the chamber, where they were received by the acting grand commander. They were in waiting, and a committee of past grand commanders with Generalissimo Johnson was designated to escort the noted Templars to the chamber, where they were received by the acting grand commander. They were in waiting, and a committee of past grand commanders with Generalissimo Johnson was designated to escort the noted Templars to the chamber, where they were received by the acting grand commander.

Deputy Grand Master MacArthur expressed his high appreciation of the greeting, which was both personal and official, and he said he brought the best wishes of Grand Master Mellich to the grand old commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. He deeply regretted the illness and absence of Grand Commander Blair and wished that his heartfelt sympathy might be conveyed to him. Past Grand Commander Farrington voiced his gratitude for the reception and spoke of the intimate relation that had ever existed between the two grand bodies.

According to the report of Grand Recorder Rowell there are in the world 226,000 members of the order, and of these 211,777 are within the United States. The total gain has been 16,675. In this jurisdiction the membership is 17,819, divided among 47 commanderies. The total additions in the past 12 months was 819 and the losses by death 508. The net gain is 376.

To Aid in Protest

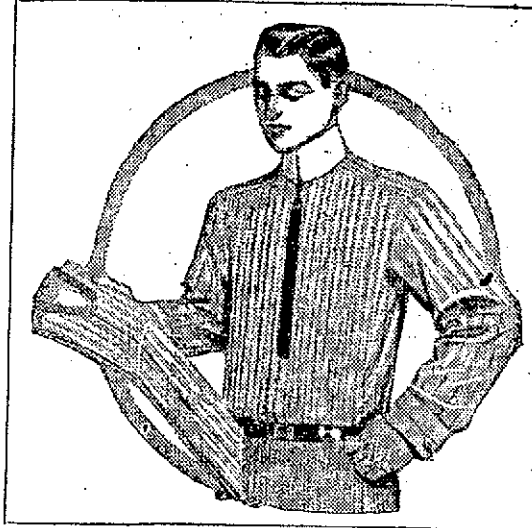
BOSTON, Oct. 30.—To represent the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange in a protest against the proposed quarantine on the Christmas greenery of New England, Allen E. Briggs, executive secretary of the organization, left Boston yesterday for Washington.

A conference on this matter is to be held today at the offices of the department of agriculture in Washington, and Mr. Briggs will argue that 63,983 and 60,000 of the Christmas trees and decorations sold after this will contain no dead wood, in which these pests thrive.

The Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange, in co-operation with similar organizations throughout New England hopes to forestall the proposed quarantine.

PUTNAM & SON Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET



SHIRT SALE

Fancy Shirts That Sold for \$1.50 and \$2.00, Today

95c

Mighty fine patterns from our regular stock, including all of the small lots from high priced lines. Perfect fitting, carefully finished, made from the best materials used by manufacturers. Plaited and plain fronts, of fine madras, coat style with cuffs attached. Several hundred today reduced from \$1.50 and \$2.00 to, each 95c

Here's Another Shirt Bargain

White Bosom Shirts and White Madras Shirts—Sold for \$1.00 and \$1.50 69c

Most of these are "Star" Shirts—you know how expensive these are. We put these on sale simply to clean house—for we have given up keeping Star Shirts. White shirts, laundered bosoms or negligee, now 69c

50 FINE ALL WOOL Coat Sweaters

Worth \$3.00, for

\$2.00

All wool worsted coat sweaters—the popular oxfords—plain or with fancy borders—the remainder of several lots of \$3.00 sweaters—now \$2.00

STOLE RIDES

Two of Trio of Runaway Lawrence Lads Found in Railroad Station at Dover, N. H.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 30.—Two of a trio of Lawrence boys who stole rides to this city in a box car of a freight train late last night had their runaway adventure cut short as the result of their raising a window of the waiting room of the passenger station here and going in to get warm.

They were heard by Night Watchman James O'Neil and were later found by him crouching behind a seat. The boys gave the names of John Grimes, aged 14, and Anthony Smith, 13. The third boy, who did not crawl through the window was Martin Ford, 12.

Today the Lawrence police and the parents of the boys arrested were notified. Dancing, Armory, Wed. eve., Co. C.

Large Lot of Land Sold

Mrs. C. P. Nichols has sold a large lot of land near her residence on Middlesex street. The land is situated on School street near the junction of its forty-two thousand square feet and was sold for ten cents a foot. It is rumored that the purchaser of the land is Mr. Charles Nichols of Chelmsford, the proprietor of the tea store in John street. There was some flow in the title and in order to establish a perfect title it must be put through the land courts.

No Waiting Now

As I am up to my orders. Coal and wood, all sizes, the best that money can buy, at lowest market prices. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yard Gorham and Dix Streets. Telephone 1180 and 2480; when one is busy call the other.

P. S.—We are not yet in a position to deliver any coke.

**RENT OR BUY A
TYPEWRITER**
CHAS. E. GALLEY, 53 Central
Phone 677

TURKISH SOLDIERS PUT TO DEATH

ETTOR TRIAL RESUMED TODAY IN CONNECTION WITH PANIC AT SHERMAN'S CONDITION CRITICAL

Detective Bencorda Was Cross-Examined by Counsel for the Defense

SALEM, Oct. 30.—The trial of Joseph J. Ettore, Arturo Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso, charged with the murder of Anna Lopizzo during the strike riots in Lawrence last January, was resumed in the superior court today. The trial had been postponed because of the illness of Juror Carter but it was resumed when Carter's physicians sent word to Judge Quinn that the juror was in a physical condition to resume his duties.

Eugene Bencorda, an Italian detective, was called as the first witness of the day. Attorney Peters, counsel for Giovannitti, resumed cross examination of Bencorda.

Bencorda testified that he went to Lawrence with his brother Charles in January last and that he worked on the strike until the arrest of Ettore and Giovannitti. The detective said he did not work in connection with the arrest of Caruso. The witness denied that he had been indicted particularly to watch Ettore or Giovannitti.

"We were not told to watch anybody in particular," said Bencorda. "We were looking out for any violations of the law."

The witness also declared that he did not know that Ettore and Giovannitti were leaders in the strike until after he had gone to Lawrence and, disguised as a mill worker, had attended meetings at strike headquarters. He reiterated his declaration that he heard Giovannitti urge the strikers to "break around like wild animals at night seeking the blood of scabs."

That a crowd of strikers, armed with revolvers, received rounds of cartridges from one of their number a few minutes before Anna Lopizzo was killed in Lawrence last January and then proceeded to the corner where the woman was shot, was the testimony given today.

Daniel A. Minahan, a Lawrence newspaper reporter, said he was standing at Union and Common streets on the evening of Jan. 29 just before the Lopizzo girl fell at Union and Garden streets.

"I saw about 10 or 20 men standing under an arc lamp," said Minahan. "I heard several shots fired and saw six or seven of the men with revolvers in their hands. Then I saw one of the men pass cartridges around to the others and saw them load their revolvers. One of the men in the crowd, who carried a chip, shouted at me. Then I saw the whole crowd proceed up the street to Garden and Union streets. A few minutes later I heard shots fired at that corner."

It was at that time that Anna Lopizzo was shot.

Minahan was unable to identify the defendant Caruso as the man carrying the chip, who spoke to him that night. John B. Morhouse, a Lawrence business man, testified that he heard Ettore speak to the strikers on the common January 29, telling them to sleep days and keep awake nights. He also heard Giovannitti speak but could not understand him. Dr. John C. Bowker, a Lawrence physician and lecturer, who was with Morhouse on the common testified that he understood Italian and heard Giovannitti's speech. As he could only remember a few words he was not permitted to testify as to the substance of Giovannitti's speech.

Robert G. Warner, a Boston newspaper reporter, testified that he was in Lawrence Jan. 27 and heard Ettore tell the strikers to get on the picket lines and keep the workmen away from the mills. He also said Ettore declared at the city hall, "If there is any blood-

shed it will be on the heads of the mill owners."

He also said he saw Ettore early on Jan. 29, "talking to the pickets who assaulted people on their way to work."

On the night of Jan. 29 Warner was at Garden and Union streets, when he heard shots fired near Common street. Then he saw a crowd of men coming up from Common street.

"One of the men in this crowd," said Warner, "came up and spoke to Policeman Benoit. I was only a few feet from Benoit when I heard another shot. I saw the man who fired the shot and he fired it over the shoulder of a shorter man who stood in front of him."

"What way was the shot fired?" asked Dist. Atty. Atwell.

"Directly at Policeman Benoit," said Warner. A moment later Warner saw the Lopizzo woman fall on the sidewalk, wounded from this shot.

The man who fired the shot, Warner said, was about six feet tall and smooth shaven.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Frank D. Sullivan of Ayer and Miss Mollie M. Kane of this city were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at five o'clock at the parochial residence of St. Peter's church. Rev. W. George Mullin performed the ceremony. Mr. Harry M. Sullivan, a brother of the groom, was best man; the bride being attended by her sister, Miss Alice T. Kane. The couple left for an extended wedding tour, visiting Atlantic City, New York, Washington and Boston, en route. On their return they will reside at Ayer.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a tonic, a regular tonic. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic. Ask your doctor all about this.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Mr. O'Sullivan

In his evasive advertisement, does not deny that he is TODAY financially interested in the \$1,600,000 watered stock O'Sullivan Rubber Company of Delaware.

JOHN JACOB ROGERS

444 Andover St.

Hard Coal Briquettes

\$6.00 Per Ton

PROMPT DELIVERY

D. T. Sullivan

POST OFFICE AVE.

ELCHO

10 CENT CIGAR

Mayor Fitzgerald says:

"The Elcho Cigar is the best 10 cent cigar in New England because it is made of a very fine choice growth of Havana, wrapped in a mild aromatic Sumatra leaf."

Driscoll & Fitzgerald
MANUFACTURERS

TAKING OF KIRK-KILISSEH BY BULGARIAN TROOPS

CONSTANTINOPOLE, Oct. 30.—(By wireless to Kustendje, Rumania)—Three hundred Turkish officers and men have been executed in connection with the panic among the Turkish troops at the taking of Kirk Kilisseh by the Bulgarian troops.

According to narratives told by refugees from that city, the troops at Kirk Kilisseh were composed almost entirely of reservists. They were under-officered, ill-trained and badly fed. Several regiments at the time of the fighting had been without rations for 48 hours.

DECISIVE BATTLE OF WAR

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A big battle, perhaps the decisive one of the war, is proceeding somewhere to the east of the line from Constantinople to Adrianople between the Turkish and Bulgarian armies and heavy fighting also is taking place around Adrianople itself.

Beyond the fact that a clash has come, however, the general staffs of the Turkish and Bulgarian armies are keeping the outside world ignorant as to how things are going with them. Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander in chief, has sent a despatch saying:

"The position is favorable to the Turks."

While admitting that they have to depend on mere rumors, military critics here are inclined to believe that the Turkish army is at last ready to take the offensive and has a chance of retrieving itself.

The Bulgarian troops have obviously suffered a check near Adrianople as despatches from Sofia report the arrival there of many wounded from the front, and it is announced that the Bulgarian plan of storming the great fortress has been delayed until reinforcements arrive.

The Turkish commander's plan is not clear but it is believed he will attempt to relieve Adrianople and its garrison of 50,000 men while at the same time holding the Bulgarians on his left flank. He seems to take calmly the cutting of the railroad between his army and Constantinople. This might indicate

that he is obtaining supplies and reinforcements by way of Rodosto or some other port on the sea of Marmora. The rumors that Bulgarian troops had reached the sea are unconfirmed, and it is more likely that only roving bands have gone so far south. Zeek Pasha is gathering the remnants of his army in the western sphere of operations at Monastir to meet the advancing Serbians and the allied Bulgarian column. It is thought he may make another stand at Monastir and prepare himself there for a long siege.

The failure of the ex-sultan, Abdolmehid, to appear at the front, has been continued to page six.

FUNERALS

LEHIGH.—The funeral of Joseph Lemieux took place last night from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Letendre Bellehumeur. A Mass was sung at St. Joseph's church at seven o'clock. Rev. Charles Paquette, O. M. I., officiating. The bearers were four grandsons of deceased. The body was placed aboard the 9:10 o'clock train for Victoria, B. C., where burial will take place. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Amedee Archambault.

A FINE ENTERTAINMENT

Enjoyed by Children of Immaculate Conception

The children's entertainment in connection with the annual reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish was held in association with this afternoon, and the hall was crowded. The entertainment consisted of an excellent program, given under the direction of John Payne. The show opened with a side-splitting sketch, entitled "Fun in a Daffy House." The characters were all well portrayed and the performance was heartily enjoyed by youngsters. The cast of characters was: "The New Man," John Payne; "The Doctor," Al Chappelle; "Nuts," Emmitt Roberts; "Alecaskan," Harry Levitt; and "Flower Girl," Rose Lee. At the completion of the skit, vocal solos were given by Al Chappelle, Emmitt Roberts, readings by Harry Levitt, and variety dancing was artistically given by Grace Garvey. Dave Rafael, the ventriloquist, who is performing at Keith's theatre this week, also provided considerable entertainment for the audience. The entire performance made a decided hit and all performers were loudly applauded by the children.

This evening will be given over to the adults and an excellent program will be given. The concert will include selections by Braden's orchestra and a performance by professional talent from the local theatres.

CARL W. PHELPS

Won the Ayers Prize at Wesleyan University at Middletown, Conn., for Highest Excellence.

The Ayers prize, which was awarded to the member of the freshman class of Wesleyan university, at Middletown, Conn., who is found upon a special examination to have attained the highest excellence in the studies required for entrance to college, has been awarded this year to Mr. Carl W. Phelps of 651 Rogers street, this city.

He is Sinking Rapidly—Doctors Say His Death a Question of Only a Few Hours

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Vice President Sherman's death is a question of only a few hours, said Dr. Peck when he left the Sherman residence at noon today. The vice president was delirious when he awoke for a few minutes this morning. He then relapsed into a heavy sleep. It is not believed Mr. Sherman will survive the next 24 hours.

At 1:45 p. m. a brief bulletin was issued from the home of Vice President Sherman, saying that there had been no particular change in his condition, and adding "that there is no favorable symptom whatever."

Information is not given out very freely, but it is understood that the ominous condition has continued practically unbroken throughout the day and that the uremia remains unchanged.

The extremely critical condition of the patient has caused many rumors of the death of the vice president and the local newspaper offices have been flooded with inquiries.

Dr. Peck is entirely without hope for his patient, but says it is impossible to determine just when the end will come.

The afternoon bulletin on Vice President Sherman's condition says there is no favorable symptom whatever. The attending physician holds out no hope, but says it is impossible to determine when the end will come.

At 2:15 o'clock Dr. Peck said there would probably be no change in Mr. Sherman's condition for from six to twelve hours.

No Plans Formulated

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—No plans have been formulated at republican national headquarters for proceeding should necessity arise for withdrawing Vice President Sherman's name from the national ticket, but his condition and its possible results have been the theme of unofficial discussions.

Prominent members of the party feel that it would be highly inconsiderate to remove Mr. Sherman's name from the ticket unless he himself should insist upon it. Should he die before election day there would be the added obstacle of the impossibility of re-printing the ballots at such a late hour.

It would take at least five days, perhaps a week to call the national committee together to name his successor. Some members would have to come from the Pacific coast. This alone would make impossible the naming of another candidate before election day. Besides many republicans believe the substitution of another name in an 11th hour crisis might have doubtful effect.

NO MORE GREEKS

Will Leave Lowell Unless Another Order is Received From the Greek Government

It was stated in Greek circles this morning that Lowell has sent back to Greece all the reservists who were within her limit, which means that there will be no more Greek exodus from this city unless another order is received from the Greek government.

Next week about 100 Greeks will leave Lowell for their motherland, but with the exception of five or six they are all people from other cities who came here to visit their relatives and friends before the long voyage, sixty of whom came from Minneapolis, Minn., last week.

Fire on Stable Roof

An alarm from box 154 at 2:11 this afternoon was for a fire on the roof of a stable in the rear of Dennis J. Ring's house at 85 Willie street. The fire was caused by a spark from a nearby chimney setting fire to the shingles. The blaze was extinguished before much damage was done.

Bachelor Club Minstrels

The members of the Bachelor club minstrel troupe of this city will journey to Wakefield this evening, where they will give a minstrel show in the Wakefield town hall. The members will assemble in Merrimack square at 6 o'clock and at 6:15 o'clock will board a special car for their destination.

The members of the American Glee club are arranging for their annual social and dance, which will be held in Associate hall in the near future.

FUNERALS

HOWE.—The funeral of the late E. S. Howe took place this afternoon from his home at 381 Varnum avenue and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Service was conducted at 2 o'clock by the Rev. Mr. Alger, pastor of the Pawtucket church, while appropriate hymns were rendered by Mrs. O. R. Park, Mrs. A. F. Howe, Mr. C. Richardson and Mr. J. B. V. Cover. There was a profusion of rich flowers showing the esteem in which deceased was held. The bearers were Messrs. Charles A. Richardson, V. Pevey, W. T. S. Bartlett and Charles Miles. Burial took place in Woodbine cemetery in charge of Undertaker J. A. Weinbeck. Among the out-of-town relatives attending the funeral were a brother of deceased, Mr. O. E. Howe and his son, Edward, both of Lynn.

Deposits Made Now

—GO ON—

Interest Nov. 9

Washington Savings Institution

267 CENTRAL STREET

Trades & Labor Council

Special meeting Thursday evening, Oct. 31st. All delegates requested to attend.

TIMOTHY F. ROURKE, Pres.
CHAS. E. ANDERSON, Sec.

EYE GLASSES AND

SPECTACLES

SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION

J. A. McEVOY, Optician

ESTABLISHED 1882

J. F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Complete equipment for city or out-of-town funerals.

A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired. Advice and information given.

Telephones: Office, 439-3; residence, 439-5.

318-324 MARKET STREET, CORNER WORTHEN.

INTEREST BEGINS

SATURDAY

NOVEMBER 2

—AT—

The Central Savings Bank

58 Central Street

Bury the Hatchet

Settle the trouble!

Bury the hatchet!

What's the use of continually fighting to overcome your engine troubles?

Get a simple electric motor and watch the dove of peace settle down upon your shop.

Lowell Electric

Light Corp.

60 Central Street

INTEREST BEGINS Next Saturday

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

TRADERS NATIONAL BANK

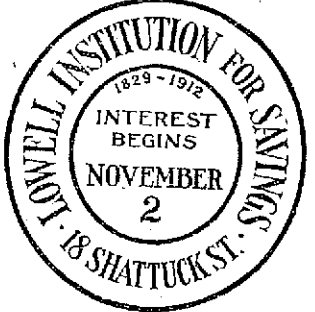
Hours: 8:30 to 3, Saturdays, 8:30 to 12:30, and 7 to 9 p. m.

DEPOSITS BEGIN INTEREST SATURDAY

NOV. 2nd

MERRIMACK RIVER SAVINGS BANK

417 MIDDLESEX ST.



SEEK THE SLAYER OF PETERSON

Woman May Identify Assassin of Whom She Complained to Policeman

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—A woman's evidence is wanted by the police in the hope that it will lead to information and capture of the man who fatally shot Patrolman Albert R. Peterson of the Joy street station in Pitts street early yesterday morning. They hope the woman who reported to Peterson that she had been insulted by two men, one of whom shot the policeman when he warned them against such action.

Peterson died at the Revere hospital at 1230 yesterday afternoon. He had shown remarkable courage in his suffering and described the man to Capt. Armstrong and Sgt. Parker at the hospital. But he was able to talk only in a fragmentary way and a few hours before he died he lost consciousness and did not know that his wife, Mrs. Peterson, and brother-in-law, were at his bedside.

It is believed Peterson at least knew by sight the man that shot him. The police think he is an Italian. In consequence Patrolman Cavasano and Koppert of the North End have been moving around among their countrymen trying to get information that will lead to the apprehension of Peterson's slayer.

Three witnesses of the shooting have been found. Two worked in the Vermont stables, near where the crime occurred and the third was a man who was passing along Green street from Bowdoin square. One of the witnesses in James Gates of 9 South Russell street, a carriage washer.

Two men were arrested yesterday on suspicion but both were released. The police are hopeful that the companion of the man who did the shooting will betray him. The fact that he was a witness to the tragedy may weigh heavily on that man's mind, the authorities predict.

Last night the police questioned everybody that was known to have been around Bowdoin square at the time of the shooting. It was obtained any clear they are keeping it secret.

The following statement by Commissioner O'Meara in regard to the murder was read at roll call in every police station of the city last night:

"Every member of the department must feel the same sorrow for the death of Patrolman Albert R. Peterson of Division 3 which is the commissioner's privilege to express. A fine young officer, valuable in his public service of more than six years, and of exemplary private life, has died from a bullet wound inflicted upon him be-

AN ARMED KENTUCKIAN

On the Warpath for Jack Johnson

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—Yesterday was Jack Johnson's Jonah day. A fiery Southerner with a revolver started after the pugilist to "fix him." Johnson tried to make a speech in Judge Hopkins' court room when he was arraigned on the charge of abducting Lucille Cameron, vindictive his conduct, was rebuked by the court and ordered to leave the room.

He demanded an immediate trial on the charge, but the case was continued despite his protests. The abduction case was on Judge Hopkins' calendar. When it was called Johnson was present with his attorney. The prosecution asked that the case be continued until the investigation of the federal grand jury was completed. The court decided to postpone the matter. Johnson stepped up to the railing of the judge's bench.

"Your honor, may I say a few words?" he began. "I want to prove to the world that I am innocent. I want to show that I want no harm to any girl. I want to."

There he was interrupted by the judge.

"This is no time for speeches, nor is this the place," he said. "If you have anything to say, say it outside."

"That," began the pugilist. "There are no 'outs' to it," replied the judge. "You do what I say. Your case is over and I don't want to hear any more from you."

An hour later a man with a bulging hip pocket walked into the United States marshal's office and yelled: "Where is that Jack Johnson? Let me get at him, I'll fix him."

"Who are you?" asked Chief Deputy Wolf.

"I am from Kentucky, and if Chicago men haven't the nerve to put that negro away I'll do it."

"The government will take care of him," said Wolf.

"If I run across him I'll save the government time and money."

Then the stranger was gently led to the door. The grand jury adjourned for a day owing to the death of Judge Landis' mother, but Miss Cameron and her mother were in conference an hour with the district attorney.

More trouble is developing for Mrs. Falconet. In Minneapolis Mr. Falconet said: "I will not allow Lucille Cameron to come into my home again. I have had nothing to do with her now, nor will I have in the future. Mrs. Falconet is welcome any time she comes home. The girl is nothing to me. I have no interest in her. In my opinion she should be locked up in an institution for a few years. It would do her good."

ACCUSED OF LARCENY

Defendants Will Try to Prove Alibis

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Gerrude Hoffmann, the actress, was a witness in the superior criminal court yesterday, testifying to the theft of jewelry from her room at the Touraine on the night of Oct. 15.

Moses Silverstein and Alex Frod were the defendants charged with the break. Both endeavored to show their innocence by attempting to establish alibis.

Mrs. Hoffmann appeared at court accompanied by her husband, Max Hoffmann.

Mrs. Hoffmann described the missing property as follows: "Two bracelets valued at \$120; two stones, \$150; a watch, \$125; diamond-studded long-earrings, \$125; a diamond ring, \$100; two studs, \$10; chain, \$20, and \$10 in money."

Mrs. Hoffmann corroborated her husband's testimony. After being excused she was recalled and questioned about a \$1000 comb and brush set which her maid said had been left untouched on a dresser.

Mrs. Hoffmann corroborated this bit of testimony, but when asked if anything on the dresser had been disturbed said with a little smile that a powder puff apparently had been used. She didn't know whether the invaders of the room or her maid had used it.

Deborah Day, the maid, testified much the same as the two preceding witnesses. Arthur Graver, manager of hardware store on Eliot street, testified that the hammer and chisel found in the Hoffmann rooms had been purchased by one of the two defendants at store at \$15 on the night of Oct. 15, the night of the break.

DAMAGE \$5000


SLASHED GIRL'S FACE

Lawrence Italian Then Made His Escape

LAWRENCE, Oct. 30.—Determined that the woman who had spatred his face should not attract other men because of her beauty, an unknown Italian slashed both cheeks of pretty 18-year-old Pasquale Miele as she was coming from work on Lynn common last night within sight of the Lawrence police station.

Bravadoing aloft a razor or knife with which he had nursed the fresh young face, the man ran off and disappeared down a side street. Girl companions of Pasquale rushed to where she had sunk fainting to the ground. Three of them started to carry her to the police station, while others ran on ahead to give the alarm.

The girl was taken to the hospital in the police ambulance, where her wound was dressed, and then she was taken to her home. She is probably permanently disfigured.



CHARLES K. HARRIS
Well-known composer, author of "After the Ball" and other famous songs, says:

"I find a lot of inspiration in Tuxedo. It has a pleasant fragrance and nerve soothing qualities that are invaluable."

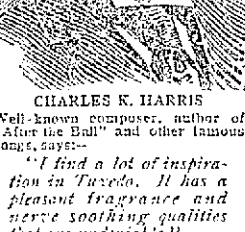
TUXEDO is the HIGHEST COST Tobacco Retailed at 10 cents.

The mildest, choicest selected leaves of perfectly aged Burley tobacco from which Tuxedo is made, are the most costly on the market.

Tuxedo costs more for scientific, careful, expert manufacturing.

These two things make it cost more to the wholesaler and more to the retailer.

But Tuxedo sells at the same price to the consumer—10c—as its imitators.



Tuxedo
The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Tuxedo could not maintain its price—the highest—unless it maintained its quality.

Tuxedo was the original; it is still the best. It has many imitators; likely it will have even more. But until its many imitators learn to choose and buy only the choicest grades of the highest quality of Burley—

—and learn the Tuxedo secret process of treating this Burley tobacco—

—Tuxedo will continue to be the finest pipe tobacco in the world.

WM. STUART REYBURN
Congressman from Pennsylvania, says:

"I take pleasure in recommending Tuxedo tobacco to all smokers. It is a useful, refreshing smoke."

W. S. Stuart Reyburn




Tuxedo
The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Convenient pouch inner-lined with moisture-proof paper . . . **5c**

Famous green tin, with goldlettering, curved to fit pocket **10c**


You can buy Tuxedo everywhere



Derma Viva the Ideal Face Powder

Makes face, hands, arms and neck as white as milk and does not show or rub off. Pimples, blackheads, freckles, blotch or liver spots cured in a few days. Have handled this preparation for years and recommend it. LOWELL, the Druggist, 127 Central street. Price 25c.

We Are Headquarters For Beacon Blankets



The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.
SATISFACTION OR YOUR MONEY BACK

Blankets and Comforters of All Kinds



Beacon BLANKETS



SPECIAL SHOWING AND SALE OF

Blankets, Comforters, Bath Robe Blankets, Eiderdown Flannel, Etc.

In Our Basement

Scarlet Blankets—All wool, full bed size, at \$3.50, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$6.98, \$8.49, \$9.98

Gray Blankets—In all wool, large assortment, in light and medium gray, full bed size, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$6.98, \$8.49, \$9.98 pair

Cotton Blankets—White, tan and gray, in all sizes and quality, perfect goods at 59c, 75c, 98c, \$1.25, \$1.49, \$1.98


White Wool Blankets—75 per cent. Wool, full weight and double bed sizes, pink, blue and yellow borders and four in. silk binding to match borders, \$3.49, \$3.98, \$4.98

Fine All Wool Blankets—11-4 and 12-4 size in fine quality, made from selected California wool, at \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$8.98, \$9.98, \$12.50

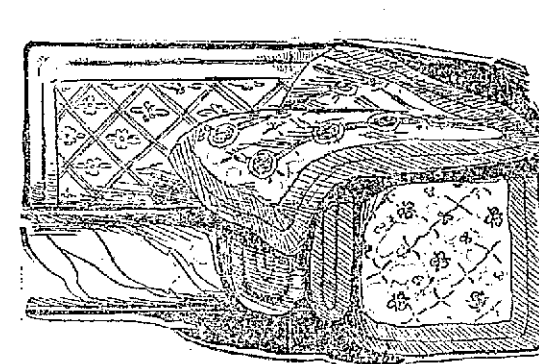
Beacon Crib Blankets—36x50 in. wool finish in pink and blue borders, boxed at 98c pair

Plaid Blankets—Even and broken plaids in tan, pink and blue plaids at \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98

Beacon Bath Robe Blankets—In a complete range of colors in stock with girdles, neck cord and frogs to match. Boxed at \$2.75 each

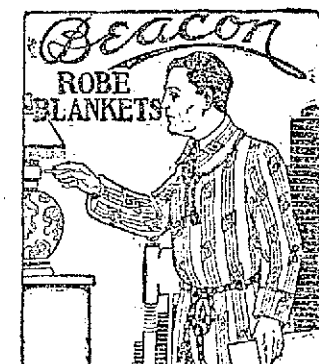


Beacon Blankets



Beacon Eiderdown Flannels—27 in. wide in a large assortment of colors for bath robes, dressing sacques, etc. Guaranteed fast color, at 33c per yard

Wool Filled Comforters—China silk covering with pure lambs wool filling in pink, blue and yellow, full bed sizes, at \$5.98 each



Beacon ROBE BLANKETS

Comforters—Covered with figured saline, both sides alike, filled with good clean cotton, full bed sizes, at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.49, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.25, \$2.49, \$2.75, \$2.98, \$3.49, \$3.98.

Down Puffs—Covered with French saline, saline and silk and all silk in pink, blue, tan, lavender and yellow. Filled with pure down, at \$4.98, \$7.98, \$10.98, \$15.98, \$19.98

DENIES BEING MARRIED

Woman Contests Suit of Harvey Hadlock

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The question whether Harvey D. Hadlock, at one time a theatrical manager, was ever married to Carolyn M. Hadlock from whom he now seeks a divorce was raised yesterday by Atty. Herbert Parker, who appeared for the libellant. The case occupied most of yesterday's session and continues today.

Mr. Hadlock, who occupied the stand most of the day, testified that at one time his wife had shot him in the head five times while he lay on a couch at her home in Dorchester. Two bullets grazed his head, he said.

Under cross-examination he was asked if his real reason for marrying Carolyn Atwood, if he did marry her legally, wasn't that it was expedient for theatrical reasons to do so. He replied that he married for love and love alone.

Atty. Parker showed him a legal agreement signed by him and Carolyn Atwood, in which he stipulated that he would do all in his power to further Mrs. Atwood's stage career as her manager, and she agreed to take his advice and his only. He admitted that he had entered into this agreement.

Mrs. Atwood, mother of the libellant, testified that she knew her son and the libellee as man and wife, and as such they had lived at her house. She said she had seen her daughter-in-law bear up her marriage certificate in a passion.

Atty. Parker asked her why she had written a letter to her son's wife, addressing her as Miss Atwood, if she believed them legally married. The witness said she couldn't explain this.

Hadlock said he was married to Carolyn M. Atwood, a divorcee, in New York by a justice of the peace in June, 1907. He asks for a divorce on the ground that she deserted him and was cruel and abusive.

Prior to 1907 Caroline Engren, who afterward married a man named Atwood, was a maid in the family of Mrs. John S. Ames of North Boston, Newbury and Boston. Mrs. Ames discovered that she had a good voice and gave her a musical education. When she married Atwood in Brockton, Mrs. Ames was displeased and withdrew her support, but through the connections she had established Mrs. Atwood often appeared before society as manager of a

ladies orchestra. It is understood she maintained a studio in Ryder block, Brockton.

Excess of temperment and overfondness for midnight suppers wrought havoc in married life of two couples, according to the stories the better halves told Judge Hardy.

Mrs. Agnes S. Mahoney, an actress said her husband didn't stop at making her get out of bed in the early morning to prepare meals for the waiters he brought home, but threw her against the stove when she ventured to protest. Decree nisi granted.

Mrs. Laura W. Plancan, musician, said that when she forgot to remind her husband, Charlemagne Plancan to take a pill for a concert he threw her on the floor and pulled her hair. She received a divorce nisi and permission to resume her maiden name.

STRUCK AUTO

Two Chelsea Men, Riding on Bicycle, Injured on Revere Beach Parkway at Everett

EVERETT, Oct. 30.—Two Polish men neither of whom can speak English, but who reside at 186 Second street, Chelsea, were injured about 6 last night on the Revere beach parkway, near Broadway, when they ran head-on into an automobile.

The men were riding a bicycle, one of them sitting on the handlebars, when the automobile, driven by Mrs. W. A. Slater of Ilich street, Beverly, happened along.

Recovering confused they ran headlong into the automobile. One of the men was injured about the head and he was removed to the Widdien hospital, where it was said he would be about in a couple of days. The other, who was slightly injured, went to his boarding place in Chelsea.

S. A. R. Year Book

The annual year book of the Sons of the American Revolution has been issued. This book gives all of the officers of the different chapters and the minutes of the annual convention, which was held in Boston this year. At the Boston meeting Hon. James M. Richardson of Cleveland, O., was elected to succeed Moses Greeley Parker of this city as president general.

The society is represented in every state in the Union and in many of the territories. The total membership exceeds 12,500. Massachusetts being the state that has the largest membership. There are 143 members in Massachusetts.

Moses Greeley Parker, ex-president general, is one of the executive committee of the society. Brig.-Gen. Philip H. Reade, a resident of this city, is the historian for the Massachusetts society.

Lowell has a large and flourishing chapter and great enthusiasm is shown by all of its members. The officers of the local chapter are as follows: President James B. Field, M. D.; vice president, Rev. A. C. Ferrin; secretary, Ralph H. Shaw; treasurer, Russell Fox; registrar, Warren W. Fox; historian, Frank W. Hall; chaplain, Rev. Wilson Waters; auditor, George W. Miller.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SCALP COVERED WITH WHITE SCALES

Itching Terribly. Hair Came Out. Terrible Lot of Dandruff. Scales Would Fall on Coat. Scratched Until Made Big Sores. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured Him.

5 Brewer St., Newport, R. I.—"My husband had eczema for six months all this time taking medicine and using salve not doing him any good. The trouble grew worse. It started with red shining spots all over the scalp, covered with a thickness of white scales itching terribly. His hair came out, and he had a terrible lot of dandruff. The white scales could be seen in his hair as they peeled off, and would fall down on his coat. He would never stop scratching until his head was all over his head.

"I washed the scalp in warm water and soap, but this only made it worse, the red spots growing larger until they covered the whole scalp, coming down the forehead. I got one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment. I washed his head in as hot water as he could stand, using plenty of Cuticura Soap. This would take all the dry scales away leaving red spots. After rubbing the hair dry I applied the Cuticura Ointment on the scalp and this would stop the itching at once. After two weeks' treatment he was completely cured." (Signed) Mrs. O. L. Eklund, Dec. 7, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

64-Triple-faced men should use Cuticura Soap Shaving Stick, 25c. Sample free.

ASSAILS THE SALOONS

Dr. Eliot Delivered a Strong Speech

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—"One of the most monstrous evils that afflict human society" was the description of the alcohol evil given last night by Dr. Chas. W. Eliot, honorary president of the Massachusetts No-License league, at the sixth annual banquet of no-license workers in Ford hall.

Dr. Eliot, in describing the aims and work of the league, spoke of "as maintaining that the alcohol evil promotes and contributes to all the other serious evils in the way of vice, excess, disorder and crime, and as in full sympathy and co-operation with every other society or agency contending against the drink evil and against license in cities."

The Rev. Dr. O. T. Gifford of Brookline spoke on the results of the "bar and bottle" law. The results of the law thus far, he said, are—250 retail license saloons cut out, 1200 bottle licenses taken from the wholesalers trade, and a six per cent. cut in the number of arrests for drunkenness. Our next step is to cut off two hours from the liquor saloon in the morning so as to insure that workmen will go to their work sober, and give the man behind the bar some time to spend with his family.

On when employers see that their employees come to their work sober.

Mayor J. Edward Barry of Cambridge said: "One of the strongest reasons why we are growing as a residential and as a manufacturing city is that we have no saloons."

Mayor William F. Conery of Lynn gave an account of the advances made by Lynn during its five years of no-license.

John T. Shea, past secretary of the Catholic Total Abstinence union of America gave an account of the aims and work of that organization.

Dance, Vesper Boat House, tonight.

Hallowe'en Sweet Cider. Boyle Bros.

DROWN

All your sorrows, if they are caused from Piles, Old Sores or a Skin Disease, by using St. Thoma's Salve—Price 35c. All Druggists.

TUNNEL TO COST \$50,000,000

Is What McNary Plans to Have Built Beneath the City of Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Plans for a tunnel beneath the city and harbor for the purpose of co-ordinating all the railroad tracks and railroad terminals with the steamship terminals, at an estimated cost of \$50,000,000, have been made and submitted by William S. McNary, chairman of the harbor and land commission and a port director, to the different railroad corporations, the directors of the port of Boston, and the Boston chamber of commerce.

"The primary object of the tunnel," says Mr. McNary, "is to do away with or cut down materially the present great expense of transfer between such terminals and provide for a speedy and efficient handling of freight and passengers by avoiding removing or greatly reducing the switching or terminal charges. That would remove one of the main obstacles to the development of Boston as a port."

"The secondary purpose, and almost as important as the first would be the use of the tunnel as a feeder for industrial establishments by means of side tracks in South Boston, Dorchester, Roxbury, East Boston, Chelsea, Everett and Malden, so that such establishments might be located directly on or convenient to the water front. Thus they could cheaply receive supplies of raw material and fuel and as cheaply ship the manufactured products away in any direction."

Argues for His Plan

In such a manner Mr. McNary argued in favor of his plan yesterday before a committee of the chamber of commerce, composed of W. C. Brewer, chairman of the committee on maritime affairs; John Lowell, chairman of the committee on transportation; J. Randolph Coolidge, Jr., vice president of the chamber; W. Radman Peabody and Charles T. Main.

He declared, while explaining the working details of his scheme, that only by such a tunnel could Boston be properly developed. Commenting on the proposed tunnel connecting the South and North stations, Mr. McNary asserted that such a connection, with all the work attendant upon it, would cost \$100,000,000, and would be used almost solely for passenger service.

"That would be the primary object of such a tunnel," he said, "and the railroad would benefit most. Consequently the railroad should pay for it. The primary object of such a tunnel as my plan outlines, is for freight. It could be brought down in any railroad from the north and delivered to points on the south or west and vice versa without the necessity of stoppage in terminals or expensive and slow switching from one railroad to another."

Plans for Portals

Mr. McNary's plans are elaborate. They propose a tunnel with one portal at Clarendon street and Columbus avenue for New Haven and Boston & Albany trains from the west; two portals by Southampton street for New Haven trains from the south; two portals by the Boston & Maine yards near the Fenwick, Cambridge and Charlestown lines for Boston & Maine trains from the north.

From the portals in the Boston & Maine yards the tunnel would pass through Charlestown, Everett and Chelsea. There is a portal at Breed's island, but the main tunnel passes under East Boston, leaving the land to pass under the harbor between the ferry slip of the Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn railroad and Simpson's dry dock. It enters South Boston under the Commonwealth pier and proceeds to a point beneath D and Bullock streets. At that place there is a junction and the tunnel diverges, one of the tubes proceeding in a westerly direction to the portal at Columbus avenue and Clarendon street.

There are connections planned for in the tunnel which make it possible for trains entering by one portal to proceed so they may leave by any of the other portals. The plan makes arrangements for other portals allowing freight to enter the tunnel at different places along the water front.

The tunnel also provides for the carrying of water pipes. Mr. McNary told the chamber of commerce committee that one of the drawbacks to Boston was the cost of water for industrial and commercial purposes. He said that pumping stations could be established and water taken from the Charles and Neponset rivers, and other sources and distributed by pipes running through the tunnel to East and South Boston.

Harbor Tunnel

"The stem of this proposition is the harbor tunnel between the commonwealth lands in South Boston and East Boston," Mr. McNary told the committee. "All the other connections and approaches to it are subsidiary and may be aligned or changed as the engineer of the port directors and the engineers of the railroads find desirable or necessary."

It may be more convenient and desirable to use the Grand Junction railroad and eliminate grade crossings than to build a tunnel or a new surface

face railroad through Chelsea and Everett.

"This plan does not necessarily contemplate the doing away with the existing harbor line now being surveyed from approximately Readville up to Waterfront."

"Combined with this railroad tunnel is the plan of furnishing cheap water for industrial purposes. The cost of water is a great element in many industries. The city of Niagara Falls gets water for manufacturing at two cents a 1000 gallons. The city of Buffalo at three and a half cents a 1000 gallons. In Boston, owing to the fact that all the water furnished is pure enough for potable or drinking purposes, the lowest cost is about eight cents a 1000 gallons, and frequently runs to 10 cents. By carrying water mains from the Charles river to both South and East Boston and utilizing also the unused supplies of the Mystic lakes and the Neponset river, water may be furnished by the port directors to industrial establishments along the water front at approximately one-quarter of its present cost. This would prove to be a tremendous item in helping to upbuild the future industries of Boston."

Would Have State Pay

Mr. McNary was asked many questions by the committee. He spoke of the Hamburg-American line using the Commonwealth pier, and upon being asked if the White Star line would calmly submit to being kept in its present quarters, he replied that the port directors could take the Grand Junction piers and further develop them. He also suggested that piers might be built on the Commonwealth flats, just inside of Castle Island. His plan shows portals for the tunnel on these flats.

The committee gave Mr. McNary assurance that the chamber would carefully consider his plans, and Mr. McNary stated after the hearing that it was very likely part of his plan would be incorporated in the report which the port directors would make to the incoming legislature. He declared the money for the building of such a tunnel as he proposes would be paid by the state.

GOV. FOSS IS WILLING

To Call Special Session of Legislature

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Gov. Foss, in a letter sent last night to Joseph Walker, his republican opponent, says that he will call a session of the legislature for the enactment of a senatorial primary bill if Mr. Walker can secure pledges from the republican members of the present general court in favor of a senatorial primary and the republican executive council consents to calling the special session.

Questions Walker

The governor's letter is the result of the Walker letter to Charles S. Bird, the progressive candidate. The governor asks Mr. Walker if he has gone over to the progressives and abandoned Senator Lodge and Senator Crane.

He also says that Mr. Walker and Senator Crane have been conspicuous in the movement toward a popular senatorial preference primary hitherto.

The letter in full follows:

"My Dear Mr. Walker: 'I am informed that you have joined Mr. Lawson in the proposal that the Massachusetts legislature should be called in special session for the purpose of providing a method by which the people of Massachusetts may express their preference upon the question of the senatorship.'

"You do not state whether, like Mr. Lawson, you are prepared to pay the whole expense of the session, or willing to join him in meeting such expense, but this point is immaterial, because sessions of the Massachusetts legislature have always been public affairs, rather than private, and the expense thereof will doubtless be defrayed in the future, as in the past, out of the treasury of the commonwealth."

Greater Importance

"Your declaration in favor of calling such a session is of greater importance, however, than the declaration of Mr. Lawson, for Mr. Bird, because, as the representative of the republican party in this campaign, you perhaps have the power to commit the republican members of the legislature to the support of the presidential primary proposal."

"By the way, I am wondering where you do stand in regard to the republican party. Are the conservative leaders, Senator Lodge, Senator Crane, Congressman Weeks, and ex-Governor Draper, back of you in your request for a special session to pass upon the question of senatorial succession? The people would be very glad to hear from these other leaders of the conservative republican party on this issue."

"Or have you gone over to the so-called progressives and abandoned Senator Lodge and Senator Crane? People interested."

"The people of the whole state are interested in this very point. They would like to know where you stand. 'Will you get Senator Lodge and Senator Crane to write me that they heartily endorse your proposition for a special session of the legislature?'

"I have been unwilling to call such a special session because the republican members of this present legislature have repeatedly refused to enact the law you now say that you want."

"You and Senator Lodge and Senator Crane have been remarkably inconspicuous in connection with the movement toward a popular senatorial preference primary hitherto."

"How do your former colleagues now stand on this question?'

"I am very glad to assure you that if you can secure pledges from the republican members of the present general court in favor of a senatorial primary, I will promptly call a special session of the legislature to be held in the fall. I shall feel that the people of the



EXTRY

NEWS OF LOWELL'S GREATEST MONEY SAVING EVENT

A Clothing Sale Without a Parallel An Event of the Greatest Economy A Marvelous Opportunity to Save Money Gigantic Money Raising Sale

This Money Raising Money Saving Sale Commences Thursday, Oct. 31st.

When we open our doors for business on THURSDAY Morning, OCTOBER 31, what is destined to be the greatest clothing sale Lowell has ever known, will have been inaugurated. We say greatest without hesitation for when we look over the preparations which have been made for this event, the clothing offered, the sacrifices made, the superiority of the values, the wide extent of goods, the low prices, all combine to form but one result—the greatest value giving Lowell has ever seen and consequently the biggest volume of business.

Limitation of Advertising Space Prevent Us Detailing All of the Great Values.

"Necessity knows no law." \$20,000.00 must be raised by King's Clothing House in the next 30 days—an unfortunate thing for us but very fortunate for the men of Lowell. Just at the time of year when we should be getting "top prices" for clothing, the open hand of Necessity is thrust out: "GIVE ME \$20,000.00 IN THE NEXT 30 DAYS," we hear, and so we forego profits, and make big clothing sacrifices in an endeavor to satisfy this appeal.

You'll buy Clothing at this sale at lower than January prices. You'll save 24 to 33 per cent. on the best offerings quoted elsewhere in the city. And to the men who must weigh the purchasing power of their money, news of this Sale will be the most welcome words they have heard in many months.

Let no one fail to benefit by our needs. The Money Raising Sale with its saving economies, will prove a benefit in thousands of homes in Lowell. Come to it.

Men's and Youths' Suits Sacrificed

When you consider that the prices below are quoted just as the buying season opens, the immensity of the savings must be apparent to you. All the season's newest models are shown in all the desirable patterns, no old stock to be foisted off—it's all new.

7.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	5.00	10.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	8.00
8.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	6.00	13.50, 15 SUITS MARKED AT.....	10
9.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	7.00	15, 18 SUITS MARKED AT.....	12.50
20.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	15.00		

Men's and Youths' Overcoats

AT A BIG SAVING

The time to buy your Winter Overcoat is now when you can make such savings as you can here. It's only such an event as a "Money Raising" Sale that would impel any merchant to share his profit on his Overcoats and mark the goods at the following prices:

7.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	5.00	10.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	8.00
8.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	6.00	13.50, 15 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	10
9.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	7.00	15, 18 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	12.50
20.00 OVERCOATS MARKED AT.....	15.00		

29c

For Fleece Lined Shirts & Drawers

Sizes 32 to 44

This is one of the greatest offerings you have ever had. Grasp it.

39c

For 50c Shirts

Here is another value no one should miss.

Mothers Save on Children's Clothes

Ordinarily it is a problem to clothe your children economically, but it is easily solved here at King's during this great Money Raising Sale. Children's Suits and Clothing has been shorn of profit—our need is your gain.

1.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	1.25	3.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	2.50
2.50 SUITS MARKED AT.....	2.00	5.00 SUITS MARKED AT.....	4.00

And So On Proportionately

15c

For Boys' 25c, 35c Bloomers

Every offering in these two lots was worth its first marking, so you can see the saving you make.

39c

For Children's 50c and 75c Knickerbocker Pants

Hundreds of mothers will take advantage of this great offering.

Men's Merino Socks..... 9c

Men's 10c Cotton Hose.... 6c

Men's \$1 Flannel Shirts 39c

TO THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL

King's is not going out of business. We are simply compelled to raise \$20,000 in 30 days. When this sale is over we will be right here to buy anything back which in the rush of selling, has not pleased you, just as though you had paid regular prices.

We want your continued good will and the quality of the goods advertised here should further our reputation for reliability. The values are simply without an equal.

Children's 10c Stockings... 7c

Boys' 50c, 75c Sweaters 39c

Boys' 25c Underwear... 17c

MEN'S \$5.00 SWEATERS \$3.00 IN ALL COLORS

This is one of the best values we ever offered at any time. It's very special even during this sale.

FOR A BIG DOLLAR'S WORTH

King's

MORE FOR SAME MONEY

SAVE ON SHOES

\$4.00 Shoes..... \$2.98
\$3.00 Shoes..... \$1.98
A Magnificent Work Shoe in tan or black
\$2.00 Shoes..... \$1.48
\$1.50 Shoes..... \$1.19

31 TO 39 MERRIMACK ST.

PLACE PATRIOTISM ABOVE PARTY.
ELECT
ROOSEVELT & JOHNSON
BIRD & COSGROVE
And the other Progressive Party Candidates.

This is A People's Fight—A Battle For Human Rights. The People Can't Afford Lavish Bill Board, Street Car and Newspaper Advertising. The People will Triumph in This Contest, however, in Spite Of The Odds.

C. E. WARE, Jr., 49 Brimmer St., Boston

commonwealth will not grudge the expenditure of \$50,000, or be obliged to fall back on either Mr. Lawson or yourself for the necessary funds. Yours very truly, (Signed) "Eugene N. Foss."

Boys Animal Shelter

BROCKTON, Oct. 30.—At the annual meeting of the Brockton Humane society last evening the following officers were elected: Miss Susan M. Deane, president; Mrs. Harry C. Briggs and Mrs. Frank Coleman, vice presidents; Miss Clara J. Wetherell, secretary; Miss Harriott G. Gardner, treasurer. The society last week purchased an estate at Brockton Heights, the building to be used as an animal shelter. Applications for membership were received from 23 persons, the largest number at any one meeting in the history of the club.

AN IMMENSE CROWD

Heard Bourke Cockran Speak in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The progressive party rally at Symphony hall last evening with Bourke Cockran of New York as the star speaker, was the largest and most enthusiastic rally that has been held by any party in this city during the present campaign. It was estimated that between 4000 and 5000 people were crowded into the hall and that between 2000 and 3000 attended an overflow meeting at 200 Huntington

avenue. People evidently came from far and near to hear Mr. Cockran.

There was singing of the progressive hymns led by an enthusiast, for as much as a half-hour before the speaking began, and this singing had the vast audience pretty well worked up when Charles S. Bird, progressive candidate for governor, walked on the platform arm-in-arm with James P. Mugan, chairman of the city committee, and got an ovation. Daniel Cosgrove, candidate for lieutenant governor, had already arrived and was greeted with about 100 prominent progressives on the platform. Bourke Cockran did not arrive until about 9 o'clock and he spoke for more than two hours.

Mr. Bird was the opening speaker, and he said he would not waste any time on the republican party as he considered that party dead, but would devote his attention to the democratic party—because it was alive—and some of his time to a consideration of "the

subsidized press," which refused to print progressive news or else distorted it when it did print the news.

His strongest plea, however, was made for the progressive party on the ground that it was the party which stood for social reform, for the future liberties and citizenship of the country; for a chance to make a living under proper conditions and for justice and liberty for rich and poor alike.

He said the progressive party was not a mere offshoot from one party, but appealed to the progressive men and women of all parties who were interested in human rights. Gov. Foss, he said, would yet find it expedient to jump from the democratic party to the progressive party as he had from the republican party to the democratic, but he would not be permitted to come into the progressive party.

On leaving the hall Mr. Bird was given another ovation. Daniel Cosgrove explained why he

was a Bull Moose—because he found in the progressive platform the things he had been looking for for years in the other platforms and could not find; the things which he believed made up real democracy. Bourke Cockran entered while Mr. Cosgrove was speaking and was given an ovation and Mr. Cosgrove brought his remarks to a close.

Col. Thomas F. Doherty then read a telegram of congratulation to Col. Roosevelt, which was approved by a rising vote of the audience and much enthusiasm, after which some young women took up a collection for the progressive cause.

Dance, Veepers Boat House, tonight.

Halloween Sweet Cider. Boyle Bros.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LIVES OF AMERICANS

Are Said to be in Jeopardy

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Increasing disorder in San Domingo and desperate street fighting in the outskirts of Puerto Plata jeopardizing American lives and property caused the navy department today to order the immediate dispatch of two warships, the cruiser Baltimore and the tender Yackton, to Dominican waters.

PRES. CODMAN

Says New York, New Haven & Hartford Road is Controlled by Hostile Interests

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Charges that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad is controlled by interests hostile to New England were made today by Edward A. Codman, former president of the Fitchburg railroad. Mr. Codman, who made his charges at a hearing held by the interstate commerce commission in complaint of New England shippers against the road, alleges discrimination in contracts for the purchase of railroad supplies.

Mr. Codman's statements were denied by Edward C. Buckland, vice president of the New Haven railroad. Mr.

Buckland said that the road was not controlled by interests outside of New England and declared that the charges of preferred contracts had been investigated and disproved.

Charles A. Peony, chairman of the commission, stated that he had been under the impression that great financial interests in New York were of the highest potentiality in the control of the railroad. He said that while he believed there had been no graft he felt that as a matter of principle the directors should not be interested in the sale of supplies to the railroad.

ATTENTION

Voters of Dracut

THERE WILL BE A SMOKE TALK AND RALLY AT HARMONY HALL, COLLINSVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 31ST, AT 8 O'CLOCK

To which you are all cordially invited. Able speakers will be present to discuss the anti-vital question, why Humphrey O'Sullivan should be elected to represent the 11th district in congress. All persons who believe that a change in the present administration is essential at the present time should be present to hear facts regarding Humphrey O'Sullivan's candidacy.

Dracut Democratic Town Committee, Jas. J. McManis.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

MERRIMACK STREET STORE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

BARGAINS

The Greatest Values Ever Offered—Our Store Filled to Overflowing

Here Are Your Prices

50 Ladies' Extra Large Tailored Made Suits for stout ladies, sizes up to 51, warranted satin lining, plain and mixtures, sold up to \$25, each.....\$10.98

100 Ladies' and Misses' Pretty Pure Wool Broadcloth Suits, satin lined, sizes 14 to 44, many blue, black and brown, value \$15, \$8.98

Odd Lot Growing Girls' Wool Suits, ages 13, 15 and 17, sold up to \$6.50, each 98c

About 78 Ladies' Choice Velvet Corduroy and Cloth Suits, mostly drummers' samples, 1-3 off regular prices, value \$30, Thursday.....\$16.98

Ladies' Heavy Caracul Coats, from \$10 to \$6.98

Ladies' Satin Quilted Lined Caracul Coats, from \$18 to \$10.98

Children's Caracul Coats, from \$6.50 to \$3.98

Ladies' Heavy Trimmed Cloth Coats, black, value \$9.....\$5.98

Children's Good Cloth Coats, from \$3 to \$1.85

300 Children's Cloth Coats, sold up to \$7, Thursday, each.....\$2.98

Ladies' Silk Seal Plush Coats, value \$20.....\$12.98

A Very Choice Line of Children's High Grade Plush (Caracul and Corduroy) Coats, all colors. Special items Thursday only.

Ladies' Heavy Flannel Robes, from 65c to 39c

Ladies' Fine \$1 Night Gowns, hamburg or lace trimmed, finest muslin, each.....49c

100 Dozen Pretty Corset Covers, hamburg or lace trimmed, from 25c to 15c

100 Dozen Children's Aviation Caps, value 50c, each.....25c

100 Dozen Princess Aprons, percale and gingham, extra large sizes, from 65c to.....39c

Tea Aprons, from 10c to 5c

Tea Aprons from 25c to 10c

Ladies' Crochet Shawls, very large, from \$1.25 to 79c

7 Cases Ladies' Extra Heavy Jersey Vests and Pants, all sizes, a piece 25c

Ladies' Pure Wool Cashmere Hose, value 19c, a pair.....12-12c

Children's Heavy Jersey Vests, from 25c to 15c

Children's Heavy School Hose, were 19c, a pair.....12-12c

Children's Heavy Wool Dresses.....98c up

Our 69c Kid Gloves as good as any we have seen for \$1.00.

Ladies' Heavy Cashmere Gloves, all colors, lined, sold everywhere for 50c, a pair.....25c

500 Dozen Black Mercerized Petticoats, 39c, 49c, 69c and 98c

Just half off regular price Sash Curtains, from 19c to.....10c

Gray Wool Blankets, from \$1.25 to.....89c

Bed Comforters at rock-bottom prices.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET			
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am Beet Sugar.....	65 1/2	65	65
Am Can.....	41 1/2	41	40 1/2
Am Copper.....	81	81 1/2	81 1/2
Am Car & Fu pf.....	119	119	119
Am Cot Oil.....	67	66 1/2	66 1/2
Am Locomo.....	42 1/2	41	41 1/2
Am Loco pf.....	108	106	108
Am Smelt & R.....	82 1/2	81	82
Am Smelt & R pf.....	107 1/2	107	107
Am Sugar Rfr.....	123 1/2	122	122 1/2
Am Soda.....	42 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Atchafson.....	107 1/2	106 1/2	107 1/2
Balt & Ohio.....	105 1/2	105	105
By Ray Trac.....	80 1/2	80	80
Canadian Pac.....	26 1/2	26	26 1/2
Cast Iron Pipe.....	19 1/2	19 1/4	19 1/2
Cent Leather.....	32	31	31 1/2
Ches & Ohio.....	80 1/2	80	80 1/2
CCC & St L.....	54	54	54
Chl & St W.....	18 1/2	18 1/4	18 1/2
Col Fuel.....	34 1/2	34 1/4	34 1/2
Del & Hud.....	17 1/2	17 1/4	17 1/2
Dis Secur Co.....	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Erie.....	33 1/2	33	33 1/2
Erie 1st pf.....	51 1/2	51 1/4	51 1/2
Gen Elec.....	180 1/2	180	180 1/2
Gr North pf.....	137 1/2	137	137 1/2
Gr No Ore pf.....	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/2
Illinois Cen.....	127 1/2	127	127 1/2
Int Mat com.....	20 1/2	20	20 1/2
Int Met pf.....	65	64 1/2	65
Int Paper.....	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/2
Kan City So.....	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
Kan City So pf.....	62	62	62
Kan & Texas.....	26 1/2	26	26 1/2
Louis & Nash.....	157	157	157
Missouri Pa.....	43 1/2	43 1/4	43 1/2
Nat Lead.....	61 1/2	61	61 1/2
N Y Central.....	114 1/2	114	114 1/2
Nor & West.....	114 1/2	114	114 1/2
North Pacific.....	124 1/2	123	123 1/2
Ont & West.....	34 1/2	34	34 1/2
Pennsylvania.....	123 1/2	123	123 1/2
People's Gas.....	119 1/2	119	119 1/2
Pressed Steel.....	38	37 1/2	38
Refrigerator.....	168	168	168
Ry St St.....	36 1/2	36	36 1/2
Reading.....	171 1/2	171	171 1/2
Rep Iron & St.....	31 1/2	31	31 1/2
Rip I & S pf.....	92	92	92
Rock Is.....	25 1/2	24 1/2	25 1/2
Rock Is pf.....	48	48	48
St L & So.....	33 1/2	33 1/4	33 1/2
St Paul.....	109 1/2	109	109 1/2
St Paul & N.....	109 1/2	109	109 1/2
St Paul & N pf.....	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
Southern Ry pf.....	81 1/2	81	81 1/2
Tenn Copper.....	41 1/2	40	40 1/2
Third Ave.....	38	36 1/2	36 1/2
Union Pac.....	189 1/2	189	189 1/2
Union Pac pf.....	89	88	89
U S Rub.....	53 1/2	53	53 1/2
U S Rub pf.....	107 1/2	107	107 1/2
U S Steel.....	75 1/2	75	75 1/2
U S Steel pf.....	114	113 1/2	114
U S Steel 5s.....	102	101 1/2	102
Utah Copper.....	42 1/2	41 1/2	42
Washakie.....	4 1/2	4 1/4	4 1/2
Westinghouse.....	82 1/2	82	82 1/2
Western Union.....	78 1/2	78	78 1/2
W & L E 2d pf.....	29 1/2	29	29 1/2

CLOSED STRONG

SLOW BUT STEADY IMPROVEMENT OCCURRED IN FINAL HOUR

Shorts Were the Principal Buyers But the Belated Support Also Encouraged Some Long Buying

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Improvement in the foreign markets resulted in a sharp rebound in prices today. Copper rose over three points with one point gain in the copper, Smelt, U. P. and N. P. Lehigh Valley, Rock Island, Reading and Steel. Initial dealings in Reading and Steel were fairly large with indications of urgent short covering throughout the active list.

Initial prices were highest for the first hour, prices falling steadily soon after the opening. Reading, Lehigh Valley, Can. Pac. and Amal. receded a point and some other gains were effaced.

London advises to the effect that Austria and Hungary had reported an agreement concerning the Balkan situation caused a violent uprising of prices at the opening here today. Can. Pac. rose over three points, with numerous one point gains elsewhere. The advance was met by heavy selling, however, which soon reduced gains to nominal proportions. Later the selling gathered greater force, cancelling virtually all the rises, sending some issues notably Steel, Smelt and St. Paul under yesterday's lowest prices. Interest was more negligible than usual, a fact attributed to the approaching elections.

Lower prices were touched in the noon hour, Reading losing three points, an extreme weakness being shown by Steel, Amalgamated and other leaders. The decline was gradual with few signs of support.

Short covering checked the decline, but the recovery was extremely moderate and trading fell off on the rally. The market closed strong. Slow but steady improvement occurred in the final hour with most stocks putting on a parity with or above yesterday's closing. Shorts were the principal buyers, but the belated support also encouraged some long buying.

Boston Market
BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The tone of the copper shares was improved at the opening of the market today. Trading was moderately active.

Stock Exchange To Close
BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The Boston stock exchange will be closed on Nov. 5, election day.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Allouez.....	39	39	39
Am Al Chem Com.....	67	67	67
Am Elec pf.....	60	59 1/2	60
Am Tel & Tel.....	142 1/2	142 1/4	142 1/2
Am Woolen pf.....	83	82 1/2	83
American Zinc.....	30 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2
Ardenal.....	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/2
Arizona Com.....	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/2
Boston & Albany.....	215	215	215
Boston Elevated.....	122 1/2	122 1/4	122 1/2
Boston & Maine.....	88	88	88
Cal & Arizona.....	76 1/2	76	76 1/2
Cal & Huelva.....	548	548	548
Copper Range.....	64 1/2	64	64 1/2
Daly-West.....	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/2
Franklin.....	10 1/2	10	10 1/2
Grainger.....	4 1/2	4 1/4	4 1/2
Granby.....	61 1/2	60	61 1/2
Greene-Canaan.....	9 1/2	9 1/4	9 1/2
Indiana.....	14 1/2	14	14 1/2
Isle Royale.....	31	30 1/2	31
Lake Copper.....	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Gas Gas.....	91 1/2	91 1/4	91 1/2
Miami Copper.....	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Mohawk.....	59	59	59
Nevada.....	21 1/2	21 1/4	21 1/2
N Y & N H.....	137	136	137
North Butte.....	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Old Dominion.....	67 1/2	67	67 1/2
Osceola.....	103 1/2	103	103 1/2
Quincy.....	11	11	11
Shannon.....	14 1/2	14	14 1/2
Superior Copper.....	39 1/2	39	39 1/2
Swift & Co.....	105 1/2	105 1/4	105 1/2
Tamarack.....	40	39 1/2	40
Trinity.....	183 1/2	183	183 1/2
United Fruit.....	83 1/2	83	83 1/2
United St M.....	63 1/2	63	63 1/2
U S Smelt.....	45	44 1/2	45
U S Smelt pf.....	50 1/2	50	50 1/2
Utah Cons.....	11 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2
Winona.....	4	4	4
Wolverine.....	7 1/2	7 1/4	7 1/2

BOSTON CURE MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Nev.....	23c	21c	21c
Boston City.....	1	1	1
Davis-Daly.....	2	2	2
First National.....	3 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Ind Home.....	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/2
Majestic.....	42c	41c	41c
Nev Douglas.....	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/2
Ohio Copper.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2
Taven.....	30c	30c	30c

Money Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Prime mercantile paper 6. Sterling exchange steady at 48 1/2 for 60 day bills and at 48 3/8 for demand. Commercial bills 48 1/2. Bar silver 50 1/2. Mexican dollars 48 1/2. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds heavy.

Money on call strong at 5 1/2 per cent; ruling rate 5 1/2, loan 5 1/2, closing bid 5 1/2, offered at 5 1/2.

Time loans strong, 60 days 5 1/2, 90 days 5 1/2, six months 5 1/2.

ROUSING O'SULLIVAN RALLIES

Candidate Made Logical Speech at Boot Mill Gate Today—Last Night's Rallies

At a big mill gate rally held at the Boot mills at the noon hour today Humphrey O'Sullivan said that if elected to congress, and he added he was sure that he would be elected, he would work for the best interests of cotton mill operatives and every other man and woman in the fifth congressional district. He said that the cotton mill wage is too small and if the wages are as good as the mills can afford to pay he will find out where the trouble is. He allowed that there was probably some deadwood around and he thought the Lowell mills should be able to compete with other mills in the country and pay better wages than are being paid at the present time.

Mr. O'Sullivan was listened to by a large crowd of men and women and it was a very attentive and very enthusiastic crowd, too. He was introduced by William F. Curtin, Esq., who said that Humphrey O'Sullivan, candidate for congress in the fifth district, is a man who sprang from the ranks of the common people; that he is familiar with the shop and bench and that he knows what it means to earn his daily bread by the sweat of his brow. "He is a man," said Mr. Curtin, "who is fully capable of filling the office he seeks, and he is the man who will fight for the best interests of the great majority. I am sure he is going to be elected and he will be one of the ablest and most influential business men in congress."

Mr. O'Sullivan was given a rousing reception as he doffed his hat and

BOOTH'S HYOMEI

Breathe it for Catarrh Physicians Prescribe it and Pharmacists Recommend it.

Stops Snuffing and Hawking Quickly Clears Stuffed-up Head and

In the morning, shortly after you awake, Dear Reader, do you have to hawk and strain to get that stubborn piece of mucus out of your throat? Get rid of catarrh now; it will grow worse as you grow older. One day of breathing pleasant, healing HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-mei) the guaranteed catarrh remedy, will give you a much wonderful relief that you will wonder why you doubted the statement that Booth's HYOMEI would end the most aggravating cause of catarrh. A hard rubber pocket inhaler and a bottle of HYOMEI and simple instructions for use is \$1. This is called the HYOMEI outfit. If one bottle does not banish your catarrh, you can get another for only 50 cents. Thousands use it for coughs, cold and croup. Sold by Carter & Sherburne and druggists everywhere.

Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

The Woman Makes the Home

She makes it best who, looking after the culinary department, turns her back resolutely upon unhealthful, or even suspicious, food accessories. She is economical; she knows that true economy does not consist in the use of inferior meat, flour, or baking powder. She is an earnest advocate of home made, home baked food, and has proved the truth of the statements of the experts that the best cooking in the world today is done with Royal Baking Powder.

Mrs. The speakers included Mr. O'Sullivan, Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., and James F. Miskella. The speakers were given a fine reception and Mr. O'Sullivan was cheered to the echo. He spoke 30 mins. He told of his own career in Lowell and complimented the French people on their good citizenship and on the progress that they have made in Lowell. It was an enthusiastic rally and Mr. O'Sullivan was very much pleased with the reception.

Rally in Methuen
The German voters of Methuen held an O'Sullivan rally last night and were addressed by Mr. O'Sullivan, Rep. Schlappe and Rev. Sanderson of Lawrence and William F. Curtin of this city.

The Playhouse
Of the many things of real merit contained in this week's presentation of Paul Armstrong's wonderful drama, "Allan Jimmie Valentine," at the Playhouse, (formerly Hathaway Theatre), by the Drama Players, none is more deserving of favorable recognition than the efforts of the producer, Kendall Weston. In his local production he has accomplished results that are indeed worthy of the highest praise. In the fourth and concluding act he has worked up a scene that has never been surpassed by any local stock company. To fully appreciate it one should be present at a performance which is given twice daily, afternoons at 2:15 o'clock and nights at 8 o'clock. Tickets in advance and assure yourself of the best seats. Box office 811.

AMUSEMENT NOTES
Lovell Opera House
For the second visit to this city this season Paul Marcel will present the three act comedy drama "L'Abbe Constantin," when he and his artists are out in song and opera house tonight in this drama.

BLANCHE KING
Blanche King has been termed by the press as her own spot light. She is famous the country over because of the inimitable manner in which she sings her songs. In her new musical comedy, "The Wall Street Girl," in which she will be seen at the Opera House, Nov. 5th, she is sure to draw one of the largest and most fashionable audiences of the season. William P. Carleton is again playing the westerner, while beautiful Miss Daisy Thompson, Charles Holly and Alice Sullivan.

"FRECKLES"
The hundreds of thousands of book lovers throughout the entire country who have read and enjoyed "Freckles," as a novel will be pleased to know that the hero of the Liberator's promises to become the greatest stage favorite of the present theatrical season.

ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO.
Giacomo Puccini's most famous as well as his most popular composition, "Madam Butterfly" with its dramatic, pathetic and beautiful story by David Belasco and John Luther Long, and its splendid musical score considered by many critics as the finest Puccini has written, will be the bill at the Opera House on Nov. 3th.

"A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL"
"The Thief" was noted for its wonderfully long scene between the two leading characters, man and wife. In "A Butterfly on the Wheel," the play

Ma-Belle, the English dancer, who, with her eight sylvan nymphs, gives spectacular dances at Keith's theatre. This week, is one of the best known performers on the continental stage. Her act is entrancing, and the work of the dance and her assistants is truly beautiful. Rube Dickinson, ex-lord of the peace, and six other good acts make up this excellent bill. Phone 25.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Breakfast

In a Good, Warm Room

PERFECTION
SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

A "warm" breakfast—the kind that sends you out ready braced for a good day's work—should be eaten in a warm room.

You lose half the good of the meal if you are shivering in discomfort while you eat it.

A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater makes breakfast a cosy meal for the whole family.

No smoke or smell with

THE RING PIANO CLUB

Now Forming a Great Co-operative Club of Two Hundred Members
in the Greatest Piano Event Ever Held in Lowell : : : : :

JOIN NOW—ACT AT ONCE

We have inaugurated the greatest event ever recorded in the history of piano selling in Lowell or elsewhere. A gigantic club of 200 members co-operating as one individual to purchase 200 new pianos—worth \$275 each—for \$162.50 each, or an actual saving of \$112.50. There are no extras of any kind, no interest, nothing to be added for stool to match and beautiful scarf, carlage, or the privilege of paying at the rate of \$1.00 per week, and club members enjoy privileges and advantages enumerated below, which are not a part of the usual buying and selling of pianos.

\$162.50

These 200 pianos will be sold, \$1 cash, then 1 dollar a week. The dollar hardly covers the opening of the account—yet the dollar payment made when you join the club is credited to your account.

The piano will be delivered immediately. You do not have to wait until the club is filled. You get your piano when you join.

The remainder is payable every week.

JUST 200 MEMBERS CAN BE ACCEPTED

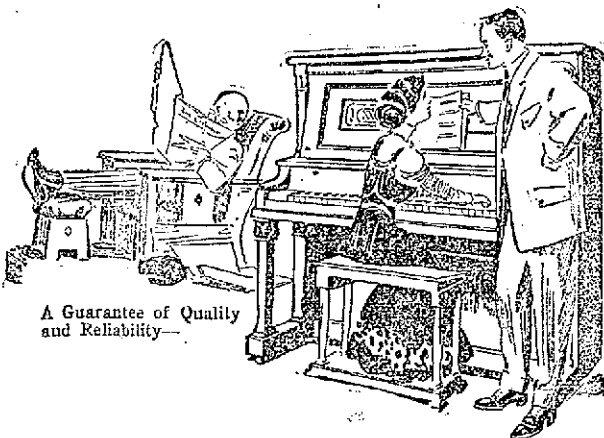
That's our entire present allotment of pianos—and the limit of membership will be speedily reached, so Join Now—ACT AT ONCE.

If after 30 days' trial the piano does not prove entirely satisfactory, we will give you your money back.

We give a 25 Years' Guarantee with every Club Piano sold, which insures you from taking any risk.

PIANOS

We carry in stock the largest and finest lot of pianos to be found in New England, including Emerson, Sterling, Ring, Huntington, Milton, Palmer and others.



These pianos are manufactured by an old established, reputable and reliable New York concern, who have been building artistic pianos since 1879. This particular piano which we are selling on club terms is the actual model that has been selling heretofore for \$275.

OUR PRICE ON CLUB TERMS IS ONLY

\$162.50

AND IS SOLD ON EASY TERMS OF

\$1 DOWN \$1 A WEEK
No Interest No Extras

A WORD CONCERNING THE RING PIANO CLUB NOW FORMING

Most pianos are sold on partial payment—85 per cent. of them—and partial payments add a bit to the cost. But in the Ring Piano Club it is different—instead of paying more than the usual all-cash price, you pay less, and not a penny for interest or any sort of extras. And yet the payments extend over a period of three years—so easy that anybody can care for them.

Is \$112.50 in real money worth saving? The value of each of these Club Pianos is \$275. The Club Terms:

\$1 CASH No Interest **\$1 A WEEK** No Extras

ACT NOW

Pay \$1, which makes you a member of the club and the piano is delivered to your home AT ONCE.

THE CLUB SAVING IS JUST THIS

Club Piano, Worth.....\$275.00
Price to Club Members.....\$162.50

Actual Saving to Club Members.....\$112.50

The saving of \$112.50 by each club member will pay for the musical education of one child for 2 years and 11 months at 75c a lesson.

PAY \$1 at joining—and get the piano into your home at once. Then pay \$1 a week as you agree on at the time of joining club. The club is positively limited to Two Hundred Members. Be in time.

THE CLUB BOOKS ARE OPEN NOW FOR MEMBERSHIP. The pianos are on display in our salesrooms, where you can see and hear them, and select one if you wish, and the piano of your choice will be delivered on your initial payment of \$1, which only covers the opening of the account, and which dollar is deducted from the amount you are to pay.

IF YOU CANNOT COME TO STORE, SIMPLY SEND CHECK OR POST OFFICE ORDER FOR \$1.00 AND SAY, "I WANT TO JOIN THE CLUB."

RING'S, LARGEST, MOST RELIABLE PIANO HOUSE
AT THE BIG CLOCK 110-112 Merrimack St., Lowell

GOVERNOR WILSON IS OPPOSED

Says That He Does Not Believe
in Free Trade—Great Crowds
Heard Him Speak

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 29.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, in three speeches filled with satirical attacks on his opponents, emphasized in North Jersey last night that he was not a believer in free trade, and that the democratic party, if put into power, did not intend to disturb the legitimate business or the prosperity of the country.

The democratic nominee declared that those of his opponents who constantly asked him to define his position on the tariff "could not read the English language." He said he had repeated time and again in his speeches his policy of cutting out of the tariff merely the special privileges lodged in it. "No thoughtful democrat," he said, "has advocated free trade."

To President Taft's statements published yesterday with regard to the panic of the early 90's Governor Wilson made an extended reply, first at Montclair, where he addressed a big audience, and again at Newark, where several thousand persons crowded the First Regiment Armory. The governor said it was wrong to attribute the panic to the tariff legislation, "because the panic started before the tariff bill was enacted."

He attributed the panic to republican currency legislation.

"I find I am invited to return to my old occupation," said the governor at Newark. "I used to be a teacher of history, and I find myself abashed at it some more. I find myself abashed in facing the necessity of teaching it to the president of the United States."

"And when the president of the United States makes himself responsible for the statement that the panic of 1893 was due to a tariff bill that

came a year afterward, and came because of Mr. Cleveland's administration, I can only express my deep regret that the president of the United States has not read the history of the United States."

"Any statement that Mr. Taft makes I believe to be made in honesty; but this statement, if he has made it, he has made in ignorance, because the panic of 1893 can be shown to have arisen out of currency legislation absolutely controlled by the republican party. The panic of 1893 was on its way before Mr. Cleveland became president and it matured merely in the first part of his administration and would have been stopped if the senate of the United States had yielded more promptly to the advice of the administration."

"One of the evidences of the weakness of the regular republican party," he said, "is its misstatements and manifestations of despair on the bill boards. They say Governor Wilson does not sufficiently define his position on the tariff. All we have to do to know Governor Wilson's position on the tariff is to be able to read the English language. In almost every speech I have heard his exact position. I made it clear in a speech in Philadelphia last night and yet one of the papers this morning in Philadelphia announced that I had declared for free trade. Only this evening I had a telegram from a man in Wisconsin saying that the Detroit Free Press had announced that I had declared for free trade. It is awkward to characterize in my reply the management of the Detroit Free Press for I have confined myself to polite language in this campaign."

"In the first place I have not heard

a single thoughtful democrat declare for free trade. I have heard every democrat declaring for a policy of going through all the schedules of the tariff and finding all the illegitimate concealed privileges and cutting every one of them out, leaving absolutely safe every sound and healthful fibre of American business."

AFTER PRISON LABOR
Five Firms Offer Bids to
Rhode Island

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 30.—Prison labor has entered somewhat into the issues of the political campaign in this state. While it is being denounced by labor union speakers, by progressive women campaigners and by State Senator Addison P. Munroe of this city, bids for the labor of the 400 prisoners in Cranston were made public today. It is said, however, that no awards will be made until after the election.

There were five bidders. The contract for prison labor was recently negotiated by the board after the Rhode Island Sterling Company had been having shirts made at the prison for six years.

The bidders today were Crescent Garment company of Trenton, makers of shirts; Glover Manufacturing Company, Appleton, Wis.; G. L. Shearer & Co., New York; and Western Fibre Reed Company, Chicago. The bid of the latter was thrown out because there was no certificate check submitted.

All bidders asked for a five-year contract and the prices range from 43 cents to 70 cents per dozen for the manufacture of shirts. The proposition of one bidder was 60 cents per day for state prisoners and 35 cents per day for jail men.

In a campaign speech today Senator Munroe said: "The system of prison contract labor which prevails in our state is the most damnable system in the state."

ANTHONY COMSTOCK
Addressed the National
Reform Association

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Anthony Comstock addressed 25 persons in Pilgrim hall yesterday before the National Reform association, which met in annual convention. Prayers for the nation's conversion to national faith, national honor, national righteousness and national goodness opened the session.

In his address on "The Crime of Christian Citizenship," Rev. J. M. Foster expressed his indignation that patient and frugal Christians are denied citizenship when so many other races are welcomed. He further said that he could not conscientiously vote for any presidential candidate whose name is before the people, since no one of them "has any Christian tendencies."

Rev. W. H. Dyns of Waltham said in his address on "Civil Government Ordained of God for Moral and Religious Ends," that when this nation fails to recognize the equality of every man, it should be executed by man and broken to pieces by God. Rev. George F. Stanton's theme was the need of religious instruction in the schools.

Mr. Comstock delivered his stereotyped speech, which is always a part of this "convention." The same old bloodhound, the same gun which went "bang, bang," the same little grocery story among the dear old hills of New England were in it, also the "moral cancer-plaster," a phrase which he has evolved and which punishes every other sentence. His address told of infamous books, pamphlets and pictures which are being spread broadcast over the land to the degradation of boys and girls. These, he said, are much more deadly than the mad dog which he killed when a lad.

The afternoon was taken up with talks on a variety of themes, including: "Why Christian Citizens Cannot Vote or Take Office Under the United States Constitution Without Sin," by Rev. S. G. Shaw, Ph. D., pastor R. P. church, West Hoboken, N. Y. The Rev. James L. Tryon spoke for the peace movement.

Woman's Alliance
"James Freeman Clarke" was the topic of an address by Mrs. Christopher R. Elliot of Boston at the meeting of the Lowell branch, Women's Alliance, yesterday afternoon, and a large number was present to enjoy the discourse. She told of his education, his public and private life, and ended with a number of delightful anecdotes, followed by a personal tribute of Rev. Phillips Brooks on the occasion of the death of Dr. Clarke.

At the close of the meeting tea was served by the hospitality committee. At a brief business session, the members of the alliance pledged themselves, in response to appeals, to assist a number of worthy movements. Miss Harriet E. Johnson will speak at the November meeting on "What a well-trained woman can do in church."

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Lowest In Price Highest In Quality

The PRICES are always \$10 and \$15 for any style suit or overcoat that suits your fancy. The QUALITY is \$15 and \$20 quality—but YOU POCKET THE DIFFERENCE because WE MAKE every garment in our own New York Tailor Shops and sell DIRECT TO YOU and thus SAVE FOR YOU the retailers' profit. AND EVERY P. & Q. GARMENT IS GUARANTEED.




You are not limited to a few styles. You will find here Fall and Winter suits and overcoats in a great variety of styles and fabrics to please the most fastidious dresser. Single and double breasted suits ready to put on, but cut and made with custom-tailor expertise. Overcoats that make you exclaim: "How can they do it at the prices?" It costs nothing to LOOK. We will not "tease" you to buy. Use your own judgment about that. But LOOK HERE before you pay out a dollar for Fall and Winter Clothing. Courteous attention whenever you care to call.

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Two
Prices

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48 Central St.

Two
Just
Prices

IMPORTERS

JOBBER

WHOLESALE

"Biggest Distributors of Wall Papers in New England"

The United Wall Paper Stores of America Located in Nelson's Dept. Store Will Sell on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of This Week

5000 Rolls Best 50c Fadeless Duplex 30-inch imported German Oatmeals (all colors) at 19c. 12,000 Rolls Best 25c Dining Room and Parlor Papers at 11c, and 7500 Rolls Best 10c Papers at 4c. These specials taken here and there from our big 250,000 stock of new fall wall papers, "Biggest Distributors of Wall Papers in New England. Stores everywhere.

LIEUT. BECKER IS SENTENCED

Justice Goff Orders That He be Electrocuted During the Week of Dec. 9

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Lieut. Chas. E. Becker, convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was today sentenced by Justice Goff to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of Dec. 9.

J. F. McIntyre, Becker's chief counsel, who suffered a nervous collapse after the close of the trial was unable to be in court today. His condition is serious, though not critical.

Becker made his appearance in court shortly before 10.30. He walked slowly to the bar and catching the eye of acquaintances among the newspapermen nodded to them with a faint smile.

"Charles Becker, have you any legal cause to show why judgment of death should not be pronounced against you?" asked the clerk.

Becker opened his mouth as if to speak, but before he could reply, John W. Hart, his attorney of record, rose to make the usual motion to set aside the verdict and to ask for judgment.

Justice Goff denied the motions and then pronounced the sentence.

Becker heard himself condemned without any show of emotion, other than the closing of his eyes and the compression of his lips.

Mrs. Becker was not in the court room proper but was waiting in an ante room to accompany him in dressing where she purpose to take up her residence during his confinement.

The prisoner and his wife, accompanied by the sheriff and deputies left the Grand Central station for Ossining at 1.15. Mrs. Becker bore up bravely. Few persons recognized them.

"I want to say this sentence was pronounced on an innocent man," said Mrs. Becker. "My husband is innocent and the whole trial and conviction was a frame-up on the part of the gamblers. He was unfairly tried and the charge of Justice Goff was not the charge of a fair judge, but was a summing up for the prosecution. My husband has not lost heart."

She denied the rumors that Mr. McIntyre was to be supplanted as the chief counsel. He will represent Becker, she said in all proceedings hereafter.

Sheriff Harbinger and his deputies

Centralville Social Club

The regular meeting of the Centralville Social club will be held this evening in the club's quarters in Lakeview avenue and the main topic of the meeting will be the annual Thanksgiving banquet, which will be held on the evening of Nov. 27. The following committee which was recently appointed to organize the feast, will report their plans to the present time: Arthur Trindle, chairman; Joseph E. Egan, secretary; Mathias Pelouquin, Hillegas, Ingham and Thomas Savard.

The dinner which is generally held at midnight, is given free to all the members and a good time is generally in store for them. This year the committee will have a few invited guests who will speak on different subjects.

Two members of the club last night met four members of the C. M. A. C. in a billiard and pool match and the result was a tie, the former winning the billiard while the others won at pool. The match was brought about after one of the members of the C. M. A. C. had boasted that he and his partner could beat any two members of the Centralville social club at pool and billiards. The match was organized and last night several members of both clubs gathered at the C. M. A. C. in Bowditch street and watched the two teams cross swords. The match proved very interesting throughout, but the C. M. A. C. were an easy mark at billiards. The two members of the Centralville social club who showed their skill at billiards were Messrs. Davis, Houde and Mathias Pelouquin. The C. M. A. C. members are two well known young men, but on account of their defeat the writer promised not to divulge their names. Another match is expected to take place before long.

Acknowledged the Corn

FALL RIVER, Oct. 29.—Charles Armstrong, 13, admitted after he had been placed under arrest here this afternoon that he had robbed Mrs. Edna Davis of 104 Broadway, New York, of \$100 worth of silverware. The latter part of September. The property was recovered. Armstrong who is six feet, four and one-half inches tall, is the thirteenth man ever brought into the central police station here.

DWYER & CO.

PAINTERS DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small at 170 Appleton street.

LET YOUR LIGHTS SHINE

Lanterns (a Job Lot, While They Last) 30c

Lanterns, Large, With Copper Reservoirs \$1.25

"Neverout" Carriage Lamps, \$3.00 (Brass or Gun Metal)

"Midget" Vehicle Lamps 95c

Globes, Wicks and Mantles For All Lights

Free Auto Delivery

See our Window Display at 404-414 Middlesex St.

The Adams Hardware & Paint Co.

Dancer, Vesper Boat House, tonight.

Christmas Tree Shop

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Preliminary to a proclamation guaranteeing portions of the New England states against the shipment of Christmas trees, railroad ties, telephone poles, plants and other products on account of the ransy and brown-tail moth ravages, the federal horticultural board today heard about 30 representatives of New England horticultural interests.

Among those at the meeting were John K. Farquhar, State Inspector; Fernald State Forester; and Albert B. Briggs, representing Massachusetts; Prof. Stein of the Rhode Island state college; William J. Stewart of Boston, and W. H. Wyman, Abington, Mass.

Lowell Man May Die

He Was Run Over by a Train

Edward Lovett, aged 31 years, residing in Irving street, was run over by a railroad train in South Framingham this morning and both legs were taken off. He was hurried to the hospital where everything possible was done to save the man's life, but little hope is entertained for his recovery.

The details of the accident are meagre and it is not known whether the fact that the train was crossing the tracks when struck.

Hallow'een Sweet Cider. Boyle Bros.

Superior Civil Court

Jury Charged in the Deering Case

The opening of this morning's session of the superior court saw a continuance of the case of Deering vs. the town of Concord, an action to recover for injuries received while passing in the vicinity of a bridge in the process of construction, in which the plaintiff, Miss Deering, alleges that she was using due care.

After a long conference of the attorneys and court, the defense began the summing up after which the counsel for the plaintiff delivered his concluding arguments. The judge then began his charge to the jury about 12 o'clock.

The case of Deering vs. the Town of Concord went to the jury shortly after noon. Up to the time of going to press no verdict had been arrived at.

At the opening of this afternoon's session the case of John J. Hyde vs. the City of Lowell, an action for recovery for injuries received in being knocked out of his automobile when the latter vehicle was struck by a car operated by employees of the Day State company was taken up.

In the declaration of the plaintiff it was stated that the latter was driving an automobile on the road of action, being No. 2 factory of the Heinz Electric Co., Lawrence street, Lowell, about 1.15 a. m. on the morning of Feb. 29, 1912, and that he was in the exercise of due care when a car operated by agents of the Day State Co., acting negligently, was driven into the automobile driven by the plaintiff, throwing out the latter and severely injuring him. Mr. Hyde claims damages of \$15,000. The defendant's answer was a denial of all the material allegations contained in the writ of the plaintiff.

Shortly after the opening of the case, the jury was taken out to view the scene of the collision.

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AT U. S. CARTRIDGE CO.

Mr. Rogers Addressed Large Crowd Today

John Jacob Rogers, republican nominee for congress in the fifth district, addressed a large number of men at the Lawrence street gun shop at noon today. The speaker was introduced by John Y. Meyers, who has officiated as chairman at all of Mr. Rogers' open-air rallies.

Mr. Rogers said, in part: "I am glad to be here to address you today, because this is the home of our present congressman; this is where he is elected, and you all know him and he has the respect of you all. I want also to have your respect, and if successful will try to serve you and the others of the fifth district in the way that Col. Ames has served you for the past ten years—giving a sincere and honest administration of affairs at Washington."

"Now while other speakers and spellbinders will tell you of the important issues of the campaign, the one that we all know without being informed by any other means, the one that we all agree is the highest question of the campaign, is the high cost of living problem. This is of more importance than the party politics and this is the problem that your congressman must assist in solving. This is the problem that I will endeavor to solve if successful in this election next Tuesday."

Textile News

Mr. Wilkinson, a prominent insurance man, gave a talk to the students yesterday concerning the bill which has just been passed; this bill is to award money to all injured employees.

The new staff of the Pickout is now working on the book which is to appear some time in March. All of the staff are kept busy in procuring advertisements and material for the book. Mr. Charles E. Schenck, the editor-in-chief of the publication, reports that the work is progressing rapidly and the students will have an unusually good book this year.

A smoker was held at the Delta Kappa Phi fraternity house last night which was attended by all of the members. The initiation will take place some time within the next few weeks at the Academy of Music.

Mr. Murray was elected captain of the football team this year. Before his election he was the acting captain of the team. The team has gone to Franklin today to play the Dean academy team this afternoon. The lineup is as follows: McGowan re; Adams rt; Cook rg; Green c; Pillsbury lt; Murray lb; Lane le; Lawrence qb; Goodell rt; Cleary lb; Baynor re.

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Christmas Tree Shop

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Preliminary to a proclamation guaranteeing portions of the New England states against the shipment of Christmas trees, railroad ties, telephone poles, plants and other products on account of the ransy and brown-tail moth ravages, the federal horticultural board today heard about 30 representatives of New England horticultural interests.

Among those at the meeting were John K. Farquhar, State Inspector; Fernald State Forester; and Albert B. Briggs, representing Massachusetts; Prof. Stein of the Rhode Island state college; William J. Stewart of Boston, and W. H. Wyman, Abington, Mass.

Dancer, Vesper Boat House, tonight.

Superior Civil Court

Jury Charged in the Deering Case

The opening of this morning's session of the superior court saw a continuance of the case of Deering vs. the town of Concord, an action to recover for injuries received while passing in the vicinity of a bridge in the process of construction, in which the plaintiff, Miss Deering, alleges that she was using due care.

After a long conference of the attorneys and court, the defense began the summing up after which the counsel for the plaintiff delivered his concluding arguments. The judge then began his charge to the jury about 12 o'clock.

The case of Deering vs. the Town of Concord went to the jury shortly after noon. Up to the time of going to press no verdict had been arrived at.

At the opening of this afternoon's session the case of John J. Hyde vs. the City of Lowell, an action for recovery for injuries received in being knocked out of his automobile when the latter vehicle was struck by a car operated by employees of the Day State company was taken up.

In the declaration of the plaintiff it was stated that the latter was driving an automobile on the road of action, being No. 2 factory of the Heinz Electric Co., Lawrence street, Lowell, about 1.15 a. m. on the morning of Feb. 29, 1912, and that he was in the exercise of due care when a car operated by agents of the Day State Co., acting negligently, was driven into the automobile driven by the plaintiff, throwing out the latter and severely injuring him. Mr. Hyde claims damages of \$15,000. The defendant's answer was a denial of all the material allegations contained in the writ of the plaintiff.

Shortly after the opening of the case, the jury was taken out to view the scene of the collision.

Hallow'een Sweet Cider. Boyle Bros.

AT U. S. CARTRIDGE CO.

Mr. Rogers Addressed Large Crowd Today

John Jacob Rogers, republican nominee for congress in the fifth district, addressed a large number of men at the Lawrence street gun shop at noon today. The speaker was introduced by John Y. Meyers, who has officiated as chairman at all of Mr. Rogers' open-air rallies.

Mr. Rogers said, in part: "I am glad to be here to address you today, because this is the home of our present congressman; this is where he is elected, and you all know him and he has the respect of you all. I want also to have your respect, and if successful will try to serve you and the others of the fifth district in the way that Col. Ames has served you for the past ten years—giving a sincere and honest administration of affairs at Washington."

"Now while other speakers and spellbinders will tell you of the important issues of the campaign, the one that we all know without being informed by any other means, the one that we all agree is the highest question of the campaign, is the high cost of living problem. This is of more importance than the party politics and this is the problem that your congressman must assist in solving. This is the problem that I will endeavor to solve if successful in this election next Tuesday."

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SPECIAL POLICEMAN WAS KILLED

Detective Stabbed During Riot Today in Front of Mill at Little Falls, N. Y.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Michael Haley of this city, a special policeman, was shot and killed today morning during a riot in front of the Phoenix mill. Trouble started when Chief Long attempted to break up the massed picketing at the mill entrance. He had an altercation with one of the strikers. A crowd soon gathered and special policemen surrounded him and clubs were soon flying in all directions. The women strikers were in the front of the massed picketing. Kennedy was stabbed from behind as he was going through the

crowd to help Chief Long. He says a woman pulled the knife on him. He is slashed in the ear and neck. Michael Haley was shot as he went through the crowd. The police claim they have the man who fired the shot. The strike leaders are being arrested. Neither of the injured men is believed to be fatally hurt. Strikers place the blame on the police and the police blame the massed picketing for the trouble. Sheriff Moon arrived at 8 o'clock to take charge of the situation as great excitement prevailed in the foreign section during the arrest of strike leaders.

A MILITARY AVIATOR HIS ANKLE FRACTURED

Was Killed When His Mr. James McPhail Fell Biplane Collapsed From a Staging

MUNICH, Oct. 30.—A military aviator belonging to the Bavarian army named Lieut. Horitz Hamburger was killed today on the aviation ground at Oberriesenfeld. Lieut. Hamburger, who had only recently been assigned to the aviation corps, was making a flight around the aerodrome in his biplane when it suddenly collapsed and fell from a height of over 200 feet. He was dead when picked up and his machine was shattered. The cause of the accident is unknown.

James McPhail, residing at 315 Brooks street, suffered a compound fracture of the right ankle as a result of falling from a staging on a house near the corner of Keene and Chappel streets shortly before noon today.

McPhail is a carpenter by trade and in some unaccountable manner fell from the staging to the ground, 20 feet below.

The ambulance was summoned and the injured man was taken to St. John's hospital.

PRESIDENT TAFT

Had a Conference With Prominent Republicans Early This Morning at Breakfast

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Before going to the Brooklyn navy yard for the launching of the dreadnought New York President Taft had an early morning conference with a number of republican leaders at breakfast. Among the friends and supporters at the breakfast were Andrew Carnegie, Otto Bannard, William Nelson Cromwell, John Hays Hammond, Samuel Koenig, former Rep. Herbert Parsons, C. D. Norton, the president's former private secretary, and Chairman Hilles of the republican national committee.

BOYS ARRESTED

They Admitted That They Stole Two Bicycles in Nashua—Returned Home This Morning

Ellsworth Frye of 325 Main street, Nashua, and Leon Hiebert of 10 Lincoln avenue, Nashua, each aged 15 years, were arrested on suspicion about 12:30 o'clock this morning by Lieut. Freeman and Patrolman John H. Clark while attempting to hire a room at the St. Charles hotel.

When brought to the police station the boys confessed to the larceny of two bicycles, the property of Norman Rogers and George Campbell of Nashua. They rode the bicycles to Wilmington, where they disposed of them, and with the proceeds of the sale the boys said they each purchased new pairs of trousers, shirts and neckties, and then took the train to Lowell.

They intended to stop in this city all night and go to Portland on Monday where they had heard they would have a good chance to secure employment.

The matter was reported to the Nashua police and the two boys were taken back to the New Hampshire city this morning.

YOUR HAIR IS FLUFFY, BEAUTIFUL AND LUSTROUS IN A FEW MOMENTS

Girls, Get a 25 cent bottle of "Danderine" and try this. Also stops falling hair

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes, but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you cure for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine. It will rid you of dandruff, and just try it.

FEEL BULLY! HEAD CLEAR, STOMACH SWEET, BOWELS RIGHT--"CASCARETS"

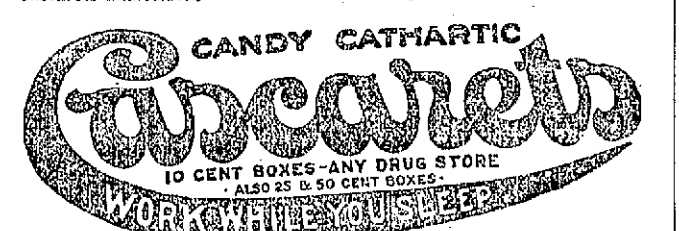
You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, and are all worn out.

Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets—or merely dosing yourself every few days with salts, cathartic pills, castor oil and other harsh irritants?

Cascarets immediately cleanse and

sweeten the stomach, remove the sour undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box will keep your head clear, your stomach sweet, liver and bowels regular and make you feel cheerful and bully for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.



BABY RESCUED BY BOY

Murphy Dashed Into a Blazing Kitchen

WORCESTER, Oct. 30.—Johnny Murphy, aged 14, son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Murphy of 8 Edgeworth street, got into the hero class yesterday by dashing up two flights of stairs to a smoke-filled tenement on the top floor of a three-decker and rescuing from her cradle in a blazing kitchen, the 8-month-old baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tates; then rushing back again and taking out two pet canaries, one of which had already been suffocated when it reached the street.

Mrs. Tates, who lived on the top floor of the house at 23 Edgeworth street, went to a store, leaving her baby girl sleeping in the kitchen, with a fire burning in the kitchen range. The range became overheated and set fire to the adjacent window. In a few minutes smoke was pouring through the windows of the tenement and flames were spouting through the shutters on the roof.

Neighbors gathered to await the arrival of the firemen in response to an alarm sent in from box 191. While the firemen were on their way, one of the women in the crowd remembered she had seen Mrs. Tates in a store, and that she had left the baby asleep in the kitchen. She shouted that there was a baby in the burning tenement.

Without waiting to consider his personal danger, the Murphy boy darted into the tenement, and after groping his way around in the smoke-filled kitchen, he located the cradle and took the baby to the street in his arms.

Somebody else remembered that the Tates family had a couple of pet canary birds that they thought a great deal of. They gave the baby to one of the women in the crowd, made a second trip to the Tates tenement and returned with a bird cage in each hand, but the inmate of one of the cages had been suffocated.

Firemen were busy for half an hour with three fires before the blaze was extinguished with a loss of \$300.

BIG SUPERDREADNOUGHT

Greatest of World's Sea Fighters Launched

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The super-dreadnought New York, the greatest of the world's sea fighters, was launched today in the Brooklyn navy yard in the presence of 40,000 persons including President Taft, Elsie Calder, daughter of Rep. William Calder of Brooklyn, and others.

To Miss Calder's great confusion and chagrin she failed to break the champagne bottle on the vessel's bow. She had practiced for several days past but for some reason or another failed to hurl it today. Instead she struck the vessel with it three times but not with sufficient force to break the glass. As the vessel was sliding down the ways, however, a man grasped the bottle, which was attached to a gay piece of rope, and swung it with such force that it cleared the New York's prow and burst with a great report on its port side.

Miss Calder was assisted by little Miss Kathleen Fitzgerald, daughter of Rep. Fitzgerald. The little miss acted as flower girl. The day was ideal for the launching and the great ship took the water of the channel without mishap.

President Taft, with Secretary Meyer, Governor Dix, Rear Admiral Schervish and others on a platform just off the starboard bow of the dreadnought. There were no speeches but a marine band quickened the pulses of the assembled thousands with a program of martial music. A wedding march was played as the ship left the ways.

J. P. Morgan was one of the honorary guests on the platform. After the launching was over President Taft attended a luncheon at the naval Y. M. C. A.

GOV. JOHNSON

Will in All Probability Wind Up His Campaign in Providence, Rhode Island

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Governor Johnson arrived here from Connecticut early today and set to work with his campaign. He is expected to be delivered at Madison square garden tonight and to catch up with his correspondence. Later in the day the governor was to arrange his itinerary up to election day. It is probable that instead of delivering his last speech in the city of New York on Monday night, the governor will close his campaign in Providence, R. I., a state which he has not visited on his tour.

Bryan Scores Roosevelt

OKLAHOMA CITY, Oct. 30.—W. J. Bryan wound up the first of a few days' speaking tour in Oklahoma here last night. In his address in Oklahoma City Mr. Bryan scored the progressive party and Theodore Roosevelt.

"I was a member of the progressive party," he was assumed to say, "and an anti-corporation man when J. P. Morgan invested five times as much money in Roosevelt's campaign as in Taft's," he declared.

Mr. Bryan will campaign today in the southwestern part of the state.

Shortage of Coal Cars

The officials of the New Haven road have sent out a request to all receivers of freight in coal cars. The following is the request:

"There is a serious shortage of coal car equipment.

"All of our connections are demanding of us a large number of our coal cars to assist them in handling the tonnage destined to points on our line; they are unable to properly supply the coal cars for the shipment of structural iron and other commodities requiring this class of car, and as the supply depends upon the prompt releasing of such cars by our customers, we earnestly request your co-operation in the immediate unloading of such equipment on arrival, giving them preference over all other equipment, thereby making it possible to furnish a better supply of cars.

"Our interests are mutual in this respect, and we are endeavoring to move and place all such cars promptly, and with your help we should be able to handle the commodities referred to promptly, thereby relieving the serious complaints which we are now receiving."

THE EVENING SCHOOL TEACHERS

Several Were Elected at Meeting of the School Board Held Last Evening

The members of the school board held a regular meeting last night, but for some reason or other they did not convene until 10 o'clock, and a half hour later they adjourned. In the course of the meeting Supt. Hugh Molloy reported on conditions in the schools, and he quoted figures in support of the school board on its action in placing a grammar master at the Riverside school. A number of evening school teachers were elected and revised rules were adopted.

Chairman Farrington occupied the chair and Supt. Molloy read the minutes of the last meeting. The following evening school teachers were elected: Industrial school: Miss Hilda Noon, Nora Sheehan and Mary Carney, teachers of dressmaking; Miss Elsie Cragin, teacher of housekeeping; Michael Donahue, machine shop practice.

Edson evening school: Misses Ann Bolton and Mildred Locke.

Colburn evening school: Miss Elizabeth Welch, Mr. James Gilligan.

Mann evening school: Misses Alice Akers and Esther Owens.

Evening drawing school: C. Frank Dupece, mechanical drawing class.

John Gallagher was chosen as teacher in the electrical course at the Industrial school, and Dr. O'Connor gave notice of the temporary appointment of Miss Mary Quirbach to the high school.

Miss Agnes G. Phelps, a permanent substitute teacher, was granted a leave of absence for one year, to pursue her studies further at the Boston Normal school.

Miss Mary Snow of the New Moody school had her leave of absence extended until January 1, and the same with Miss Grace M. Thurber until after the Thanksgiving vacation.

Mrs. Mary B. Cassidy Cunningham tendered her resignation and the same was accepted with a vote of thanks for faithful and efficient service.

A letter from Cardinal O'Connell's secretary, expressing thanks in behalf of his eminence, for the beautifully illuminated copy of the resolutions in his honor, adopted by the school board, early in the year, was read by the superintendent.

The revised rules as recently arranged by the committee on rules were presented and adopted and the secretary was authorized to have the same printed.

Before the meeting came to a close Supt. Molloy reported certain provisional transfers of grammar school pupils

for reasonable cause, and the same were approved.

The superintendent also called attention to a certain newspaper criticism in regard to the action of the board in electing a master for the Riverside school in the person of Patrick Reynolds. He said the criticism was unjustified inasmuch as it was made on the ground that the attendance at that school was small and in order to show that the act was just, he compared the attendance at the Riverside school with that at the Washington school for a corresponding period of time.

The figures were as follows showing attendance at the Washington and Riverside schools:

From Sept. 1910 to June 1911, 167 pupils.

From Sept. 1911 to June 1912, 173 pupils.

The Riverside school opened this year with 198 pupils in September and 194 during the present month.

Mr. Molloy also said he thought something should be done to provide some kind of continuation classes for the boys and girls who leave the day high school at the end of two years, as the work of evening high is elementary in character. He also said that he hoped in the future to take up in a comprehensive form the work in sewing and in penmanship.

Referring to the substitute teachers recently appointed Supt. Molloy reported as follows: All the substitutes have been doing full teachers' work since the beginning of the school year either as substitutes or teachers of overcrowded classes or of backward pupils in the various districts. "The appointment of these teachers," said Supt. Molloy, "offers an opportunity for the first time of attacking the problem of backward pupils in the Lowell schools, a problem which confronts the Lowell school situation to an exceptional degree."

Another matter upon which the superintendent reported was the selection of officers of the Girls' battalion at the high school. He spoke as follows: "Rules for the selection of officers for the Girls' battalion of the High school having been adopted at the last meeting, the selection was made since that time by competitive drill. Since this selection Mr. Irish gave the superintendent positive assurance that no one outside himself had any means whatever of knowing what list of officers might have been previously selected by the former instructor in calisthenics."

WILLIAM N. OSGOOD

Addressed Large Crowd This Noon

Mr. William N. Osgood, progressive candidate for congress, spoke this noon to a large crowd at the corner of Hall and Alden streets. The following is Mr. Osgood's speech:

"Neither of my opponents in this contest are suggesting the proper way to reduce the high cost of living. That can be effected only by curbing the power of special privilege to dominate legislation in Washington and in the state capitals. Special privilege in the mind of Roosevelt 'must be driven out of politics.' It must not control the price. It must not monopolize transportation facilities and collect exorbitant compensation from the consumers for getting the products of farmers and others to market. It must not exploit the struggling men, women and children in our factories, mines and shops.

The humanities which have been introduced into political politics by the progressive party will stay until they have been applied. No politician or speaker in any of the old parties dares to attack the various planks in our platform. The only reason that can be advanced for this is, that they are right. A national party lawless and corrupt is the only party that can be elected to effect in the various states its enactment of uniform laws which shall guard the physical, social and moral welfare of our people, and the generations that are to follow.

Duties which belong to the state to perform, if neglected by them, such as abolishing child labor, come under the state which in some instances carried on by modern corporations having interests in our own city, must be forced to be performed by such states by the public opinion of a nation expressed in a national party and through its efforts.

A Word to Mr. Rogers

Now I have a word or two to say about a certain young man, an opponent of mine named Rogers, who seems to be so deluded by his notions or by the influence of his friends that he has taken the fifth congressional district of Massachusetts has been set apart by a beneficent act of Providence for his especial benefit. He is so elated by this perverted view of the real fact that he can hardly imagine that any other citizen has a right to be a candidate against him for congress.

Having the temerity to be a candidate I want to ask this man Rogers what seems to me to be a pertinent question and which must be answered if he is the gentleman and the soldier that he is at least reputed to be.

In public he has used the following expressions: "He," meaning me, "is but a lay figure for the democratic candidate, and 'there is this alliance.' What does he mean by this alliance? Are they the words of a careful and courteous gentleman, or those of a misinformed or unscrupulous person bent upon securing an office at any cost? Does he expect to sneak into

OLD AS THE HILLS

Gum drops, the real old-fashioned drugist druggist, we have always sold, more especially as a throat relief than otherwise. In reality it is a delicious and healthful confection when fresh. We now have freshly packed and wrapped in neat little boxes the "Angela" gum drop, assorted flavors, and we promise you an delightful surprise. If you try them, Howard, the drugist, 197 Central street.

NEW YORK Cloak and Suit Co.

YOU MAKE A BIG MISTAKE

If you miss looking at our superb stock of

Suits and Coats BEFORE YOU BUY

Better styles at less prices. Service that no other store can boast of. We have special values in Suits today at \$12.75 and \$18.75. We want your opinion and comparison with suits shown elsewhere at \$5 more.

Expert fitters do the alterations. If you value the fit and style we can please you.

My, But the Coats Are Nobby This Fall

250 Swell Coats added to our immense stock today. If your mind is on a coat, step right down here. Special values this week at

\$10 and \$14.75

You will wonder at all the coats we can show you.

A Word About DRESSES

This is the Dress Store of Lowell

Our entire second floor is given over to Dresses. Everything from the House Dress at 98c to the elaborate Gown at \$100.

Special sale of Serge Dresses \$5.00

Special sale of Silk Dresses \$10

New York CLOAK and SUIT CO. Cherry & Webb 12-18 JOHN ST.

out, for it affects nearly all fraternal and benevolent organizations. Favorable replies in regard to this measure have been received from the following candidates: Senator Erson B. Bailey, Henry J. Draper, Robert Williams Drawbridge, Rep. Edward Fisher.

BETTER THAN COFFEE

Both tea and coffee contain caffeine, a drug possessing stimulating properties, but which when steadily used has an injurious effect on the nervous system.

Why not choose a drink which helps to restore the vital powers rather than one which tends to weaken them?

BORDEN'S Malted Milk IN THE SQUARE PACKAGE

consisting of rich creamy milk, with extracts of wheat and barley malt (in powder form), is a delicious and nourishing beverage. Now used by thousands in place of tea or coffee; it's more tasty, more beneficial and costs less. You will remember the pleasant taste.

Get Free Trial Package and Unusual Recipe Book from Your Druggist, or Malted Milk Department BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO. New York

COAL QUESTION WAS DISCUSSED

At Largely Attended Meeting in the Board of Trade Rooms Last Night

The rooms of the Lowell Board of Trade in the Central block were taxed to their capacity last evening when members of the Board of Trade and others interested in the prevailing coal conditions met and discussed the high prices of the "black diamonds."

Many members of the Lowell Terminal company were present, but none made reference to the purpose of the organization. Many speeches were heard, and the meeting proved interesting and exciting. Mr. A. Clark, president of the New England Retail Coal Dealers' association, was the principal speaker, and he discussed at length the high cost of coal to the retail dealers and the reasons for the prices. Charles C. Allen, treasurer of the Lowell Terminal Co., with offices in Boston, who was invited to attend the meeting, was unable to be present.

The question was asked as to why the Lowell Gas Light company has raised the price of coal, when the company is not required to pay a higher price for coal. It was suggested that the company has raised the price of coal because it is going on that the coal market will be closed later.

Mr. Clark proved well informed on the coal question, and imparted considerable information relative to

conditions, and gave as the principal reasons for the advanced prices in coal, a two months' idleness in the early spring of the coal operatives, and the lack of transportation facilities. At the conclusion of the meeting the speaker was extended a rising vote of thanks for coming to this city and addressing the meeting. No recommendations were adopted, however.

Meeting Called to Order

The meeting was called to order at 7 o'clock by Arthur L. Gray, president of the board. Mr. Gray talked briefly of the purpose of the meeting, and told of the many complaints received relative to the coal situation in Lowell. As a result, the board with the idea of being fair to all, arranged the meeting.

The president then called on Secretary John H. Murphy to explain a report which the latter had made, showing the relative prices of coal in New England cities. From its data it was shown that in many cases the coal prices are lower than they are in this city. He said that he would not discuss the Lowell prices were not mentioned, but he was willing to be on high ground, and that he found in Lowell to be 45 cents per ton, and concluded that this was excessive and a handicap to the local dealers.

Mr. Clark Speaks

W. A. Clark, the principal speaker, was next introduced, and he said: "Your secretary asked me to come here and talk about coal, and especially about the cost of coal. I take it that it is anthracite coal you desire to hear about—more generally known as hard coal—the coal you use in your houses and places. The kind that makes the dirt at your house, the kind you think hard thoughts about when you shake down the fire and get a clinker caught in the grate; the kind that makes you shiver when you put on the coal suit of overalls and clean out your ash pile."

Generally speaking the ordinary man is about alike everywhere, like the cologne baby and the other kind. We are about the same makeup wherever you find us, and when under present conditions we see the word "coal," we think of little else but how to get it. We have our winter's supply and the bill is paid, we see the word "coal," it means dirt, and work—ashes, you know.

There is more to it than these things. First, this country of 99 odd millions of people would have very long winter coal. No, I won't say that, for I have the most unbounded faith that someone or more of us would invent a way to get along without it if we had to. But, I assure you, no question in my mind but that this great country could not get on some way that would lower and transportation would all be at hand if we knew that we could never have any more coal. That

is my faith in the people of our nation.

500,000,000 Tons

There is mined in this country upwards of 500,000,000 tons of coal; of this some 80,000,000 tons are anthracite, or hard coal; the balance is known as bituminous coal—bituminous, semi-anthracite, lignite, etc.

"It is anthracite, or as you call it, hard coal, I will tell you about."

"First, practically all there is in the country is in Pennsylvania in a region covering less than 200 square miles. The coal veins lie in three separate fields, yet close together, running in a general way from northeast toward the southwest. The upper field is where the coal known to the trade as Lehigh comes from, middle and part of the southern as Lehigh, while the lower is very pure coal known to the trade as Lanes Valley. There is little comes to this section at the present time. Formerly considerable was mined in New England and known as Franklin."

Originally the country known as the anthracite coal fields was a farming region, and descendants of the original farmers still own some property in the region. In some cases receiving a royalty on coal mined. Many of the immense fortunes, for which the coal fields are famous, or infamous, came from these royalties paid through all these years past."

I noticed in the financial news lately that one of the larger companies put 10 cents per ton into a sinking fund to retire bonds. This was covering their own property, I have heard of 10 cents per ton being paid, but it is hearsay."

You know where a ton of coal is mined and gone to market that much coal property has left the owner, and it cannot be replaced. "The gone forever."

Up to about 20 years ago the concerns producing coal mined and sold coal recklessly, with little apparent thought for the future of the mines, or of the public. Back in those days the retailer with capital was able to go into the market and buy coal with his money, driving his own bargains and making his own contracts for delivery. Today, and during the past 10 years, anyway, all this has been changed."

"Nowadays the retail distributor has mighty little to say about it. He buys on a contract that is all one-sided—not his side, takes what he can get and is thankful to be allowed to exist. Let me read you a sample sale agreement or contract issued by one of the larger originating mining companies."

Orders for coal are accepted only for shipment within the month in which same is entered. If for any cause such order, or any portion of same, is not shipped within the month, the coal will be forwarded at the current price prevailing at the time of shipment, unless you request prior to such shipment cancellation of same."

"Your order is solicited subject to the terms and conditions printed on both sides of this blank."

"These prices subject to change in freight rates."

Conditions of Sale

"Terms cash on receipt of invoice. Remittance to be made by New York draft (made payable to order of) or currency, (charges prepaid)."

No contract will be considered binding until orders have been duly received and duly accepted. Price of coal will be rates as fixed by circulars from time to time, and will be charged at rates of circulars at time of shipment, regardless of date of orders."

Orders for coal when accepted will be filled as soon as possible in the regular order of their receipt. All shipments will be subject, in all respects, to the usual regulations of the railroad companies."

"All coal will be carefully weighed by competent weighers at time of shipment, and bills of lading and invoices made in conformity therewith, and no claims will be allowed for short weight. Bills of lading or other regular testimony of shipment to be proof thereof, both as regards time and quantity, and coal shall be settled for, whether the same has not arrived at its destination or not."

"If on any time the operations or business of the company, at the mines or on the roads by which coal is to be transported to place of consignment, are interrupted by floods, breaks, accidents, combinations, or by turnouts, strikes, or by casualties of any kind, the obligation of the company to deliver coal under the present contract, in whole or in part, shall be cancelled, and no liability shall accrue to the company for damages by reason of such non-shipment or otherwise."

Now, what does this mean in plain English? Just this, in a normal year, one like 1911, no shutdown on account of lower production. In March a coal dealer enters an order with the mining companies for, say, 5000 tons to be shipped after spring prices are made, April 1. He doesn't know what the price will be when he places the order. April 1st he gets an acceptance on a draft form, checked with one of these contracts, and during April they will possibly ship him a thousand tons of coal on his order of five. In May another thousand tons, but not at the same price. May coal will be 10 cents higher. In June he will get another thousand, or possibly 1500 tons, at a still higher price. July he will probably get the balance of his order filled, and at a still higher price, or 30 cents per ton more than he paid in April.

Summer Prices

Now, somehow, about the middle of April, the public has become accustomed to having so-called summer prices announced, good for all summer. What price shall this dealer make? He doesn't know what coal is to cost him, and he must do some guessing. He will strike an average that he has learned from experience is fair."

Next comes the question of cost of doing business, to be added to the cost of the coal.

One of the peculiar things in the retail coal trade is that very few retailers really know what their per cent cost to do business. I will go into that at length a little later on."

Ordinarily, years the cost of coal increases again and again until it has advanced 50 cents per ton over the April price before referred to, so that the dealer receiving coal shipped in September pays 50 cents per ton more for it than what he had shipped him in April."

After that, the larger companies do not change prices again until the following April. That, at least, has been the proceeding for the last 10 years. They did jump coal cents a few years ago, however, between these dates."

During the past 10 years there have been many changes in the trade, all making for a higher cost to the consumer. Increase in wages, at the mines to the miners, all other employees, increase all along the line between the vein 600 and 600 feet underground away over the varied route to your coal bins, and ash piles, the fellow who cleans out ashes included."

I think the only vital cost that hasn't

increased is the railroad freight rate, and the only reason that hasn't come up with the other things is that the interstate commerce commission at Washington won't let it."

Let us come down to this year and present conditions. April 1, last, all the miners stopped work—not on strike, gentlemen—but suspended labor pending a new agreement. They wouldn't stay and work and allow negotiations to go on, but just quit. Last winter, yet with remembrance of a cold hard season. The severe weather lasted an unusually long time. The demand for coal was unprecedented, with the result that all mines worked full time right up to the shut down. Generally coal mined between March 10 and April 1, is stored, and there is coal to begin the season with. But this year the coal for coal was so great that up to April 1 that the storage coal was of small account."

The shut down lasted until May 22. During this period the working forces in many cases left the regions in large numbers, and some have not returned. There is a great scarcity of labor all through the coal regions today."

There have been shut downs since for trivial reasons. One colliery shut



ARTHUR L. GRAY
Who Presided at the Meeting

down because so many men went to a ball game they couldn't run. That ball game cost the country 1200 tons of coal which the colliery couldn't ship. The miners are supposed to work on their own basis, yet one concern was shut down, and failed to mine 200,000 tons, last month because two or three men out of several thousand refused to join the union. By the way, a very large portion of the coal of the coal trade is favorable for this particular concern."

A peculiar thing about retail coal business is that everyone knows how to conduct it. Like a city fire department, the outsider knows more than the chief always."

"Presently I am going to tell you how much it costs to do business; that is a coal business from the mines to a coal bin, reminding you, however, that you pay increased butter and grain bills without calling for an investigation. How many of you know what the average family of five pays more for butter in a year than they do for coal. My barber hit me up the other day on the increased cost of coal, and I proved that my shaving bills had increased more in the last 10 years than his coal bills. I am sorry to say that one of the evils of the coal trade is that very few dealers keep an accurate cost sheet, and know exactly how and where expenses accrue. As a class they forget to add shrinkage in weight for one thing. Coal is almost always short weight in car lots, and the dealer who is a dealer in coal is told of an inland dealer who was short 131-2 tons on a lot of 500 tons bought at Mystic. Now 15 tons of coal at \$9 a ton is about a hundred dollars. All these go to make up the coal cost."

My rambling talk to you is to show you somewhat the difficulties of doing business in the coal merchant's standpoint. Of course, if it was only getting a car of coal once a year, and then going out of business, it would be a very different business to carry on."

Gets Down to Figures

"To get down to figures, I find the following to be accepted as reasonably accurate:

"There was shipped from the anthracite region in 1911, 63,854,299 tons. From where about 9,000,000 tons came to New England."

Ordinary years there is something over 2,000,000 tons in the hands of the operators April 1. This year there was practically nothing."

The mines turned out during the period from April to October:

	1911	1912
April	5,894,915	256,625
May	6,217,522	1,429,351
June	6,215,357	5,129,125
July	4,544,067	2,258,153
August	5,531,796	6,576,591
September	5,720,435	5,576,496

This year's September tonnage was 4,552,529, about four per cent, with 923-67 smaller sizes. These figures, taking into consideration that householders and retailers were unusually well stocked on April 1st, show a shortage, taking the country as a whole—of between six and seven million tons, or 10 per cent of the tonnage shipped during the year 1911."

This tonnage is mined by eight large interests who are strongly competitive in the sales of their business. Then there are a lot of independent coal producing companies, who in normal years produce perhaps eight to ten million tons. These concerns generally sell their coal wherever the best market price is paid, and just now have no difficulty in getting a handsome increase over their usual figures. Sales made recently at Mystic were \$8.15 to \$8.50 per ton on cars, and \$5.25 to \$6 at mines for all rail coal."

Your local paper published a list of prices Oct. 15th and gave prices of coal in the several places mentioned. In addition to these I have taken a number of other typical places and will give the present selling price, freight rates and coal costs."

Before going into this I will ask some of you business men to consider what net profit on a ton of coal. That is, in your opinion, what should a retail coal dealer have for profit after all expenses are paid, including interest on investment, and all depreciations are deducted, net to him to save or expend for pleasure."

Your local paper mentioned: Worcester at \$8; Haverhill at \$9; Bangor, \$8.15; Hartford, \$8; Fall River, \$8; Holyoke, \$8.50; Portsmouth, \$7.50; Lowell, \$9.50; Portland, \$8.75; Woonsocket, \$8.75.

At Worcester coal sells at \$8 and

\$8.50, the freight rate being \$2.55. This means the dealer gets \$5.15 and \$5.55. Fall River, \$8 for coal. It is not fair to compare prices, because they receive their coal by vessel, and boat rates are much cheaper than rail. This would apply to Portland, Bangor, Portsmouth and other ports."

There are other costs, however, to dealers securing coal by water that help to equalize costs."

Haverhill prices are \$9. Their rates are the same as Lowell; Holyoke has a less rail rate than Lowell, and Haverhill a very much lower rate. Woonsocket's price, \$5.75, seems an odd figure for coal, but using it I will give you the comparative figures."

It is plain to me that these figures furnish absolute proof that dealers through New England are trying to be fair, and are charging the public in accordance with costs. In many cases the figures show a loss to the dealers on present costs."

There is an element that is lost sight of by some of you, I imagine, and that is, that if you ordered your coal from a Lowell dealer at \$7.50 per ton in November, he will fill your order, no matter what it cost him. That is the custom of the trade."

Comparison of Prices

A careful comparison of prices in various cities shows that the figures at which coal is sold less the freight paid, are not as widely different as newspapers would have us think:

Lowell—\$8 and \$9.50; freight rate, \$3.35 and \$3.49; coal, \$6.10 and \$5.60.
Haverhill—\$9.50 and \$9.75; rate, \$3.25 and \$3.35; coal, \$6.10 and \$5.15.
Manchester—\$10; rate, \$2.55; coal, \$8.45.
Concord—\$10; rate, \$3.60; coal, \$6.40.
Hillsdale—\$10; rate, \$3.60; coal, \$6.40.
Nashua—\$9 and \$9.25; rate \$2.55; coal, \$5.60.
Watertown—\$8.50; rate \$3.05; coal, \$5.45. Differential supposed to exist on this.

New Haven—\$7.50, tide water point near New York.
Bridgeport, Conn.—\$7.50.
Worcester—\$8.50; rate, \$2.35; coal, \$5.75. R. & A. point where cars are returned quickly to Albany.

Fall River, \$8. New Bedford, Bangor, Portsmouth, Hartford, all tide points. Hartford, for instance, has rail rate \$2.45, while New Britain, next nearer the mine, \$2.85.

And so on all over New England prices vary from \$7.75 to \$10 and \$11 per ton for coal that you order from retailers today, because the retailer is paying retailers' prices to get the goods."

While we are looking into this, suppose we take the regular circular prices that we would have to pay under normal conditions, \$4 to \$4.49 at the mines, say \$4.25 per ton, freight is \$3.35, cost on car at Lowell \$7.60 gross ton 2240 lbs.—car weight—or practically \$7 per net ton."

The normal selling price on this would be what? Cost per ton net doing business in Lowell is about \$1.35 per ton, according to figures gathered from other places. I believe careful investigation would show them to be more."

Most people forget what goes to make up the cost of doing business. That the difference between cost of goods and the selling price must pay all expenses and profits."

Here are some, if not all the items that a coal dealer pays out money for, and some that show shrinkage in goods."

Salaries of office force and manager. Labor, including teamsters and all yard employees.

Office sundries; telephones, postage, etc.

Insurance of all kinds. State of Massachusetts has recently doubled the cost of our liability insurance.

Rents. Interest on borrowed money and on capital invested.

Feed for horses.

Shoeing and repairing. Depreciation and bad bills.

Labor increase in Lowell last 10 years 40 per cent.

Every one who buys goods from coal, groceries, meats, or dry goods, has expenses like these, and some one must pay the merchant for the output, or he will go bankrupt."

A grocer recently told me that it cost him \$12,000 per year to run a delivery team, not counting the loss of a horse now and then."

I might go on for an hour or more along these lines, but would only be going more into detail of what I have covered in this little talk, trying to show you somewhat the difficulties confronting the coal dealers of today."

When you go home from here and from now on I ask you to forget the price you pay, the dirt and ashes you clean up, and remember only the pleasure and comfort you and yours derive from the anthracite you are using in your house."

Questions Asked

The completion of Mr. Clark's address, the president announced that the speaker would answer questions relative to the topic of discussion."

Capt. White, inquired about a letter received by Mr. Clark stating that there is plenty of coal to be shipped, and wanted to know why, with the price prevailing. Mr. Clark said that the letter referred to one particular mine, which was very productive, but that western dealers were receiving the preference in orders."

The speaker was asked as to the cost of production and the cost to consum-

BREAKS A COLD IN A FEW HOURS—PAPE'S

First dose Pape's Cold Compound Relieves Grippe

After the very first dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" you distinctly feel the cold breaking and all the disagreeable grippe symptoms leaving."

It is a positive fact that a dose of Pape's Cold Compound taken every two hours until three consecutive cures are taken will cure Grippe or break up the most severe cold, either in the head, chest, back, stomach or limbs."

It promptly ends the most miserable headache, dizziness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, running of the nose, mucous catarrh, discharges, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges."

Take this wonderful compound with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance, or had other effects as a 26-cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply, or any one who asks—be sure you get what you ask for—accept no substitute—belong in every home. Tastes nice—acts gently."

A WARNING TO MANY

Some Interesting Facts Regarding Health Statistics

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot be brought back to health and strength."

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. According to health statistics, Bright's disease which is really an advanced form of kidney trouble, caused nearly ten thousand deaths in 1910. In the state of New York alone, therefore, it behooves us to pay more attention to the health of these most important organs."

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy."

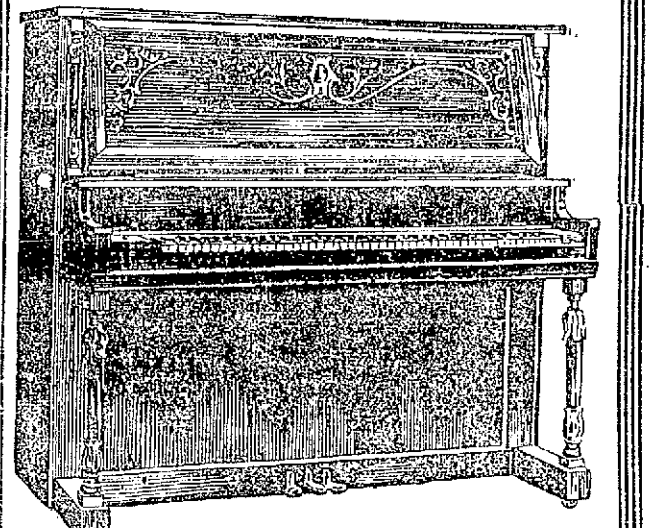
The mild and healing influence of this preparation is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of cures."

If you feel that your kidneys require attention, and wish a sample bottle, write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Mention this paper and they will gladly forward it to you absolutely free, by mail."

Swamp-Root is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.

Slaughter SALE OF PIANOS

At the Storage Salesrooms



Must be sold this week. 300 new and little-used Pianos from dealers whose names we cannot mention for business reasons, who want cash quickly, and they know they can get it at our Sacrifice Storage Salesrooms. Our cut price tag is put on them, and they go for a song. They are neither marked higher nor lower—they are sacrificed. Sometimes a Piano with an exquisite case, hand-carved with the skill of an artist, goes for a price that is really an insult to its artistic worth. Our Storage Salesroom sacrifice tag tells nothing of art—it tells only the cold fact that the Piano must be sold—sold quickly, and, of course, at a price that carries joy only to the buyer. If you want a piano bargain, see what the Roxbury Storage Salesrooms' sacrifice tag can do for you. Come quick. YOUR OWN TERMS

New and Little Used Pianos—All Makes

Kimball Upright	\$125	Kranich & Bach Upright	\$ 90
Steinway Upright	\$115	H. F. Miller Upright	\$ 85
McPhail Upright	\$ 85	Hallett & Davis Upright	\$ 90
Chickering Upright	\$ 65	Haynes Upright	\$165
Chickering Upright	\$ 55	McPhail Upright	\$ 80
Emerson Upright	\$ 75	Shumann Upright	\$175
Vose Piano	\$ 50	Doll & Sons Upright	\$250
Ivers & Pond Upright	\$ 80	Behning Upright	\$ 50

SPECIAL—Some of the NEW 88-Note PLAYER PIANOS, also some fine ones slightly used, are on our selling floors at very lowest prices.

Three years allowed to test the pianos. If not satisfied, same amount allowed on any of our 300 new pianos in stock.

\$5 DOWN—\$1 A WEEK

DELIVERED FREE ANYWHERE IN UNMARKED WAGONS

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms

Lowell Branch, 227 CENTRAL STREET, Lowell, Mass.

Open Daily and Monday and Saturday Evenings Till 9 O'Clock.

Lowell Opera House

JULIUS CAHN, Prop. and Mgr.

TONIGHT

P. Paul Marcel Co.

Presenting

L'ABBE CONSTANTIN

Price 25c, 50c, 75c. Billets en vente

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5

Coming With Another Hit

FREDERICK MCKAY Presents

BLANCHE RING

In Her Musical Comedy Success

The Wall Street Girl

Seat Sale Wednesday, Oct. 30

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2

One Night—Friday, Nov. 8

Aborn English

GRAND OPERA CO.

PRESENTING

By Special Request

Puccini's Charming

Madame Butterfly

75 In the Double Cast,

Chorus & Orchestra

Special and Artistic Society, Com-

pany and Orchestra.

Prices: Open, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00,

\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats

Nov. 5.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

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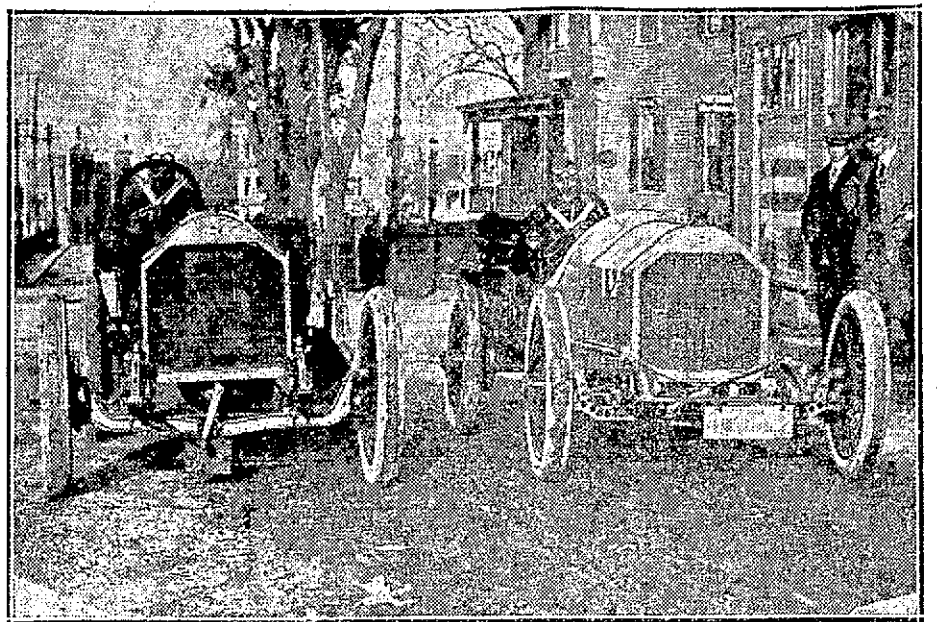
Matinee Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Matinee Wednesday

November 18, 19, 20

Harry Grant and Le Cain Were Stars at the Rockingham Meet Yesterday Afternoon



JACK LECAIN AND HARRY GRANT

Harry Grant, twice winner of the Vanderbilt cup race, and Jack Le Cain, driving Stutz cars, were the star performers at the meet held at Rockingham park in Salem, N. H., yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of a committee of Boston and Lowell automobile dealers. Grant captured the special 20-mile match race and established a track record for one mile; Cobe romped in a winner in the 10-mile event for the Rockingham park trophy, donated by the Rockingham park association, and Jack Le Cain won the 20-mile event. Three track records were shattered in the five events. There were about three thousand enthusiasts present, the weather was ideal, and there was no accident to mar the success of the affair.

The first number on the program was the one-mile trials, which was won by Harry Grant in the Grand Prix Stutz in 57 3-5 seconds, establishing a new mile record for the track. Grant rested off the first half in 27 1-5 seconds and the second half in 30 2-5 seconds. This mark was unbroken by his opponents during the afternoon. The former record of 1 minute 3 2-5 seconds was held by Charles Basle.

Albert T. Hart in the National negotiated the mile in 1 minute 4 2-5 seconds, Charles Basle in the Jackson 50 was one second slower, and Harry Cobe in the Jackson 50 made the half in 31 seconds flat and the mile in 1 minute 2 2-5 seconds.

Grant then went out in the Stutz 50 and circled the track in 1 minute 1 1-5 seconds. Dan Higgins of Worcester, in

the Studebaker 20, made the mile in 1 minute 7 1-5 seconds.

Rockingham Park Trophy

Six cars lined up at the time for the Rockingham park trophy. Le Cain was at the wheel of the Grand Prix Stutz, and Harry Grant was in the Stutz 50. Basle and Cobe drove Jacksons, Higgins was in the stripped Studebaker, and Hart was seated in the National.

At the gun Cobe jumped into the lead with Basle a close second and the two were never headed, crossing the finish line in that order. Le Cain was compelled to withdraw on the first lap when his gear shifting lever stuck, and he couldn't get into second gear. The trouble was easily remedied, however, and the machine did excellent work in the other events. Grant was the last

DOLLAR WISDOM

is the saving of a part of each dollar by spending it right.

OUR CASH SYSTEM

helps you spend it right by giving you the most for it.

Our advertisements in the BOSTON SUNDAY PAPERS

bring the opportunities to you weekly. Read them and

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Houghton & Dutton Co.

"New England's Great Cash Store" BOSTON, MASS.

man to get away in this event and was in last position for two miles but in the third he went into fourth position and on the next mile took third place and led it until the finish. Cobe's time for the five miles was a minutes 20 seconds, and for the full distance 10 minutes 54 4-5 seconds.

Twenty-five Mile Professional

The 25-mile professional race brought out the same entries, with the exception of Higgins, the limitation of piston displacement, made his small car ineligible. Cobe jumped into the lead at the gun with Le Cain second, Hart third, Grant fourth and Basle fifth. By the end of the second mile Le Cain had taken the lead from Cobe and Grant and Basle had each moved up a point. At five miles Le Cain led by about 15 yards in 5 minutes 20 2-5 seconds. Positions were the same at the end of the 10th mile. Le Cain leading by about a quarter of a mile, the time being 10 minutes 32 seconds. Grant and Cobe then began a battle royal for second position and in fact centred in this fight for it was a foregone conclusion that Le Cain would be an easy winner unless he met with an accident. At the turns Grant would gain on his opponent, but in the straight he would be shot and would make up for the distance he lost on the turns.

Le Cain crossed the tape a winner with Cobe second and Grant third. The times for each five miles follow: Five miles, 5 m 20 2-4 sec; ten miles, 10 m 32 sec; 15 miles, 15 m 49 sec; 20 miles, 20 m 52 sec; 25 miles, 25 m 46 sec.

Established New Record

George W. Downs drove over the road from Providence in his National and before he had been at the park five minutes went after a new amateur record for the mile. He covered the distance in 1 m 5 sec.

Grant Wins Special Race

Grant in the Grand Prix Stutz, Le Cain in the Stutz 50 and Basle in the Jackson 50 lined up for the special 20-mile match race. Cobe was to have driven the Jackson, but was compelled to withdraw owing to illness and Basle was substituted. Grant took the lead at the start closely followed by Le Cain and Basle was trailing behind. Basle caught Le Cain at the start of the fourth mile and held second place until the 15th mile when Le Cain passed him. On the 14th mile Basle had considerable difficulty with his machine and Grant lapped him. Le Cain lapped Basle in the 16th mile. Grant lapped Basle for the second time in the 19th mile and crossed the tape a winner in 21 m 33-5 sec. Le Cain was a good second.

The Summary:

One-mile time-trial to establish track record—Won by Harry Grant, Grand Prix Stutz, Harry Grant, Stutz 50, second; Harry Cobe, Jackson, third. Time—57 2-5s. (New record.)

Ten-mile, professional non-stock free-for-all, for Rockingham park trophy—Won by Harry Cobe, Jackson; Charles Basle, Jackson, second; Harry Grant, Stutz, third. Time—10m, 54 4-5 sec.

Twenty-five mile professional non-stock, 301-600 cubic inches piston displacement—Won by Jack Le Cain, Stutz; Harry Cobe, Jackson, second; Harry Grant, Stutz, third. Time—25m, 46 4-5 sec.

One-mile amateur time trial for track record—George W. Downs, National. Time—1m, 5s. (New amateur record.)

Twenty-mile match race, professional—Won by Harry Grant, Stutz; Jack Le Cain, Stutz, second; Charles Basle, Jackson, third. Time—21m, 33-5s. (New record.)

SHE COMMITTED SUICIDE

Woman Ended Life By Taking Gas

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 30.—Lying between her two pet cats, which had been asphyxiated by the illuminating gas fumes the body of Mrs. Adelaide E. Ingraham, 59 years old, was found at her home here yesterday.

Mrs. Ingraham, who came here from Portland, Me., some years ago, had notified her attorney of her suicidal intentions, and had made every provision for the distribution of her property. At one time she was well-to-do, but it is said that her possessions had dwindled lately.

Mrs. Ingraham's attorney, upon receipt of the letter saying she was to commit suicide, hastened to her house with a police officer. After breaking down the doors, they found the woman's body in a room between the two cats which had been her only companions.

LIVELY BLAZE

Broke Out in the Hobbin Baking House of the Lowell Shuttle Company

A lively blaze broke out in the hobbin baking house of the Lowell Shuttle Co. at the corner of Tanager and St. Hyacinth streets shortly after ten o'clock last night, this being the second fire at this place within a week. The fire was discovered before it had gained much headway and was extinguished by the firemen, who responded to an alarm from box 163, before much damage was done.

The fire started in the oven in which the enamel is baked on the hard wood bobbins. Several hundred bobbins which were in the oven were destroyed and some damage was done by smoke and water.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1912

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

ON SALE THURSDAY

LINEN DEPARTMENT

3500 YARDS

Linen Finish Curtain Scrim

38 to 40 inches wide, fine even mesh, in pure white, cream or Arab; very desirable for living room or chamber curtains. Regular 10c quality

ONLY 8c YARD

PALMER STREET

LINEN DEPT.

News from the Upstairs Bargain Table

\$3.98 Colored Wash Dresses. 49c
\$2.98 White Wash Skirts. 98c
\$7.50 White Lingerie Dresses. \$2.98
\$7.50 Children's Winter Coats (3 only). \$2.98
\$1.98 Children's Colored Dresses. 98c
\$2.98 Children's Dresses. \$1.98

"Handie" Dresses 89c for Thursday Only

We will offer Thursday morning 25 Dozen Handie Dresses at 89c each. This is for one day only, and prices will be restored Friday.

\$1.98 Middy Blouses 98c

Made in Norfolk style with striped flannel or plain colored collar and cuffs. Regular \$1.98 Middy. Thursday. 98c

\$1.50 Golf Vests 98c

Made of extra heavy yarn, colors white, red, oxford and black. Regular price \$1.50. 98c

\$1.98 Sweaters 98c

Extra fine sweaters, colors oxford and maroon only. Specially priced for Thursday. 98c

CLOAK DEPT.

SECOND FLOOR

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

Thursday Specials

GINGHAM—Two cases of fine gingham remnants, stripes and checks, 10c value. Thursday Special 5c Yard

BLEACHED DOMET—Remnants of fine bleached domet flannel; good, warm quality for undergarments; 10c value. Thursday Special 6 1/4c Yard

KIMONA FLANNEL—Kimona flannel, large assortment of patterns in all new fall coloring, 13 1-2c value. Thursday Special 6 1/4c Yard

BLEACHED COTTON—One case of remnants of good bleached cotton, full yard wide, 8c value. Thursday Special 5c Yard

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' UNDERWEAR—Misses' and children's fleeced underwear, good and heavy garment, 25c value. Thursday Special 15c Each

BOYS' HOSE—Boys' heavy ribbed hose, 12 1-2c value. Thursday Special 7c Pair

INDIAN BLANKETS—Indian blankets, large variety of patterns and colorings, \$1.50 value. Thursday Special \$1.00 Each

MEN'S FLEECE UNDERWEAR—75 dozen men's heavy fleeced lined underwear, 50c value. Thursday Special 25c Each

BLACK SATEEN SKIRTS—Skirts made of fine black cloth, nicely made, \$1.00 value. Thursday Special 59c Each

WAS SENTENCED TO JAIL RETURN OF A LETTER THE LIQUOR LICENSES

For Assault on Prison Officer

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Found guilty of assaulting Deputy Warden Nathan D. Allen of the state prison with a piece of sidewalk brick, after a lengthy hearing in the Charlestown court, yesterday, Timothy Golding alias James J. Gallagher, the ex-convict, who was recently paroled from the state prison by the prison commissioners for his good behavior, was sentenced to serve six months in the house of correction by Judge Bragg.

Golding conducted his own case and stated that he was looking for a relative in the vicinity of the prison and that he did not throw the brick which struck Deputy Warden Allen.

Golding was captured by Deputy Allen after a lively chase and a rough and tumble battle in a doorway on Chapman street.

When placed under arrest Monday night Golding was charged with drunkenness. This charge was placed on file yesterday and he was sentenced on a charge of assault and battery. Golding appealed and was held in \$500 for the superior court.

Dancing, Armory, Wed. eve, Co. C.

Brings the News of Son's Death

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The return of a registered letter from Sacramento, Cal., a few days ago was the sole messenger that told of the death of Thomas F. Stack, Jr., whose parents reside at 197 Eastern avenue, Malden. Mr. Stack, who was 33 years of age, had been in California for some years, where he was striving to build up his health. Some two weeks ago his mother mailed a registered letter to her son, but was shocked to have the massive returned marked that the addressee was dead.

She immediately got into communication with the chief of police of that place and the coroner and found that her son had died from an old ailment. He occupied a small house on the outskirts of the city and was a dog fancier. He was in moderate circumstances.

He was formerly well known in Malden and Boston as an electrician. His remains are to be shipped east.

Found Dead

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Richard E. Connell, democratic representative in congress and candidate for re-election, was found dead in his bed at his home here this morning.

Two Granted by License Board Today

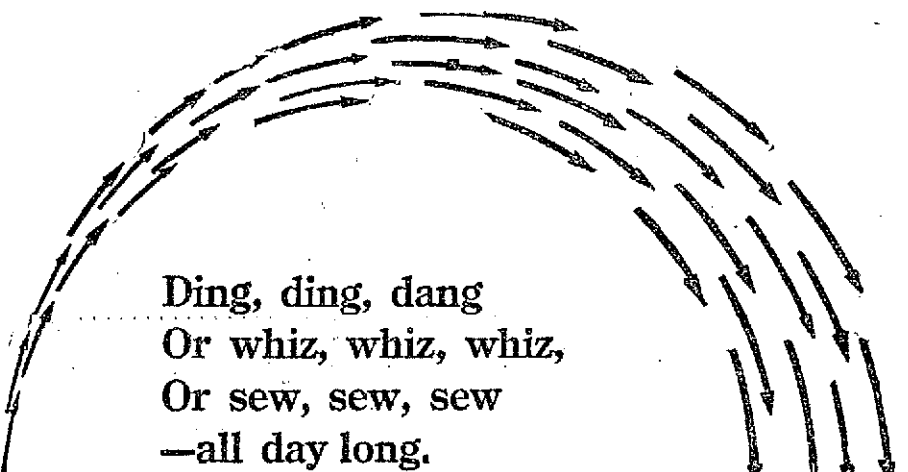
The license commissioners, at a special meeting this morning, voted to accept the surrender of the first class common victualler and fourth class dealer's license of the Joyce Company of which John Joyce is president and Charles H. Joyce is treasurer. It was also voted to refund \$1250 of the license money paid by the Joyce Co. for the benefit of its creditors.

The board granted a first class common victualler's license at 33-35 Middle street to John J. Regan and Elizabeth Regan and a fourth class dealer's license at 27-31 Middle street to Daniel E. McQuade.

Mr. Regan has been with Thomas H. Boyle in Alvermark square for a number of years and Mr. McQuade is the son of Elias A. McQuade.

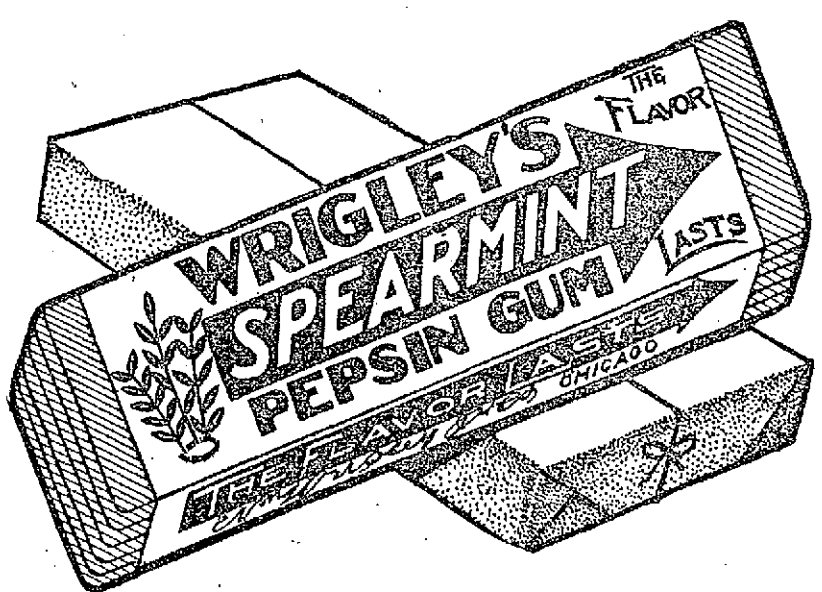
To Fight Gypsy Moth

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Various interests are represented today at a hearing before the federal horticultural board on a proposed crusade against the gypsy brown-tail moth, which have caused immense loss in New England. The board is to determine the necessity of a quarantine against certain parts of New England to prevent the spread of the pest.



Have you monotonous work?

Make minutes fly faster—make days seem brighter—make dullness disappear. Enjoy this digestion-aider, this mouth-refresher, this spirit-strengtheners:



Buy it. Try it. Enjoy it. You'll buy this smallest-cost, longest-last pastime again.

BUY IT BY THE BOX

—of any dealer. It costs little by the package but less by the box.

Look for the spear

The flavor lasts

10A

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY AND BUSINESS STABILITY

The campaign, now in the last week, is waxing quite warm locally, the congressional contest especially engaging attention. While we do not care to follow the absurd statements of some candidates on the republican side, we would caution the people against being imposed upon by appeals for support of any candidate other than democratic.

The republican party cannot break its alliance with the trusts which it brought into being and simply refuses to reduce the tariff which shelters the trusts.

The republican candidate for congress favors federal regulation of the trusts, but we have had sufficient temporizing with all such methods. The chief trouble is, that the republican party in dealing with the trusts is not sincere and it is useless to hope for any remedy from that party. It is equally useless to look to the Bull Moose party for a remedy, for Col. Roosevelt while president fostered the trusts so that at the close of his administration they were eight times as powerful as when he took up the reins of office.

The democratic party would reduce the tariff wall that shelters the trusts; it would impose a tariff where necessary to prevent ruinous foreign competition; but for revenue purposes only. The contention of the democratic party is, that the present high tariff that in many cases is prohibitive is unconstitutional when not required for the purpose of revenue. There is free trade in labor as there is no barrier to the influx of foreigners to this country with the result that in many cases, conditions such as we find in Lawrence are brought about.

But so long have the trusts and combines been accustomed to this special privilege protection, that they hate to have it reduced in any form. But as soon as they see any prospect of a reduction of the tariff they raise the calamity howl and try to scare the voters by predicting that the mills will shut down and grass will be growing upon the streets of Lowell if the tariff be reduced. Why should the mill operative pay more for what he eats, what he wears, and everything else he buys, just to fatten the pockets of his employer?

It may be of interest to those who are open to conviction upon these matters to read what Mr. E. A. Filene, a merchant prince of Boston, says upon the prospective election of Wilson and its effect upon business. He says:

"In my opinion, one thing likely to prevent the setting in of such a period of prosperity would be the re-election of President Taft, and the one thing that would make prosperity most certain would be the election of Governor Wilson. This opinion is based upon my belief that for the business world, nothing else is so important as stability. Stability is impossible with Mr. Taft as president."

On the calamity howl or the charge that a democratic victory would mean a return of hard times, it may be stated that the panic of 1891-92 and that of 1907 were republican panics. Mr. Filene on the panic question has this to say:

"Now, according to facts, the panic which was commonly known as that of 1891 might very properly have been known as that of 1890 and 1891, because it was under the McKinley tariff bill, which became a law Oct. 6, 1890, that the first sign of this disturbance appeared."

"Nor is this all. We have experienced in the past few years a thoroughly republican panic—that of 1907—which came upon us during a republican administration, under republican tariff laws, and continued well into the succeeding administration, also republican, and under republican tariff laws."

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST

Despite the assertions of the advertising bureau of Mr. Rogers, it is an undeniable fact that Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan is not now in the rubber heel business nor in any other that would deter him from giving his most energetic and devoted service to the people of this district. This talk about the company which purchased the rubber heel business from Mr. O'Sullivan does not or should not affect him. It is not true that he is in control of the new company and dividing its profits.

Mr. O'Sullivan is now prepared to devote to the interests of the fifth district the energy, the business acumen, tact and experience that brought him such success as the inventor and promoter of rubber heels.

It should be remembered that his success was the result of his own inventive genius properly handled and directed. Thousands of other men perfected inventions quite as good and as useful as his, but they did not have the business tact and judgment to put their inventions properly upon the market. In other words they lacked the business instinct necessary to attain success. As to having the rubber heels manufactured outside Lowell Mr. O'Sullivan could not afford to establish a rubber factory of his own to do this special work. The demand was not sufficient to warrant the outlay.

The question for the voters to decide in this congressional contest is to select first a man who belongs to the democratic party, to which alone the nation can now look for relief; second, a man who is absolutely free to serve the district; and third, a man whose record of business success proves that he has the ability necessary to promote the best interests of the district. The successful congressman is not necessarily a polished public speaker. Senator Crane has made very few public speeches but he is acknowledged to be one of the powers in congress from Senator Lodge. Mr. O'Sullivan being a national figure owing to his reputation as the inventor of rubber heels could exert a strong influence in support of legislation favoring this district. He has already planned to secure an appropriation for developing the Merrimack river, one of the most important projects now under consideration in the Merrimack valley. These things, we believe, should convince the voters that he is the right man to represent the fifth district in congress.

GOVERNOR FOSS WILL BE ELECTED

The condition is growing all over the state that Governor Foss will be elected by a sweeping plurality. The republican vote, it is expected, will be split about even and Foss as a result will carry the state. Governor Foss deserves election on his record of achievement. During his administration a great number of reforms were carried, among them some of the more important reforms advocated for years, such as the regulation of corporations, the Workmen's Compensation act, the eight-hour day for public employees and many others. The governor has a program of reforms which were blocked by the republican legislature and which he will probably have a chance to carry through next year with the aid of a democratic legislature. Governor Foss while in office did not follow a strictly partisan course. The republicans helped elect him and we believe they will do so again as Hon. Joseph Walker has made no impression in this campaign and Mr. Bird, the Bull Moose candidate, is not likely to be taken seriously.

Governor Foss is one of the ablest business men ever elected to the governorship and the best interests of the state demand his re-election.

WALSH OPPOSED TO THE LUCE LAW

Gov. David L. Walsh at associate hall on Monday evening made a strong statement of his position on state issues. He is strongly opposed to the Luce law in its present form, especially the provision providing the voters to declare their party affiliations and the obstacles preventing a citizen from voting secretly for the man of his choice. At the primaries he would have each voter served with the ballot of each party so that he could vote whichever he wished and tear up the others. The idea is gaining ground that the new law serves no good purpose except to give political bosses and others a line on the party affiliations of the voters. Mr. Walsh if elected will make a valuable public servant.

Anybody who listened to the convincing speech by Judge Parker must realize that the man who votes for the republican party is voting for special interests and against the interests of the people.



CRUMBLING

Seen and Heard

Some day, perhaps, that Market street bridge will be finished.

Those little American flags given out at O'Sullivan's headquarters are very neat, are pretty gotten up and are making a great hit.

"We sweat the fly today," remarked the sage of Smithfield street, "but had it not been for the fly the whole course of history might have been changed."

"As to how?" "History states that the flies were so pestiferous in Philadelphia in 1776 that the debaters hurriedly signed the Declaration of Independence and adjourned. But for the fly they might have debated until cold weather."

"Well, what would it matter if Independence Day came in November? I would matter a heap. We can't afford to lose any holiday out of the baseball season."

Veterans and near-veterans were fighting all the old battles over again on the street car. Thrilling escapes and bloodcurdling adventures had been related by the dozen when the turn came to a little old man with a long beard.

Striking this adoration carefully, the old man said: "Well, boys, the war cost me just \$200 in cold cash. I didn't want to go, so I paid a substitute the money to serve for me. Do you know that fellow went all through the war without getting a scratch? I could have done the same thing and saved my money. I tell you war is a calamity."

THOUGHT FOR TODAY

"You know of someone, do you not, Whose presence serves to make you glad, Whose coming strengthens you somewhat, And soothes the bruises you have had?"

"Is there not one of whom you say: 'The world would be a poorer place if we might never from to-day Again behold her kindly face?'"

"Experience has a very poor memory and true charity none at all."

"Doing nothing is the most slavish toll ever imposed on any one."

"Friendship calls out our utmost strength and endeavor; therefore have

Petition Denied

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—George W. Pfeiffer and 49 other petitioners of Hyde Park, who seek a writ of mandamus to compel Judge Pierce of the superior court to order an investigation of the purchase by Hyde Park of the Hyde Park Water company, were denied it by Judge Sheldon yesterday.

The petitioners claimed some time ago that the price paid was excessive and they maintained that Judge Pierce should have ordered an investigation. Judge Sheldon declared the petition "absurd and grotesque," as a petition for mandamus cannot be brought against a single justice.

Will Lose His Leg

WEBSTER, Oct. 30.—Henry Champagne, 13 years old, the son of Henry Champagne of Cross street, fell under the wheels of a locomotive while playing in the Boston & Albany yard in Jericho yesterday.

The boy was treated by Dr. Joseph M. Roy, who ordered his removal to St. Vincent's hospital in Worcester. He was placed on a train and taken to Worcester by the same locomotive that injured him while it was backing to couple cars when the accident occurred. Henry is the oldest of nine children.

Verdict Of \$2000 Against Elevated BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Dorothy D. McKinnon, administrator of the estate of Andrew H. McKinnon, received a verdict of \$2000 against the Boston Elevated Railway company yesterday in the superior court. The intestate was run over by a car at the corner of Tremont and Burney streets, June 21, 1910.

St. Vitus Dance, Falling Sickness

respond immediately to the remarkable medicine that has for over 40 years been a standard treatment for these troubles. Kline's Great Herve 62.00 Bottle Free. Kline Laboratories 45 East 20th Street New York City

Carroll Bros. Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers 38 Middle St. Telephone 1650

ELLER'S Perfect Fit Steel Ceilings SELLING AGENTS LOWELL METAL CEILING CO. 235 DUTTON STREET KITCHEN AND BATHROOM CEILINGS A SPECIALTY It is not necessary to remove old plastering. Write or phone for estimate. Open Evenings Tel. 2471

HEAD OF THE TEMPLARS

Frank L. Nagle Chosen to the Position

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Right Eminent Frank L. Nagle of Newton was elected as the 61st grand commander of the grand commandery, K. T. of Massachusetts and Rhode Island yesterday afternoon in the Masonic Temple at the 107th annual convocation of that body. He entered Masonry through the portals of Dalhousie lodge of Newton and is enrolled in Newton R. A. Chapter, Gethsemane Commandery and is a member of Massachusetts Consistory, A. A. S. R. N. M. J. 374 degree.

When the Grand Commandery assembled at 10:45 yesterday morning the chair was taken by Deputy Grand Commander Nagle, who announced that he did so owing to the severe illness of Grand Commander Lafayette G. Blair.

The other grand officers present were William W. Johnson, G. G. Walter, F. Medding, G. C. G. Frederick I. Dana, G. S. W. Samuel D. Sherwood, G. J. W. Rev. Dr. S. Perry Bush, G. P. Rev. Dr. Frederick W. Hamilton, A. C. P. Right Eminent B. Bentley Young, acting G. T.; Benjamin W. Rowell, G. R.; William H. Emerson, G. Std. E.; William J. Bolton, G. Std. E.; Charles E. Flanagan, G. W.; Everett C. Benton, G. C. of G.; Harry G. Pollard, Isaac Chase, Frank T. Pearce, Albert W. Fay, Charles R. Hunt and E. Percy Davis, G. L.; William E. Wilcox, G. S. The past grand commanders in attendance were Right Eminent George H. Allen, John P. Sanborn, Freeman C. Hersey, Dana J. Flinders, Edwin A. Blodgett, Charles I. Litchfield, Walter W. Burnham and J. Albert Blake.

It was announced that Right Eminent Arthur MacArthur, deputy grand master of the Grand Encampment of the United States, and Right Eminent Clayton J. Farrington, past grand commander of Maine, were in waiting, and a committee of past grand commanders with Generalissimo Johnson was designated to escort the noted Templars to the chamber, where they were received by the acting grand commander and accorded a welcome befitting their rank.

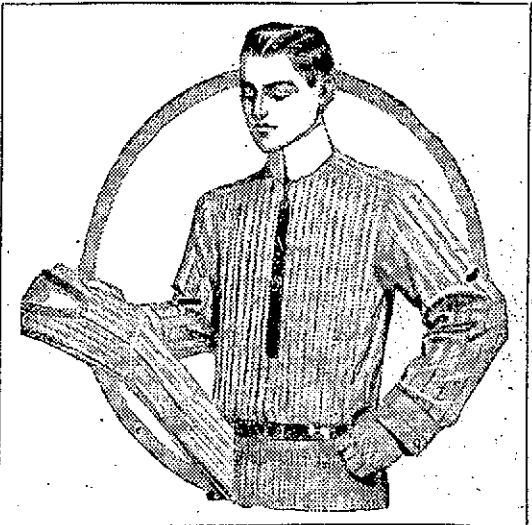
Deputy Grand Master MacArthur expressed his high appreciation of the greeting, which was both personal and official, and he said he brought the best wishes of Grand Master Mellich to the grand old commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, his deep regret at the illness and absence of Grand Commander Blair and wished that his heartfelt sympathy might be conveyed to him. Past Grand Commander Farrington voiced his gratitude for the reception and spoke of the intimate relation that had ever existed between the two grand bodies.

According to the report of Grand Recorder Rowell there are in the world 226,000 members of the order, and of these 214,177 are within the United States. The total gain has been 18,975. In this jurisdiction the membership is 17,610, divided among 47 commanderies. The total additions in the past 12 months was 519 and the losses by death 309. The net gain is 376.

To Aid in Protest BOSTON, Oct. 30.—To represent the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange in a protest against the proposed quarantine on the Christmas greenery of New England, Alton E. Briggs, executive secretary of the organization, left Boston yesterday for Washington.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET



SHIRT SALE

Fancy Shirts That Sold for \$1.50 and \$2.00, Today

95c

Mighty fine patterns from our regular stock, including all of the small lots from high priced lines. Perfect fitting, carefully finished, made from the best materials used by manufacturers. Plaited and plain fronts, of fine madras, coat style with cuffs attached. Several hundred today reduced from \$1.50 and \$2.00 to, each 95c

Here's Another Shirt Bargain

White Bosom Shirts and White Madras Shirts— Sold for \$1.00 and \$1.50..... 69c

Most of these are "Star" Shirts—you know how expensive these are. We put these on sale simply to clean house—for we have given up keeping Star Shirts. White shirts, laundered bosoms or negligee, now 69c

50 FINE ALL WOOL Coat Sweaters

Worth \$3.00, for

\$2.00

All wool worsted coat sweaters—the popular oxfords—plain or with fancy borders—the remainder of several lots of \$3.00 sweaters—now \$2.00

STOLE RIDES

Two of Trio of Runaway Lawrence Lads Found in Railroad Station at Dover, N. H.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 30.—Two of a trio of Lawrence boys who stole rides to this city in a box car of a freight train late last night had their runaway adventure cut short as the result of their raising a window of the waiting room of the passenger station here and going in to get warm.

They were heard by Night Watchman James O'Neil and were later found by him crouching behind a settee.

The boys gave the names of John Grimes, aged 14, and Anthony Smith, 13. The third boy, who did not crawl through the window was Martin Ford, 12.

Today the Lawrence police and the parents of the boys arrested were notified.

Dancing, Armory, Wed. eve., Co. C.

Large Lot of Land Sold Mrs. C. P. Nichols has sold a large lot of land near her residence on Middlesex street. The land is situated on Middlesex street near the junction of School street. The area of the land is forty-two thousand square feet and was sold for ten cents a foot. It is rumored that the purchaser of the land is Mr. Charles Nichols of Chelmsford, the proprietor of the tea store in John street. There was some flaw in the title and in order to establish a perfect title it must be put through the land courts.

No Waiting Now

As I am up to my orders. Coal and wood, all sizes, the best that money can buy, at lowest market prices. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yard Gorham and Dix Streets. Telephone 1180 and 2480; when one is busy call the other.

P. S.—We are not yet in a position to deliver any coke.

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH steam; also furnished rooms for light housekeeping, at 75 East Merrimack st. Inquire at 75 East Merrimack st.

3-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, BEST of view, separate toilet, hands to the mill, \$1.40 per week. T. H. Elliott, 41 Central st.

FEW 1 AND 5-ROOM FLATS TO let on Elm st., one 4 rooms at 14 Maple st., one 3 rooms and four flats, 3 and 5 rooms each, \$1.00 a week. 145 Cushing st. Inquire Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham st.

NICE SUNNY 5-ROOM TENEMENT to let in good repair. Apply 603 Gorham st.

NEW MODERN TENEMENT OF SIX rooms, bath and toilet; hot and cold water; gas and electric; coal and wood stored on the same night. \$14 at 714 Gorham st.

UPPER FLAT OF SIX ROOMS TO let; bath, large piazzas and yard; \$3 per week, at 41 Lane st. Inquire T. J. J. Bentley, 31 Lane st.

6-ROOM TENEMENT ON LANE ST. TO let; \$3.50 per week; bath, separate front and back doors. Inquire T. J. J. Bentley, 31 Lane st.

LARGE HOUSE OF 19 ROOMS TO let; two kitchens, two baths, large yard, open fireplace, large steam heat; cor. Lane and Liberty sts. Inquire T. J. J. Bentley, 31 Lane st.

FLAT OF 5 ROOMS TO LET; PANTY and bath, hot and cold water. Inquire at 27 Smith st.

8-ROOM HOUSE TO LET IN PAW-TUCKETT; modern conveniences; two car lines; \$11 per month. Inquire 33 Vermont ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; gas and bath in private family; suitable for one or two gentlemen; at 337 Fletcher st.; upper left hand bell.

8-ROOM SECOND FLOOR FLAT TO let; modern conveniences; one minute's walk from Highland school; three minutes from St. Margaret's church; garage if desired. Inquire R. A. O'Connell, 501 Wilder st.

FLATS OF 4 ROOMS TO LET IN Central st.; near post office; with modern conveniences. Apply 163 Central street.

PLEASANT COTTAGE TO LET; gas, toilet, city water, garden, handy to bus, cars and street cars. Price \$1.00. 25 Ray court, which runs from 546 Lakeview ave. Apply 270 Westford st.

6-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET AT 345 Stoughton st., with large yard. Rent reasonable.

STONE TO LET CORNER OF JOHN and Merrimack sts. Inquire at The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; the night; steam heat; up by the week. Inquire at 111 Middlesex st.

5 AND 6-ROOM TENEMENTS TO let; near depot; \$3 per month. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

6-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET AT 122 East Merrimack st. Rent \$17.5 a week. Inquire on premises.

SIX ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, with bath, hot and cold water, near Westford st., \$12 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

HOUSE AT 316 MERRIMACK ST. TO let. Rent low, bath and furnace. Inquire C. A. Richardson at the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

MODERN FLAT OF 5 ROOMS WITH bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, electric lights, in a desirable part of the Highlands, rent reasonable. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

DOWN STAIRS FLAT OF 6 ROOMS to let; with bath and hot water, near the corner of Westford and Foster sts. Rent \$30 a month. Apply at once to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or business office to let on second floor of the Harrington bldg., 52 Central st.

TO LET

GOOD TENEMENT TO LET TO small American family; 5 large rooms, bath, water and garden; handy to mills, cars and stores; 175 Pleasant st. Dr. cut navy yard; price \$8. Apply 270 Westford st., city.

STORE TO LET ON UPPER GORHAM st., near railroad bridge; 12x28; large glass front; rent \$10 per month. There is an opening in this locality for any of the following businesses, tailor, variety or shoe store, laundry, or most any kind of a business. Big public traffic; more than 3000 people pass the door every day. Inquire at 137 Gorham st., city.

TENEMENT TO LET WITH YARD, in Centralville; 6 rooms. Inquire 50 Dana st., cor. Allen ave. price low.

TENEMENT WITH MODERN CONVENIENCES TO LET, inquire 140 Beacon street, near Melburn st.

TENEMENT TO LET TO SMALL family; all newly papered and painted. \$8.50. 51 Sydney st.

STORE TO LET ON CORNER OF West Sixth and Lakeview ave. Inquire 123 Orleans st. Inquire 135 Orleans st. Tel. 123-5.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; steam heat, bath, \$1.25 per week and upwards. Apply Columbia, 175 Middlesex st.

SMALL TENEMENTS OF TWO AND three rooms each, off Middlesex st. to let; newly painted and papered, water, gas and sewer con.; \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per week. Geo. F. Waite, 135 Middlesex st.

TO LET

606 Westford St., 7-room flat, all hard wood floors, open plumbing, steam heat. Apply at premises or Mr. Murphy, Board of Trade.

FOR SALE

MAHOAGNY UPRIGHT PIANO FOR sale, slightly used at a low price. Call 35 Elmwood avenue, or Bridge st.

BUICK TRUCK FOR SALE; TWO cylinder truck, double chain drive, 500 lbs. capacity. Open body, about 500 miles. In good condition. Will sell cheap for cash, or trade for car or truck. Inquire to J. Van, 50 John st. Reading. Tel. 75 W.

THREE TONS OF PINE BEER FOR sale at \$10 a ton. Inquire 123 Charles st.

CASH REGISTER FOR SALE, IN good shape; will sell cheap. Apply 916 Market st.

GLENDON PARLOR STOVE FOR sale, in first class condition. 172 Elmwood st., Hudson st.

TWO GOOD HORSES FOR SALE cheap, weighing about 1100 lbs.; suitable for working or driving. Can be seen in city, at 36 Branch st., Fridays, between 12 and 2 p.m. or call Geo. E. Smith, Westford, Mass.

HORSE FOR SALE, CHESTNUT in color, weighs 1000 pounds. Good and strong. Safe for lady to drive. Well broken and would make an ideal animal for either driving or light delivery purposes. Inquire Collins, the Florist, Gorham st.

Burn Wood Now, Coal Is High I have a good supply of all kinds of cord wood, saved if desired. A. A. Brown, 72 Inland st. Tel. 222-9

Parisian Steam Dye House We will be pleased to have you bring your wearing apparel, ladies' or gents' for dyeing, cleansing and repairing, in the best possible manner at short notice. Give us a trial order, we will please you.

253 AIKEN STREET

Mary A. Holmes at 321 Middlesex street.

A common victualler's license to Frederick L. Vance at 513 Bridge street.

A license to conduct a skating rink at the Casino to Cushing and Bunker, the proprietors of the Casino.

A license to sell ice cream, confectionery, fruit, etc., on the Lord's day, to Elizabeth Pinner at 87 Fourth avenue.

A license to maintain an express wagon to Harry Harris of 10 Stone street.

The following licenses were surrendered and cancelled:

The license of Omar LeBeau to conduct an intelligence office at 325 Middlesex street.

The license of Elizabeth Pinner at 129 Fourth avenue to sell ice cream, confectionery, fruit, etc., on the Lord's day.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LAWLESS NOONEN'S HAIR STAIN 25c. Black, brown, blue, wholesale; Lowell Pharmacy, Noonan's, Store's, Moody's.

DOCTORS TALK WITH MAIDEN, wife and mother. Facts every woman should know. 25c a cheap pamphlet, but a book of 250 pages, illustrated, bound in good cloth; gold title; sent in plain wrapper, postpaid; price \$1.00. Regent Mills Co., Dept. A, Box 1835, Boston, Mass.

EXPERIENCED LADY TEACHER wishes to give private instruction to persons who desire to improve themselves in any branch of English language; special attention given to mathematics, spelling, penmanship and bookkeeping. Apply Teacher, 197 Appleton st., suite.

STEVE LINCOLN, GRAVES, CENTERS, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of ranges, carried in stock and furnished at short notice. Bring sign and name of stove or telephone. 177-1 Quins Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning \$1. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road. Tel. 212-5.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS Lice on children. Exterminates head lice, moth (clothes), fly, poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burdick's.

LINDBORGH, CHIMNEY EXPERTS Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 123 Bridge st. Tel. 513-1.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

DRINK GLORIA FOR HEALTH! Good everywhere.

MIDDLESEX MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 81 Middlesex st., Lowell. We may be consulted with reference to every existing disorder, chronic or acute, and we will correctly diagnose and provide treatment successful in result. In our estimation the affection is capable of cure. The remarkable success of our specialist in diseases peculiar to women, is due to the judicious selection of the best methods of treatment from every school of practice. Surgical operation seldom required. Consultation in person or by letter entirely free.

LOST AND FOUND

SMALL BLACK POCKETBOOK lost Monday night, between Central and Inland sts., containing \$10 bill and change. Reward at 7 Pleasant st. Mrs. H. McNulty.

BLACK BAG CONTAINING SMALL sum of money, lost between St. Alden and Bridge st. Finder return to 15 West Ninth st. Reward.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH AND FOR lost, Oct. 27th, from St. Joseph's cemetery to the electric car, at Inland and Bridge sts. Return to Eva Bourke, 768 Merrimack st. Reward.

PAIR OF GOLD GLASSES LOST between Fayette st. and Inland st. Concepcion school. Return to 1 Rockland court, off Fayette st.

Bright, Sears & Co.

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE Separate rooms \$1 per month for regular storage. The dry, cool and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. P. Prunty, 355 Bridge st.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

candidate for representative in the 13th district.

Relative to the matter of eliminating the danger at the railroad crossing, Superintendent Henry C. Robinson of the Southern division of the Boston & Maine railroad met the local board of selectmen at the Bennett Hall station. There is a flagman at the crossing to warn people of the approach of a train, every day except Sunday, and because

there are but seven trains in a day over this branch, it is not deemed advisable by the authorities to install the system of bell warning. The superintendent did agree to have a flagman at the crossing on Sundays hereafter, and that extra night trains will make what is known as a "know nothing" stop at the crossing. This will insure safety to all.

The "Willing Workers" of the North

HELP WANTED

DRUCKLAYERS WANTED—MILLIN, ocker, Maine. Fare paid within 100 miles of job and time paid while traveling in working hours. J. A. Greenleaf, Auburn, Me.

EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT SEWING and made wanted; with references; wages \$5; no upstairs work. Tel. 631. Lawrence charges paid.

WOMAN WANTED TO DO SCRUBBING and general cleaning. Must be neat and clean. John Meyer Thread Co., 1495 Middlesex st., Lowell, Mass.

EXPERIENCED TABLE GIRL wanted at once. Apply 5-6 Dutton st.

GIRL WANTED TO WORK IN crockery store. Apply 12 Central st.

YOUNG MAN WANTED AT ONCE to work in shoe store. Apply at Traveler Shoe Store, 163 Central st.

SHOEBERS WANTED AT ONCE. Stevens st., near Middlesex. New houses.

EXPERIENCED OUTSIDE CUTTERS wanted, also experienced pattern makers to work in shoe store. Apply at Traveler Shoe Store, 163 Central st.

CHAMBER GIRL WANTED AT ONCE. Apply 50 Lee st.

WOMAN WANTED TO CARE FOR child. Inquire 14 Union st.

TWO LOOPER GIRLS WANTED on the factory; steady; wages \$10 a week. Inquire Lawrence Knitting Co., Methuen, Mass.

PROTESTANT NURSE GIRL WANTED; wages \$4; experienced and reference required; must be over 25 years old. Tel. 631, Lawrence.

FEMALES EARN \$8 TO \$12 WEEKLY at home during spare time, mailing circulars. For particulars, send 10c, which we return. Write to Mrs. Wm. A. Droste Co., 374 D St., Trumbull ave., Detroit, Mich.

ENERGETIC SALES AGENT WANTED, to establish headquarters in and about Lowell, for the sale of the following: 1. L. Townsend, 42 Copeland st., Boston, Mass.

MAIL CARRIERS, POST OFFICE clerks wanted, \$40 month. Lowell at the Western House, first street above Merrimack Square Theatre, Gent's board, \$2.50; ladies' board, \$2.00.

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD; two or more years old; good care. Mrs. Williams, Huron st., Kenwood.

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD; 6 months and older; good place in country; best care. Mrs. Corn Mayberry, 1201 First st., near Blinnier; take Lawrence car.

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD at a good place in the country. Address Mrs. Frederick Morke, Kenwood, Dracut, Kirby st., cement house.

ROOMERS AND BOARDERS WANTED at the Western House, first street above Merrimack Square Theatre, Gent's board, \$2.50; ladies' board, \$2.00.

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HELP WANTED

HELPERS WANTED—APPLY Charles Hanchett Co., 511 Middlesex st.

ELDERLY WOMAN WANTED TO care for house; one wishing good home more than wages. Apply Mrs. John Zippa, 403 Broadway.

BOYS WANTED

For singing department; also Loopers. Learners taken. Apply Middlesex Co., Warren St.

WEAVERS WANTED

Apply Talbot Mills, North Billerica, Mass.

LASTERS WANTED

Four Nigger Head Operators, 2 Machine Pullers Over, 2 Machine Pounders, 2 McKay Sole Layers and 4 girls to assemble for lasters. Derry Shoe Co., Derry N. H.

STITCHERS WANTED

Three Closers and 3 Stayers wanted at once. Derry Shoe Co., Derry, N. H.

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LEGAL NOTICES

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by The Chelmsford Odd Fellows Building Association, a body corporate under the laws of Massachusetts, at Chelmsford in the County of Middlesex, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to The Central Savings Bank, a corporation established under the laws of said Commonwealth, and located at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, dated December 24, 1906, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 275, Page 257, will be sold at public auction, for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage deed, on the premises hereinafter described, on Thursday, the 11th day of November, 1912, at three o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described, substantially as follows:

A certain tract of land with the buildings thereon situated in the central part of Chelmsford, in said County, containing a tract of land of about 700 square feet and being and comprising the same premises conveyed to said The Chelmsford Odd Fellows Building Association by Benjamin E. Fiske, Jr., his deed dated July 31, 1893 and recorded in said Registry Book 24, Page 46, reference to which may be had for a full and complete description of said premises in said deed, as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone bound on the highway about eighty (80) feet from the corner of the line running easterly by my other land about one hundred eight (108) feet to another stone bound; thence turning and running southerly to the line of my other land about fifty-five (55) feet to said brook; thence turning and running in a westerly direction on said brook about one hundred (100) feet to said highway; thence turning and running northerly on said highway about eighty (80) feet to the corner of the line running easterly by my other land about one hundred eight (108) feet to another stone bound; thence turning and running southerly to the line of my other land about fifty-five (55) feet to said brook; thence turning and running in a westerly direction on said brook about one hundred (100) feet to said highway; 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